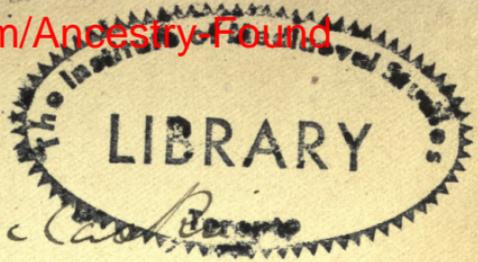


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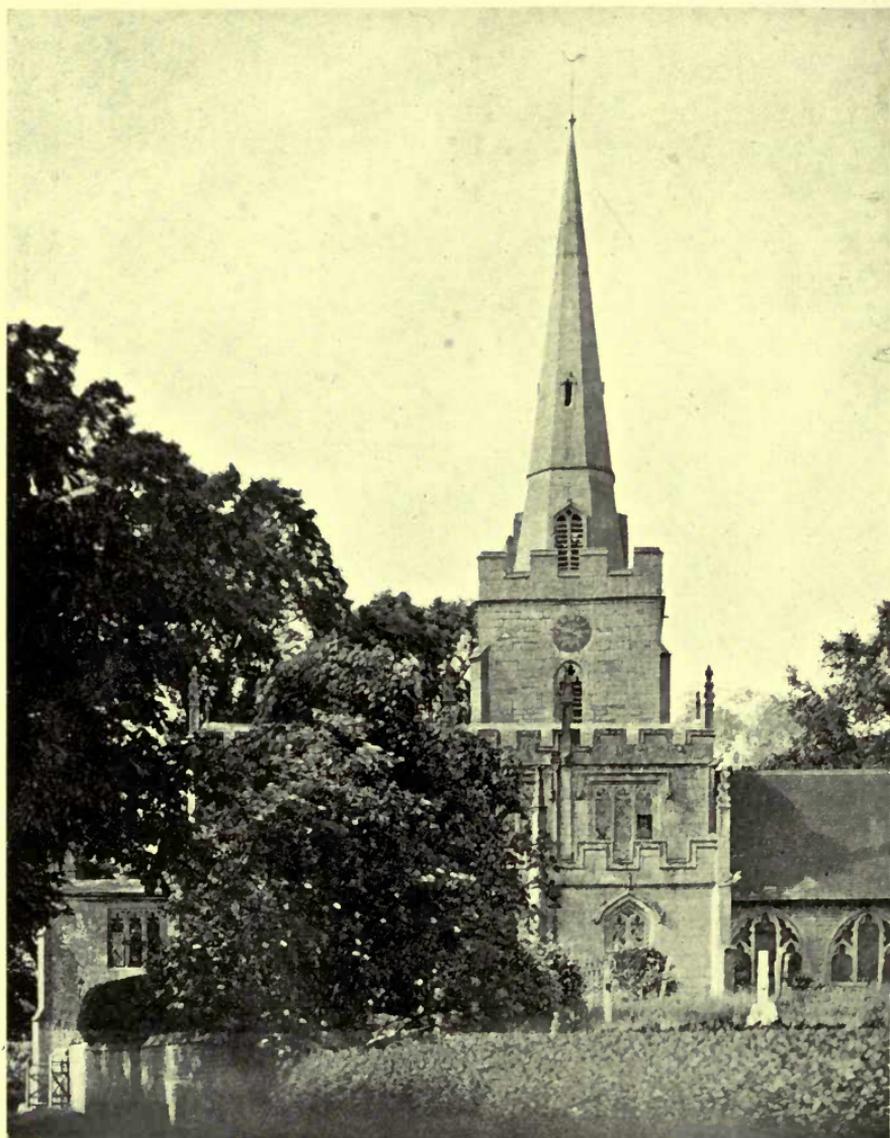


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printed for presentation & review.*

*A single copy has been printed
on Japanese vellum.*



LAPWORTH CHURCH

FROM THE SOUTH

MEMORIALS OF
A WARWICKSHIRE PARISH

MEMORIALS
OF A
WARWICKSHIRE PARISH

BEING PAPERS MAINLY DESCRIPTIVE
OF THE RECORDS AND REGISTERS
OF THE PARISH OF LAPWORTH

BY
ROBERT HUDSON

WITH A LARGE-SCALE MAP OF THE PARISH,
PLAN, AND 17 ILLUSTRATIONS

Ay, now am I in Arden

As You Like It

METHUEN & CO.
36 ESSEX STREET W.C.
LONDON

1904

TO
J. H.

EDITORIAL NOTE

ROBERT HUDSON was born in 1834 at Pocklington, in Yorkshire. At the age of twenty-seven he came to reside in Lapworth, and here he remained until his death in 1898.

A resident in the parish for nearly forty years, one of its Churchwardens for twenty years, Chairman of its latter-day Parish Council, and one of its Charity Trustees—all that pertained to Lapworth, whether past history or present duties, had for him a keen and abiding interest. Thus it came that he explored the old chests in our church, and gave his leisure for many years to the happy labour of deciphering their time-worn contents. What he discovered from his examination, how he made the scraps of yellow parchment to yield up their story, is (with much else relating to the parish) set forth in this volume.

The MS. was almost finished when the Author died, and the book now appears practically in the form in which he left it. Some few additional facts have been noted here and there, mainly because they seemed helpful in bringing the record up to the present time. If mistakes are found (and it is vain to suppose that no mistakes have crept in), the blame for them attaches to the Editor alone, who, with little knowledge of parish history and small fitness for his task, has sought as best he may to fill up blanks and determine marginal queries which were found now and again in the MS., and has finally, after a delay which no one can regret so much as himself, seen the volume through the press.

EDITORIAL NOTE

Criticism on one point may perhaps be forestalled by a sentence as to why the book contains no general index. To furnish a complete index would add enormously to the bulk of a volume made up so largely of proper names. An abridged index, omitting these names or giving only a selection of them, would be of little or no value. Besides, the two main Appendices (Nos. I. & II.) in some sort serve the purpose of indices, since they give the date under which every name appears in the deeds and registers, and should thus enable reference to be made to the various sections of the book wherein such person or family may be expected to figure.

Apart from this prefatory note, the Editor himself is responsible for one additional page. He believes, with a confidence little removed from knowledge, that in dedicating the volume to her whose initials stand on that page, he writes only what his father would have written, in his own minute and beautiful hand, if the working-day had been but a little longer.

LAPWORTH, June 20th, 1904

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NOTE.—*It was originally intended to append to this book a complete Calendar of the Deeds of the Lapworth Charity Trustees (circa 1190-1502), with full notes and elucidations. But to do this would have added so much to the bulk of the volume that it has been determined instead to present the Author's MS. of the Calendar of Deeds to the Reference Department of the Birmingham Free Library. It will be available there for all time to anyone who, after reading this book, desires fuller information as to the Lapworth Deeds.*

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*The views marked * are from photographs taken by Mr. F. S. Reynolds of Olton, near Birmingham, to whom the Editor here expresses his warm thanks and great indebtedness.*

The sketches of the seals, parish chest, deed box, and stone in churchyard wall were made for this book by Ernest W. Hudson.

INTRODUCTORY

There is not an acre, I think I may say, in England, certainly there is not a parish or a manor, that has not its place in English history . . . and there is not, I think, an intelligent person in England who is not in one way or another a sharer in such interests of tradition if he would or could realise it. By realising your own personal connexion with these, you realise your historical relation to the progress of your country, and, by working out the details of the local or personal history in which you are so interested, you may yourselves largely contribute to the ascertaining of historical truth in detail. Every parish must have a history, every parish has a register, every person has a parish.

STUBBS. *Medieval and Modern History*

INTRODUCTORY

LAPWORTH, situated in the heart of what used to be called the "Forest of Arden," and just within the parliamentary division of South Warwickshire, having no railway station of its own,¹ and no main road passing directly through it, is in the enviable position of being

Not wholly in the busy world, nor quite
Beyond it.

It is near enough to the railway to make the neighbouring towns of Birmingham, Warwick, Leamington, and Stratford-on-Avon easily accessible, and far enough away to retain its own quietness. It has probably undergone less change in recent times than most of the rural villages of Warwickshire; and, except that it begins now to be dotted here and there with the red brick of the modern country-house, it remains a parish of cottages and farmsteads, so widely scattered and isolated that strangers still, quite innocently, ask the way to Lapworth when they are in the middle of it. Even by the church there are only some three or four houses within sight of each

¹ Since this was written, Kingswood Station, on the Great Western line, has been changed in name to Lapworth Station.

other. The "semi-detached" house is almost unknown to us. We stand practically on the same level as the centre of Birmingham, about 450 feet above the sea, and the graceful spire of our church forms a conspicuous landmark. Through our parish, indeed, extends one of the central watersheds of England, so that we find streams quite near to each other, of which the one sends its waters, by way of the Lapworth and Henley-in-Arden brooks, to the Alne, the Arrow, the Avon, the Severn, and so into the western sea, while the other goes eastward to the North Sea by way of the Blyth, the Trent, and the Humber.

The parish has an area of 2,984 acres, and a rateable value (1895) of £6,775.¹ By the census of 1891, it had 617 inhabitants, whereas in 1831 it had 656, so that its tendency for at least the last half-century has been to decrease.² The evidence of its parish registers goes to show that for the last two centuries it has been almost stationary. It is not known to have been the birthplace of any noteworthy person, or the scene of any remarkable event. If, therefore, the village that has no annals is, like the nation in similar case, happy, it should be an ideal place to live in; and, as a matter of fact, there would be no difficulty in finding parishioners ready to maintain that it is so.

This book is not an attempt to give the parish any annals. It does not profess to be a history. Its aim

¹ In 1904 the rateable value was £7,182.

² In 1901 the population is set down as 723. A good number of new houses had been built in the parish during the preceding decade.

is the more modest one of setting out, under the name of *Memorials*, a sort of parish scrap-book, by means of which may be retained in something like order and legibility, and securely fastened down as it were, the village records and the odds and ends of papers (very fragmentary many of them) which in the course of seven centuries have accumulated, and, by the providence which watches over things least cared for of men, have survived in our parish chests. In the lapse of so long a time, no matter how placidly the current of village life may ordinarily have flowed, it would be strange if there had not been exceptional seasons when relics were cast ashore which are still worth picking up and looking at.

It has been mentioned in books of local history that Lapworth possessed parish records which went further back than those of most other Warwickshire parishes, but certainly it has not been known that they went back into the twelfth century—the earliest of them belonging to the reign of Richard I.—and that from that time forward there is hardly a score of years at any time which has not left some trace of itself. No systematic examination of these has previously been made by anyone. If the task which has now been undertaken by a parishioner, quite inexperienced in such work, should be found to be, as he fears, performed very imperfectly, and be wanting in what an expert would have supplied, he will still hope for lenient judgment. It is certain that intimate local knowledge is very desirable, if not indeed absolutely necessary, for the performance of such work, and the possession of that qualification may to some

extent counterbalance the want of others. A very long residence in the parish, and the circumstance of his having for many years filled the office of churchwarden, and been permitted, by the courtesy of the trustees of the parish charities, free access to their papers, have afforded the writer facilities for his inquiries which must have been lacking to a stranger, however otherwise better qualified. Further, he has done, whether well or ill, what no one else had any inclination to do.

Some readers may think that he has given too much space to, and perhaps dwelt at tedious length upon, the deeds of the pre-Reformation period, concerned, as they are for the most part, with trivial buyings and sellings, exchanges and bequests of little plots of the parish lands. He has, however, in this been largely influenced by the belief that labour which extends our knowledge, in any detail, to the period before the establishment of parish registers, and tells us, even if it be no more than the names, of those who lived here in the centuries that had then already passed into the darkness, is not bestowed in vain. He thinks, indeed, that all names which can be rescued from the preceding time are so much clear gain. Between the parish register and the generations that passed away unregistered (*ignotique longâ nocte*) there is in nearly every parish a great gulf fixed. In this parish, at any rate, there have been brought into the light and fairly written down some four hundred names of men and women who lived here, or were more or less intimately connected with Lapworth, in the course of more than three centuries

<http://stores.ebay.com/Ancestry-Found>

and a half before, in 1561, that record was begun. And a careful study of their names and of the bits of land they owned has now and again, as will be seen, brought to light little pieces of family history probably quite as extensive and interesting as any that will survive of most of us when we shall belong to a past as distant as theirs is from us.

It is surely of interest to see the long continuance of names here in the pre-Reformation period, and their final disappearance; to see that it has been no uncommon thing for families to take root here and abide their two, three, or even more centuries, and leave no trace of themselves except on some bits of parchment now at last deciphered, or in the name of a field or a lane, of which name the significance has long been utterly forgotten; or again to see from the comparatively modern parish register how the old order has changed, how it is no longer the landowner in our parish whose name has long continuance, but names of humbler families, descended, perhaps, from those who were his serfs. We have not in the parish now one single landowner whose family record here goes back a century, while of the labouring class we have several who bear names, and those not common names, which have appeared steadily and without intermission in the parish register for well-nigh the whole time of its existence.

This point of view will be illustrated by two of the appendices, in which are set out—

1. A list of all the names that occur in the pre-Reformation deeds (1190–1502), arranged in the order of precedence, as to dates, in which they are found.

2. An index showing in tabular form every surname that occurs in the parish registers (1561-1860), and indicating the respective decades of each century in which the name appears.

The latter is of curious interest in giving at a glance the duration of families in the parish, showing what families were here together, how names have disappeared for a longer or shorter time and then reappeared, indicating doubtless in many cases the return of descendants to the home of their fathers, and in many other ways is very suggestive. It is believed that such an arrangement has not been set out for any other parish.

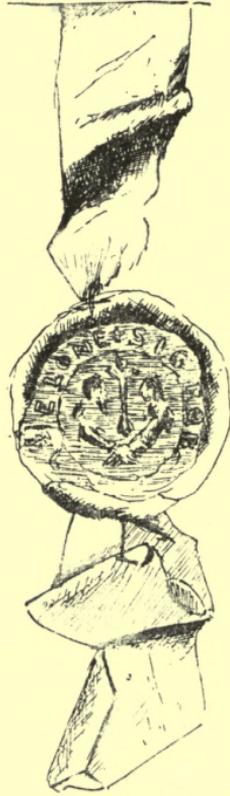
The increased interest which is now taken in parish registers and the organised efforts that are being made to further the printing of them, gratifying as they are, will require many years to produce any sensible impression on the enormous mass of such registers, and we may suppose the tendency will be to print the more important registers first. But, as an interim arrangement, such an index as ours is a good deal better than nothing, and much more easily and cheaply produced than a complete print. It also shows much that the complete print itself would not show.

If neighbouring parishes were similarly treated, each would add immensely to the value and the interest of the other. If what has now been done for Lapworth in this particular should stimulate anyone who has access to the registers of his own parish, and more especially any of the neighbouring clergy, to do the like, the writer can assure such fellow-

labourer that he will find his task by no means wanting in interest.

.

One word more in closing these introductory remarks. Much that follows, in what has almost unconsciously grown to be a book, was cast at first into the form of lectures, and delivered here to the writer's fellow-parishioners. Lapworth people naturally took a warmer and more appreciative interest in matters relating to Lapworth parish than strangers can be expected to take. None the less, there is matter in the volume which may well interest even those whose ill-fortune it is to be unrelated to our parish. The directness of address which the form of lectures involved has been purposely retained to a considerable extent, notwithstanding that such lectures have been enlarged by the addition of much new matter, and that documents are here printed entire which were then only described or given in brief extract.



Seal of deed, 1337
Thomas Purfrey to Henry Bossebý
(with a reference to land of William Stýkemon)

FROM THE EARLIEST OF THE PARISH
RECORDS (*circa* 1190) TO THE
TIME OF THE BLACK DEATH (1349-50)

“ . . . from the dust of old oblivion raked.”

HENRY V.

MEMORIALS

OF A

WARWICKSHIRE PARISH

CHAPTER I

FROM THE EARLIEST OF THE PARISH RECORDS (*circa* 1190) TO THE TIME OF THE BLACK DEATH (1349-50)

IN undertaking to tell my fellow-parishioners and neighbours something about "Bygone Lapworth," I have ventured to assume that there is a desire amongst most people to learn what may be learned about the history of the place in which their own lot happens to be cast, and that we of Lapworth are likely to have more interest in the past of our own village than in that of neighbouring villages. These other villages may be quite as interesting in themselves, but they are not so interesting to us. The fact that we walk these lanes, and wander about these fields and beside these brooks, and worship in this church which has looked down upon so many generations, creates and encourages a wish to know something of those who did so before us in the centuries

that are gone—something, even if it be no more than their names.

Now there happens to have been preserved in our parish an exceptionally large number of parchments and papers which hitherto have never undergone any careful examination, and it is of these that I wish to give some account. I think, indeed, that anyone who undertakes such a work performs a pious office for his parish, and though I have discovered nothing of a very exciting character, I have yet found so much which seemed at least worth notice, that my embarrassment has been to know what to reject.

The Parish Registers begin with 1561, when Elizabeth had been on the throne three years; but we owe it to the accident of our having "parish charities" that records have survived, connected therewith, which go back to a much more distant period. The earliest of them has been pronounced on high authority to be fully seven hundred years old. It is a time so distant that, when we read descriptions of village life in those days, we can hardly realise that we are living in the country which they describe. If it were possible for any of us to be dropped down into the Lapworth of seven hundred years ago, we should see that the church—a church, at any rate—stood then where it stands now. This is certain, because the very earliest deed we have tells us who was then rector of it; but it is also pretty clear that it was a church without spire or tower—a smaller, lower, and altogether more insignificant-looking building than our church is now. We should find the roads, if we could recognise them as roads, taking generally the course they take to-day,

and the brooks flowing in precisely the same beds, though not through enclosed, but through open fields. But, apart from these main features, all would be strange to us: the poor mud-built hovels, without chimneys or windows, which had to serve as human habitations; the teams of eight oxen dragging their small ploughs; the half-clad labourers, their wives and children, with less of comfort about them than the cattle of to-day—all would seem, indeed, incredible.

And yet there have survived from these distant times some few things which are absolutely unchanged; old parchments, namely, which were handled, written, read by, and were subjects of lively interest to, the parishioners of Lapworth of those days. These we can still decipher and to some extent understand if we have patience enough. There is, indeed, something solemn in the thought that these relics of our predecessors (whose bones crumbled into dust in our churchyard centuries ago) have lain unknown, but sheltered by the same roof, close beside generation after generation of churchgoers, waiting to be looked at and spoken to, and able to speak feebly back again. There can be little doubt that ever since these deeds became the property of the parish they have been kept inside the church.

Probably few small rural villages possess such a long series of documents relating to their own parish. These documents fall naturally into two groups—first, those before the Reformation, and, second, those which follow that great event.

The earlier group consists of about a hundred and twenty small parchment deeds. They nearly, but not

quite, all relate to sales, gifts, or other dealings with land in Lapworth, Nuthurst, or the immediate neighbourhood, and although no longer of any value as evidence of title, there is no doubt that the larger number of them refer to land which still belongs to the Lapworth Charity Trust, or to land which at some former time did belong to it or to the church. Some few, however, are not of this character, and it is difficult to understand how they have come to be preserved in the parish chests. These hundred and twenty deeds or thereabouts are spread, as to date, over nearly all the reigns from (it is believed) that of Richard I. up to the latter part of the reign of Henry VII., a period of over three hundred years. There are, for instance (admitting that the years of the earlier and undated deeds are to some extent conjectural)—

of Richard I.	1
of John	1
of Henry III. and of Edward I.	7 ¹
of Edward II.	4
of Edward III.	about 50 ²
of Richard II.	9
of Henry IV.	4
of Henry VI.	22
of Edward IV.	10
of Henry VII.	9

At the period to which the very earliest of these belong, it was not customary to date deeds of this

¹ It is very doubtful to which reign one or two of these belong.

² This large number is, of course, to be accounted for mainly by the fact that Edward III. reigned for fifty years.

Sciatis p̄sentel et fuerit q̄d ego p̄ ad mare scallus dimisi et concessi et hao p̄sentor carta mea
confirmandu. Gualfrido fil̄ Alexandri v̄ram dimid uirgata t̄re in Lapworth cū mesuagio et
om̄ib; p̄mentis p̄dēt̄ dimid uirgata t̄re p̄mentib; excepta grana. Illam saliceo dimid uir
gata qm̄ cum do Boleū hūit et tenuit. habendam et conuendim de me. et de heredib; meis ille
ille et heredes sui Libe et quicor et honorifice. p̄cedendo iude amūctem in ul̄ heredib; meis ille
vel heredes sui. duos sol. et vi. s. ad v̄res t̄m̄nos. ad festū s̄c̄i ayschaet. x. s. ad purificacōnem
beate marie. x. s. et ad pentecostē. x. s. Pro hac concessione et confirmacōne dedit in p̄dēt̄. G.
xl. sol. in recognicōne. Et ego p̄ ad mare scallus et heredes mei p̄dēt̄ t̄ram cū p̄mentous p̄
victo. G. et heredib; suis cont̄ om̄s hōies et feminas p̄parantizalimus p̄ p̄dēt̄ sūco. Salus forinsico
sūco d̄m̄ p̄. Et ut hoc concessio et confirmacō p̄dēt̄ sūco. Salus forinsico
mei munimine p̄boradi. Dus Testib; Es p̄dēt̄ ecc̄ie de Lapworth. Ioh̄e de Ludinton.
Waldo t̄m̄ captiano de palles. Simone de oshlecore. Wilto Salzman. Waldo fr̄ suo. p̄. G.
frances. Ricardo h̄ace a ist. Gualfr̄ feisano. p̄. ob. p̄. et z̄ antos. A

description. We can only make out the date approximately by the character of the writing, a matter which has, however, been so closely studied that most of such deeds can be assigned almost as well as if they were dated. It was not till the reign of Edward II. that it became the custom to put a date. Earlier dated deeds are exceptional. We have nine before that reign which are undated; all of them, it is thought, either prior to the year 1300, or immediately after.

Although they are many in number, they are not large in bulk. The average size of a deed conveying, it might be, a goodly estate was not more than nine inches by three inches; sometimes a good deal less, sometimes a little more. They are all in Latin, and the writing is so full of abbreviations and arbitrary signs that it is a kind of shorthand, and, until one has got some practice in it, it is rather difficult to read. Parchment, on which they are written, was very expensive in those days, and this was probably one reason why the lawyers exerted themselves to get so much into so little room, instead of going, as they do now, on a totally opposite principle. They seem to have had, too, some secret for making their ink, which we have lost. On the earliest of these parchments, for instance,¹ which is over seven hundred years old, or contemporary with the Third Crusade, the writing is almost as clear and black as on the day it was written. The beauty of it, too, is remarkable; it is so accurate and uniform that it will bear examining through a powerful magnifier, and even then show hardly more irregularity than a printed book. It is curious and

¹ See illustration opposite.

interesting to note that several of these old deeds have the seals tied on with rushes, and such rushes remain flexible at this time, though I should not like to attempt to untie and tie them again. The use of rushes in this way has been thought to be connected with an old form of land tenure known as the *traditio stipulae*, the rush representing an actual delivery by the grantor of the produce of the soil.

It happens that our deeds begin at a point where Dugdale admits himself, as regards our parish, to be deficient. "From hence," he writes, under Lapworth (meaning from the period of the Conquest), "till King Henry III.'s time having no light of record to guide me, I must by what appears afterwards only guess at the probable course of its succession"; that is, of the succession in the lordship of the manor. Our records seem to show that the succession was not exactly what he surmised, but that there were links in it of which he had no trace. The first of our deeds would have told him of a new family, that of the Marshalls (who seem to have held the manor for at least two or three generations, and were important people here from the time of Richard I. to 1349), and a new rector (about 1190), of whose existence he did not know.

This oldest of our deeds, which, as I have said, belongs doubtless to the reign of Richard I., is a grant of half a virgate of land, with a dwelling-house thereon, from Ralph Marshall (or Ralph "the Marshall"), who was at that time lord of the manor of Lapworth, to Geoffrey, the son of Alexander. That is all the description which is given of Geoffrey; his surname is not mentioned, but a later deed shows

him to have been a Prat. It was a time in which not everybody possessed a surname, or, at any rate, if a man had one it was not thought necessary to mention it always. Now the virgate of land differed as to its extent in different parts of the kingdom, and it did not mean a compact piece of land, but a number of acre and half-acre strips scattered in the open fields, often wide apart from each other. The word "virgate," indeed, meant simply "a bundle of strips." The whole subject of ancient land measures is one on which authorities are much at variance, but in this part of Warwickshire the virgate seems to have been about sixteen acres. Dugdale calls it so in speaking of Lapworth. This was, therefore, a grant of about eight acres with a house, and Ralph Marshall says that for such grant the said Geoffrey has paid into his hands 40s. by way of recognition (this being, no doubt, the fine customarily levied by the lord on a change of tenancy by death or otherwise), and that he is to pay annually to him or his heirs 2s. 6d. at three terms of the year, namely, 10d. at the feast of St. Michael, 10d. at the feast of the Purification of the Blessed Virgin Mary, and 10d. at Pentecost. This payment of rent at three periods of the year, instead of quarterly as now, was customary then and for centuries later. Half-a-crown a year was the rent to be paid for these eight acres and a house, but, although it is estimated that a shilling at that time was fully equal in purchasing power to a pound at this time, we must not understand rent in anything like the same way as we do now, for these tenures under the lord of the manor were always accompanied by some substantial

services in the way of labour beyond the money payment. Subject, however, to entrance fine, rent, and services, the son had practically as indisputable a claim to succeed his father as if the occupation were his own freehold. Seebohm, the greatest authority upon the conditions of the old English village community, says that virgates or half-virgates of land were held only by tenants of the rank of villein. He gives also many illustrations from the Hundred Rolls and from the Gloucester Chartulary of the time of Edward I., nearly a hundred years later than this deed, showing that the labourer's wage for all kinds of farm work was even then only $\frac{1}{2}d.$ a day (Seebohm's *English Village Community*). This, therefore, indicates to us the servile position of the tenant holding under the present deed.

The land is described as being situated in Lapworth, and all of it "ad Boscum," at the wood. The words "all of it" have reference to the strips making up this half-virgate, which, as I said, were frequently scattered about. The Conqueror's *Domesday Book*, compiled about one hundred years before this deed, says, under "Lapworth": "There is a wood two miles long and one mile broad." The deed says this half-virgate was also subject to certain customary services to our Lord the King. This description of "at the wood" might perhaps indicate that it was at Kingswood, and that Kingswood was not then the meaningless name it is now, but was mostly covered by a forest belonging to the King, as that of Bushwood belonged to the bishop of the period. It is not easy for us to locate in our parish this *Domesday* wood "two miles

long and one mile broad," but probably Bushwood, Kingswood, and Chesset Wood all joined on to each other with little break, so making one continuous forest. I find Chesset Wood called "Chasse-Wode" in some of our later deeds, as if it were then more especially a hunting wood. The deed ends with the names of no fewer than ten witnesses who were present at the sealing of it. The first is that of Nicholas, rector of the church of Lapworth (spelt as it is now except that it has no "o," and pronounced probably "Lapputh," as our labourers pronounce it to-day), followed by John de Luddinton, Walter (then chaplain of Packwood), Simon de Charlecote, William Pakeman, Walter his brother, Roger Franceis, Richard Hatecrist, Geoffrey feisant, Robert Prat, and after all the names are given, the words are added, "and many others."

This Nicholas, rector, is the first Rector of Lapworth of whom there is any record. Dugdale gives a list of all the rectors whose names and dates he had ascertained from the Bishops' Register at Worcester, but the first on his list is about a hundred years later than this deed. There is another deed about a generation later, in the reign of John, in which this Nicholas appears again as a witness under the description "parson of Lapworth"; so that he would seem to have held the living a long time. Simon de Charlecote, who is another of the witnesses, belonged to a family which in the reign of John (1204) changed its name to Lucy, and the Lucys have lived at Charlecote from that day to this. The "de Luddinton" family have their place in Dugdale, and took their name, no doubt,

from the pretty village of Luddington, near Stratford-on-Avon. The mention of Walter as chaplain of Packwood tells us, at any rate, that there was then also a church at Packwood. The curious name of Hatecrist reappears under slightly varied spellings on several other deeds, but does not seem to have continued in the parish later than the reign of Henry III. or Edward I. Robert Prat, another of the witnesses (and no doubt a relative of the Geoffrey of the deed), was of a family who were residents and landowners here for nearly three hundred years, and whose name survives under that of our familiar "Prat's Pit," which has borne that name for probably at least seven hundred years. It will be seen, therefore, that altogether this first of our deeds has afforded us many subjects of comment.

In Henry III.'s reign Geoffrey, the son of the before-named Ralph Marshall, describes his father as "of Alveston," and confirms to Henry Prat, son of Geoffrey Prat (thereby giving us the surname which Ralph Marshall, of his haughtiness, withheld on the first deed), land which the father of the one had demised to the father of the other, another holding apparently from that of the first deed, together with four selions (or lands as we now call them) in a field named "Wetecroft." For this confirmation he says that Henry Prat has paid him 20s. sterling; the rent is to be 3s. 6d. a year, payable as before at three terms, and the grantor describes himself as *dominus vir iste terre*, thus telling us that the Marshalls were then lords of the manor.

It is in John's reign also, probably soon after the

year 1200, that we find a deed which is interesting to us, because it relates to land still belonging to the Charity Trust, and calls a certain field by a name that with very little change it has borne to the present day. It is a conveyance from one Luke Sorel to William le Oiselur, and the description is—

that land which is called Vlelega and extends from Selewines land which he holds of me up to the high-way which is between Bellû Desertû and Burmîgehâ [*not dissimilar spellings from the Beaudesert and Birmingham of to-day*] and thence towards the house of Roger the son of the Smith to the length of 35 perches and thence towards the house of Richard the son of Orm to the width of 5 perches and thence up to the corner of the ditch of the land that William the son of Lofric held of Simon Bagot for his homage and service.

How suggestive this string of names is! None of the people have surnames. It is simply "Roger, the son of the Smith"; "Richard, the son of Orm" (a Scandinavian name of which we have a survival in the Orm's Head); and "William, the son of Lofric" (an old Saxon name, the same as was borne by Godiva's husband of Coventry). This field at the Birmingham road¹ was then about nine acres, and it was to be held "with the right of pannage and tollage" (*i.e.* the right of running swine, with other privileges), together with other lands in Lapworth (in all, about fourteen acres, as far as I can make out), for the annual rent of 3*s.*, to be paid in equal sums of 1*s.* at three terms as in the former cases; but in addition to these three payments the tenant was to pay between Michaelmas and Christmas *quatuor widecocs* (four woodcocks), and for this grant Luke Sorel says that

¹ In the hands of Mr. Lyndon in 1904.

William le Oiselur has paid into his hands the sum of one mark of silver (equal to 13s. 4d.). Probably in our day the four "widecocs" would be more difficult to pay than the money rent. In a later deed, however, the land is described as *croftum sive grovam*, being probably mostly coppice, to which these birds would naturally resort. Among the witnesses to this deed are Simon Bagot and Luke Bagot, members of the family that then owned and gave their name to Preston Bagot and Morton Bagot. "Vlelega," the name of this field, was probably pronounced "Uleleya," *V* being then used as the capital form of *u*, and in later deeds it takes the French form of "Lullayes," later still becoming "Ulley" and "Ulleys," then "Hullis," "Hullies" ("Big" and "Little," it having been divided into two fields), and in quite recent schedules of the charity estates appearing as "Hollys," which probably after a while will be corrected into the politer form of "The Hollies."

Of deeds of the reigns of Henry III. and Edward I. there are some half-dozen containing names and references of interest. They make mention of other members of the family of Marshall; of William de la Harecourt and Yvee Pippert, who were joint lords of the Manor after the Marshalls; and of Sir Hugh de Brandestone, who held the Manor in the time of Edward I., and is known to have died in 1299. Sir Edmund Truscel, of Nuthurst, also appears in this reign, the first we find of a family that continued to be connected with Nuthurst and Lapworth for more than three centuries.

When we reach the reign of Edward II. the deeds,

as I said, begin to be dated, and the manner of dating in those days is that they generally give the day of the week and say which saint's day is next to it, before or after. A very large number of these deeds are dated on the Sunday, and after the names of a string of witnesses (seldom less than six or seven) they nearly always wind up with the words, "and many others." Anything in the way of a transfer of or dealing with land was a serious business, and advantage was probably taken of the gathering of the people at church to have such deeds witnessed after service was over. So much was Sunday the favourite day for executing such deeds, that out of seventy-seven of our Lapworth deeds on which the day of the week is recorded, no fewer than thirty are dated on that day. Only one is dated on a Friday, which was counted an unlucky day, then as now. It is clear, too, that it was considered a distinction to witness these deeds. The same families witness them generation after generation, the names being usually those of the principal landowners of the parish and neighbourhood, so that by their help we trace the existence of families here for long periods.

I said these old deeds did not all relate to land. In the reign of Edward II., for instance, there is a very interesting little parchment, by which Walter at the Hethe says that—

Being of sound mind and moved by hearty affection he gives and confirms to his son Walter and Agnes his wife all his existing goods and chattels movable or immovable except only such draught-horses colts oxen for the plough and heifers as may by their labour sustain him in honour and comfort so long as he shall live.

There is a curiously human touch about this which compels one to hope that the young people were good to this village Lear of ours for the rest of his days.

The family of Hethe, under various forms of prefix, as "de la," "atte," "o' the," was here about two centuries, its members being apparently land-owners of consideration.

In working through these old records few incidents are more interesting than coming across names explanatory of the existence of other names in our parish, which would otherwise be meaningless to us in the present day. Thus, in 1323, we get the name of one John de Brocsawe, whose family was here to 1349, and left land to the parish; not one of them seems to have been here later than 1349, but their name remained behind them for a little while in "Brocsawe Lane," that which runs parallel with the Birmingham road, from what used to be called Ford Lane to what we now call Wharf Lane, and adjoining which there is a field, which on our Tithe Map bears the name of "The Brockshire" at this day. In Richard II.'s time (1395), this road bears the pretty name of "Nuthele (=Nut-hill) Lane"; and in our own day we know it as "Periwinkle Lane," from the abundance of wild periwinkle—or, perhaps it will be safer to say, the late abundance, for our visitors from Birmingham and elsewhere seem determined to tear all the periwinkle up by the roots, and so compel us to find for the lane yet another name.

Again, in a deed of Henry IV. (1408), which I read at an early stage of my investigations (for it was a work of time to get these deeds in order of

date),¹ I found mention made of "a messuage called Stikemones place, with a croft called Stikemones feld," and was inclined to imagine some murder to account for a name so evil-sounding; but it was rather a disappointment to discover that it was only a family name, as shown by the attestations of William Stikemon and others to deeds. Perhaps many a grim legend that attaches to, and is tenderly cherished in connection with country pits and fields and lanes would be disposed of as unromantically if the necessary bits of parchment would turn up. But here again the remarkable thing is that, nearly five hundred years after the last of the Stikemons passed away, we still have "Stickman's Meadow" and "Stickman's Close" amongst our recorded field-names.

The Feisants, one of whom is a witness to our first deed, seem to have been a Packwood family, settled there from Richard I.'s time to at least 1349, when we get our last entry of them. There is enough resemblance in the name, spelt as it sometimes is "Feysaunt," and bearing in mind that *y* was already in use for *th*, to prompt the inquiry whether they might possibly have been the forebears of the Fetherstons of Packwood,² who were certainly settled there about a century later.

It is, however, more probable that the immediate predecessors of the Fetherstons at Packwood House were the Prats, already mentioned in connection with the same deed. Their ownership of "Prat's Pit" on

¹ "Land of William Stykemon" is referred to in a deed of 1337 which has a quaint seal showing the busts of two men with hands crossed, illustrated on p. 10.

² "1468. Joh'es Fedurston et Emotta uxor ejus de Pakwood." (Register of the Knowle Guild.)

the Fetherstons' (late Arton's) estate, points in that direction, and one of the members of the family of whom we have mention (in Henry III.'s reign) is called "Sýmone Prat de Pacwode." They owned land in Lapworth, Packwood, Kingswood and Nuthurst.

Many of the names that occur at this period are Norman, and can be found in the Roll of Battle Abbey. Their owners were probably the immediate descendants of some of the "twenty thousand thieves," as a distinguished writer has called them, who came over with William the Conqueror, and among whom he divided the lands of England.

Such were the Marshalls and the Trussells already mentioned. Such were the Sorels, who, though not appearing in our deeds later than the time of Henry III., would seem to have been connected with the parish much longer, as a Chancery suit of the time of Elizabeth relates to "Sorell's fields."

We had Roger Franceis as a witness to our first deed. In later ones the name occurs as "le franceis," and speaks for itself. "Ankertill le fraunceys" would be to his Saxon neighbours simply "Ankertill the Frenchman." The family continued here from Richard I. to the latter part of the reign of Edward III.; about two centuries. Towards the end of that time they appear to have dropped the "le" altogether.

Scut or Scot, as it was variously written (appearing first in John's reign), has a more native sound to us. The Scuts were here just about the same period as the last named, the latest trace of them being in 1370, but lands which had been theirs were called "Scutteslond" in the parish for centuries later.

The name of "le Oiselur," mentioned in connection with the field called "Vlelega" (*circa* 1190), was perhaps found awkward in English mouths, and therefore abandoned in favour of an English equivalent. There seems to be little doubt that one "Robertus dictus ffaukener de Henley," whom we meet with in the reign of Edward I. (*c.* 1290), is of the same family (he used a seal which bears a falcon with outspread wings), and as little doubt that Thomas le fouler, of about the same period, and Walter le fouler, of some fifty or sixty years later, were also of the same family—a family which dies out with this Walter in 1349. There is a curious confirmation of this, which might otherwise seem only a fanciful surmise, in the apparent identity of their holdings. It has been mentioned that the land which passed to William le Oiselur in John's reign called "Vlelega" (with other land simply described as *in villa de Lappeworth*) was subject to the reserved rent of 3s. a year, payable to the lord at three terms, together with a further obligation of "four woodcocks to be paid between Michaelmas and Christmas." The deed of "Robert, called the Faukener," has relation to land close to "Vlelega": whilst the last mention we have of Walter le Fouler is in a deed of one John le Weyn, or le Sweyn, of Ederston (now Edstone), who seems to have been one of his heirs (1349), and speaks of "all that moiety of the land and tenements in the town and fields of Lapworthe which was Walter le fouler's of the same, and which fell to me by heredity," and in disposing of it he declares it to be subject to an annual rent to the lord of 1s. 6d., payable at three terms, and two wood-

cocks to be delivered (*equis porcionibus dividendis*, i.e. one at a time) between Michaelmas and Christmas. Here, therefore, we have one-half the land charged with one-half the rent and one-half the woodcocks, payable in exactly the same way as double these charges were payable in regard to the entire holding some 160 years earlier. We know how these rents payable to the lord passed unaltered from father to son for long periods of time, and I think this goes far to make it probable, if not certain, that the Walter le Foulur of Edward III. was of the family of William le Oiselur of the time of John.

Walter passed his land, as mentioned above, to "le Sweyn," and "le Sweyn" to one John Hardyng; and in 1374 we find John Jory, Chaplain of Lapworth, who had been enfeoffed by this John Hardyng, dealing with part of it under the name of "le foulers," which name continues to be used in documents for at least two centuries later, and in our Tithe Map we still have "Fowler's close" and "Fowler's meadow."

Names originally derived from employments or occupations continued almost invariably to be so marked in those days. We meet with no instance in which they are without the "le." Thus we have Johannes le Archer (1346) and Thomas l'archer (1363) witnessing deeds dated at Nuthurst. These were Archers of Umberslade, ancestors of Sir Simon Archer (the antiquary and friend of Dugdale) and of the family which was raised to a barony by George II. under the title of "Lord Archer of Umberslade." In Dugdale and in Hannett's *Forest of Arden* a full account of them is given. They appear to have

been closely connected with Lapworth for a long period.

We have John le Harpur (1343) and John le Shepherd (1360). We have Cooks in great variety of spelling, thus—

Walt' le Kooc de L.	. . . . .	1320
Joh' Coci de Henleye	. . . . .	1330
Radulphus le Cok de L.	. . . . .	1341
Caleb le Cooke	. . . . .	1343
Ric' Coccus de Henley	. . . . .	1361
Thomā Koce	. . . . .	1361

It is not unlikely that our Lapworth Cooks, the first of whom is a Walter, may have been connected with the Walter Cook, canon of Lincoln, who founded the Guild of Knowle at the close of the fourteenth century.

Of the great family of Smith, which has since overrun the world, our record is—

Ricardus filius fabri	. . . . .	(<i>temp.</i> John)
Walter faber	. . . . .	1337
Thomas le Smýth de Thoneworth	. . . . .	1341
Richard le Smýth	. . . . .	1343
Will' le Smýth de Pacwode	. . . . .	1361

The name is always written with the dotted *y*.

The greater part of the prefixes of our surnames are, however, derived from places of residence or origin, and very few names are without a prefix of some kind.

A family calling themselves indifferently "de la Coppe" or "atte Coppe" were prominent landowners here 1323-61. They have left their name to our

Cop Green, on the Bushwood side of the parish— which before their day is called “Pratte’s Green,” from the still older family of Prat already mentioned.

Robert de Wenhal, who witnesses a deed of 1341, and who is called at a later date “de Oowenhale,” probably preserves for us something like the pronunciation of Ullenhall at that day, as he seems to have been lord of the manor of that place.

The name of Attwell, as it has ultimately become, appears first with us in the time of Edward I. (c. 1280). We have as witnesses—

Roger’ ad Fontem	(c. 1280)
Will’ ad Fontem	”
Will’ de Fonte	1322
Roger’ de Fonte	”

These two forms were no doubt used indifferently by the same men. By 1342 the name has begun to be written “atte Welle,” and later also sometimes “atte Wyle,” and so continues to Edward IV. (1462), when we have the last of them in “John atte Welle Gen. de Lappeworthe”: the last, that is, in this series; but they continued here, and are seen in connection with parish trusts, etc., up to Elizabeth’s day. They would seem, therefore, to have been of local importance for about three centuries. They do not, however, appear in the Parish Register. This family furnishes almost the latest instance we have of the Latinisation of surnames. The practice does not appear to have prevailed after the time of Edward II.

The “de fulwode” family seem to have been in great demand with us as witnesses, the deeds

which bear their names being usually dated at Nuthurst. They lived at Clay Hall, near there, and were principal people of Tanworth, some of their tombs in Tanworth Church being figured by Dugdale. The first we have is Richard de F., *temp.* Edward I. They are always styled "de Fulwode" (with unimportant variations of spelling) up to 1388. When we next meet with them in 1435 they have dropped the "de," our last entry previous to that year being Richard Fulwode de Toneworthe, *armiger*.

In 1320 we have Margery ate Bache, daughter of Robert ate B. de Thoneworth. There are Beaches at Tanworth still as landowners; but how far their connection with the village dates back I do not know.

John ate Lee de Thoneworth also appears with us 1320-46, but in these deeds not later. Three hundred years after, the name of Lea (variously written also as Lee, le, and Leigh) begins to be of frequent occurrence in our Parish Register, and from 1620 to 1850 there are only two decades in which it does not appear. The family is frequently distinguished as "of Tanworth." There would seem to have been two or more families of the name, settled respectively there and at Lapworth; both of them burying, baptising, etc., at Lapworth, and perhaps descended from this John ate Lee of Edward II. The window at the west end of our north aisle was given to the church some twenty years ago by the Misses Lea of Tanworth.

The Aylesburys appear first with us in Philip de Aylesbury, 1361-70; but the name occurs no more till nearly a century later, 1455-80, and then as John Aylesbury, *tout court*. Their name survives in Ayles-

bury House, in Packwood parish, where they lived till the latter half of the eighteenth century, and their monuments are many in Packwood Church. This John now mentioned is, however, sometimes styled *de Etyngdon*, so that they would not appear at that time to have been settled at Packwood. He stands in the Register of the Knowle Guild with his name disfigured (1460) as *Johes Elysbery de Etynton et Eliz: uxor eius*.

Richard de Barre, Lyndraper, 1329-62, I mention because he has the almost unique distinction of having a trade attached to his name. His family seem to have continued here about a century. He conveys land which is described as lying between certain land called Hethcroft and the King's highway leading towards "Burmynghm̄." This family, I think, has survived in field and place names, for we have "Barr's meadow," "lane," and "close"; and "The Bare House Farm" (miscalled "Bear House") probably derives from them. The family were connected also with Rowington.

We find the names of several who were chaplains here. There seems to have been always a chaplain as well as a rector. The chaplain was, of course, not like a modern curate, appointed by the rector and holding office during his pleasure, but had apparently a much more secure tenure. He would appear to have been more actively engaged with parish affairs than the rector. Secular matters were probably left chiefly in his hands, and his name is, therefore, met with frequently, while that of a rector is comparatively rare.

The first Chaplain of Lapworth mentioned in these records is Sir Walter de Brynkunhul, in a deed of 1337.

In the long reign of Edward III., which lasted fifty years, we have about fifty deeds, and amongst them there is a very curious group. For a hundred years or more before this time there had been a family owning land in the parish whose name was written first "in Lone." The earliest was a Thomas in Lone; then the name began to be written "in the Lone" or "in the Lane," for Lone is only the old way of spelling Lane. About the beginning of the fourteenth century the head of the family was one "John in the Lone," who dying left a son, another "John in the Lone," who, with Agnes his wife, seems to have had a large family, and amongst them yet another son John. It is almost, though not quite, certain that there were thus once three persons named John in the Lone living here at the same time. John the third, at any rate, took Holy Orders, and became Chaplain of Lapworth in the lifetime of his father, mother, and brothers, ministering in the church of the parish in which, no doubt, he was born. He has frequently, though not always, the title "Sir," usually given to the clergy in those days. He is "Sir John in the Lone, chaplain" (*Dns Johannes in the Lone, capellanus de Lappeworth*). The various forms in which the name of members of the family appears are: "in Lone," "in 3e Lone," "in ye Lone," "atte Lone," "in le Lane," "in the Lone," "in the Lane"; but the favourite form is "in the Lone," which in its setting of Latin context is somewhat striking.

This John the Chaplain evidently busied himself very much in the affairs of the parish, and had the confidence and regard of the people, for in the

twenty-third year of the reign of Edward III. we find that there are more than a dozen deeds, all dated very near to each other, to all of which "John in the Lone, Chaplain," is a party. Several are executed on the same day, and various members of two families more especially are found to be conveying their property to the chaplain absolutely, without any expression that such property is to be held in trust; but by-and-by we find him reconveying sometimes the whole and sometimes portions of such properties to their widows or children, or back again to themselves. The explanation seems to be that this year, 1349, was the year of the awful pestilence called the "Black Death," which swept over the land, and, indeed, over all Europe, and formed so memorable an epoch in the history of England. It is estimated by historians to have carried off half the people of this kingdom, thereby giving rise to altered conditions of labour which went far to put an end to the absolute serfdom which had previously existed. It is very probable that the people here were dying on all hands, and that in a sort of panic those who were not yet struck down turned to the chaplain, as to one in whom they knew they could confide in their extremity.

At this time John in the Lone had been Chaplain of Lapworth about six years, namely, from 1343; he probably succeeded Walter de Brynkunhul. The last mention we have of him as still alive is in a power of attorney executed by him—dated on the "Wednesday following the feast of St. Barnabas" (June 11th) in the twenty-third year of Edward III.—

to Walter atte Welle, to put Paulinus de Brome, John le Mareschal, and two others, in possession of all the lands, tenements, and rents which he held in feoffment from Geoffrey atte Heth and Thomas Prat; together with lands and tenements belonging to himself.

He would seem to have been putting his own affairs in order. To him might fittingly be applied the lines of Richard Baxter:—

“I preached as never sure to preach again,
And as a dying man to dying men.”

There is little doubt that he died immediately afterwards, for the next mention we have of him is as “late chaplain of Lapworth” (*quondam capellanus*); and not only so, but we learn at the same time that Paulinus de Brome and John le Mareschal had died soon after him, leaving as heirs none but young children.

The very significant deed by which we learn this bears date in September of 1350, and is executed by Sir Hugh de Brauncheston, Knight, at that time Lord of the Manor, and a grandson of the Sir Hugh mentioned previously under Edward I. By it he makes over to Thomas Scut what he describes as all the lands, rents, and tenements which had fallen to his custody by the death of Paulinus de Brome¹ and John le Mareschal, by them held *ex dono et feoffamento Joh'is in la Lane*, late Chaplain of Lapworth—which lands, etc., Thomas Scut is to hold until the full coming of age of the children of the said Paulinus and John.

¹ This Paulinus de Brome is described in a deed preserved in the Record Office as “asserens se esse fil: et heredem p'pinquiorem Rob'ti de Brome de Lappworthe.” (Inq. P.M. 19 Edw. ii.)

In that same memorable year of the Black Death, 1349, it is recorded by Dugdale that there was also a change of rector at Lapworth. It seems probable, therefore, that Ivo Pipard, who had been rector here from 1322, fell a victim to the great plague, as did the chaplain also. It is said to have been specially fatal to the clergy because they were compelled to come so much in contact with the people.¹

The seal of John in the Lone,² more or less approaching completeness, remains on two or three of the charters, and putting these portions together we are able to make out that it bore the device of an ass under a tree. Some such device was used in those days to typify the "Good Samaritan." And these old deeds of ours seem to suggest, if we expand the little hints they give us, that our John in the Lone of so many centuries ago not only used this emblem for his seal, but made the Good Samaritan the exemplar of his own life and practice, setting him forth *non loquendo tantum sed vivendo*.

His chaplaincy evidently extended from 1343, or perhaps a little earlier, up to June, 1349. His father and mother were living here, at any rate at the beginning of it. He had also three brothers, Robert, William, and Richard, all of whom appear from time to time as witnesses of deeds. None of them, however, appear after that fatal year of 1349, nor is there

¹ Geoffrey le Baker, a clerk of the abbey of Osney, near Oxford, whose *Chronicle* gives a vivid contemporaneous account of the ravages of the Black Death, says: "Of this disease, few of the first rank died, but of the common people an incalculable number, and of the clergy and cleric class a multitude known to God only."

² See illustration, p. 42.

anything to show that one single member of this old family of "in the Lone" survived the visitation of the Black Death.

In looking over this group of deeds with which John in the Lone is so closely connected, and seeing the quaint old English name stand out so curiously amid the crabbed Latin shorthand, one cannot help wondering who wrote them. They are for the most part beautifully written, and apparently by the same hand, upon parchment of a uniform consistency, in size generally about nine inches by three inches, or sometimes a little larger. Did the people in their hour of need have to send away in haste to fetch a lawyer from elsewhere? Hardly, I think. Then who was the village scrivener? The most probable supposition is that we have here the handiwork of John in the Lone himself. At any rate, there is a distinct change of handwriting in our deeds immediately after his death, with new methods of abbreviation, punctuation, etc.

It is sufficiently proved, I think, by what has been already said that some of what is now land of the Parish Charity estates can be identified as having become so, with other land no longer identifiable, at the time of, and probably by reason of the panic caused by, the Black Death.

How much reason there was for such a panic, and how much our parish suffered from the awful pestilence, is indicated not unimpressively by these old deeds. We have already seen that rector and chaplain both died, and that Paulinus de Brome and John le Mareschal, whom the chaplain had enfeoffed immediately before his death, died immediately after

him, and that the three brothers of John in the Lone disappear at the same time ; but, beyond this, careful observation soon shows that 1349¹ has become for us a distinct line of demarcation between old and new ; families that had been in the parish for long periods are seen no more after that year ; surnames of other families appear with new Christian names, showing the father to have been succeeded by the son or other kinsman ; and lands with whose ownership we have become acquainted have passed into other hands. Here are examples of such changes :—

John le Archer, our neighbour : died, according to Dugdale, 1349.

Richard Aleyn, first appears 1329 : last seen in 1349.

John de Barton, appears very frequently between 1319 and 1349 : not afterwards.

Margery de Brokchawe, the last of her family, conveys lands to the church in 1349 : not mentioned later.

Agnes de Corveser, appears 1343–8 : conveys her lands in the latter year.

Simon Dene, owned land in Lapworth 1337–48 ; was living in the latter year ; in 1349 deeds witnessed by Roger, probably his son. Neither of them appears afterwards.

ffeysond, family settled at Packwood from 1190 to 1349 : no trace left after the latter year.

¹ The Black Death may be said to have extended over three seasons in the British Isles—a partial season in the south of England in 1348, a great season all over England, in Ireland and in the south of Scotland in 1349, and a late extension to Scotland generally in 1350. . . . The great mortality came to an end everywhere in England by Michaelmas, 1349. (Creighton's *History of Epidemics in Britain*.)

Geoffrey atte Heth and Agnes his wife : appear in several deeds in 1349, but not after.¹

Walter de Notehurst, a frequent witness from 1300 to 1349 : not later.

Walter le Fouler : shown to have died between May and July, 1349.

Walter Page, appears as witness 1342-9 : not later.

Pakemon, family here from 1190 : last appearance in 1349.

Thurstan, here from *temp.* Edward I. to 1349 : not mentioned later.

John Prat, conveys his land to John in the Lone, 1349 : not mentioned later.

Thomas Prat, conveys his land to John in the Lone, 1349 : shown by a deed of the next year to be dead.

John Pymmyger, witnesses many deeds 1348-9 : appears no more.

Robert Scut, witnesses deeds 1330-48 : appears no more.

William Stikeman, witnesses deeds 1338-48 : last appears October, 1348.

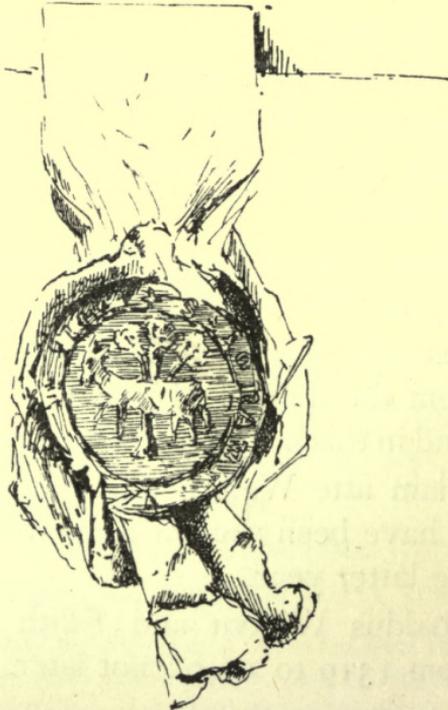
Robert de Toppesford, whose family were here from the time of Henry III. to 1349 : conveys land in this last-named year, and his name ceases.

William atte Well, active here 1342-9 : appears to have been succeeded by (? his son) Walter in the latter year.

Thebaldus Wilkyn and Edith his wife, appear from 1319 to 1349 : not later.

¹ In 1344 Geoffrey atte Heth, junior, conveys all his goods to John in the Lone by a deed which remains in excellent preservation. The seal bears the quite recognisable device of the Virgin with the infant Christ. (See illustration, p. 134.)

Non-appearance after this year is, of course, only negative evidence, but it will be admitted that the disappearance of so many names at the same period out of the limited number of the land-owning class who chance to be mentioned in our records points very strongly to death as the cause of such disappearance. If out of that limited upper-class so many were taken, what must the ravage have been amongst the labourers, their wives and children, of whom no sort of record remains? Probably they died wholesale and there was not a cottage without its dead; and what was happening here was happening in all the villages round about.



Seal of John in the Lone
Chaplain of Lapworth
1343-49

FROM 1350 (*et circa*) TO THE END OF THE
PRE-REFORMATION DEEDS (*circa* 1502)

“ . . . some smack of age in you, some relish of the saltness of time.”

HENRY IV., Part 2

CHAPTER II

FROM 1350¹ (*et circa*) TO THE END OF THE PRE-REFORMATION DEEDS (*circa* 1502)

LEAVING John in the Lone, whose name has become so familiar to us, we find ourselves, after the ravages of the Black Death, for the most part amongst new families.

The Trussells, as we have seen, were, however, of those who came over with the Conqueror, and whose names are to be found in the Roll of Battle Abbey. They were Lords of many Manors, and amongst others of the Manor of Nuthurst. Their principal place in this neighbourhood was at Billesley, and the fine old house called Billesley Hall probably goes back at least to their later days. The first we have of them is that Edmund "Truscel" already mentioned under Edward I. They continued at Nuthurst, appearing in our Lapworth deeds and registers for about three centuries and a half, and lived in a house which stood where Nuthurst House now stands. In 1349 Sir William "Trussel" executes a deed relating to land which still belongs to the Charity. He was a very notable man and a very truculent ruffian in

¹ Some of the families to be mentioned originate with us, as will be seen, *earlier* than 1350.

his day. He took an active part in the wars between Edward II. and his wife and son, and when the unfortunate King fell into the hands of his wife's army, and was shut up a prisoner in Kenilworth Castle, it was this Trussel who went as spokesman at the head of a deputation of nobles, and addressed the monarch in brutal and violent language, renouncing on their part and his own their allegiance, and announcing to the King his deposition. Most of the old chroniclers dwell on this scene, and record Trussel's speech :—

“I, William Trussel, in name of all men of the land of England, of all the Parliament procurator, resign to thee, Edward, the homage that was made to thee sometime, and from this time forward now following, I defy thee and prive thee of all royal power, and I shall never be tendant to thee as for King after this time”—which being done, Sir Thomas Blunt, Knight, Steward of the Household, by breaking his staff resigned his office. (*Speed.*)

Soon after this the fallen King was taken off to Berkeley Castle, and there murdered. This Sir William Trussel, who doubtless often trod our lanes, seems to link Lapworth in a small way with the broad stream of English history.

The next we have of the name is more than a century later, when John Trussell, of Nuttehurst (*nuper de Billysseley, arm.*), under date of 19 Edward IV., 1480, makes an exchange with “Nicholas Slye, of Lapworthe, yomon, and Thomas Underwood of the same, Churchwardens” (*gardiani ecclesie p'ochial'*), by which he receives “two parcels of land called Cordemore, with one parcel of meadow

land annexed thereto, lying within the demesne of Nuttehurste," and the churchwardens receive "a meadow called 'ffurdon,' lying at Issundeforde brugge between a lane there called 'le ffurde lane' and a rivulet there called 'Issundeforde brok' in width, and extending in length from land of St. Mary the Virgin of Lapworthe called 'le ffurden' up to another road leading from Henley towards Burmyngeham."

"Furden" would seem to have been a general name given to land lying alongside the brook, as we have in this deed two pieces in Lapworth bearing that name, while a third, also so called, is separated from them only by the highway, which at that time was the boundary at this point between the parishes of Lapworth and Nuthurst. The last named (in Nuthurst) still bears its old name of "Forden," all three being bounded by the Lapworth Brook, here called by the curious lost name of "Issundeforde brok"; while also "Issundeforde Brugge," which bounded the field on the west, tells us that our brook, where it crossed the Birmingham road, had already been bridged in 1480. In Sir Edmund Truscel's deed of Edward I., before noticed, mention is made of certain land as lying "at Es'eneford within the town and territory of Notehurst." This also doubtless was land lying by the same brook, and the names are connected.

The field given to the churchwardens by this exchange is readily identifiable, its boundaries being still as described, except that it no longer extends westward to the Birmingham road, because in 1794 that road was diverted at this point to some little

distance westward, and what was the old road now lies between the present road and the field. The field also no longer belongs either to the charity or to the church; neither is there anything to show how it was lost.

The Trussells continued at Nuthurst until about the middle of the seventeenth century. After the Parish Register was begun in 1561, they soon became contributors to it and furnished many entries, Lapworth being the burial-place for Nuthurst. The last of such entries is in 1621. They are always entered with some mark of distinction, and remained, no doubt, the principal family of Nuthurst to the end.

The Bromes, or "de Bromes," as they for a long time called themselves, were in their day (which was a long day) a family of much importance in Lapworth, and, indeed, outside it. Their name still survives in the interesting old house called Brome Hall, where they resided. We trace them from the time of Edward I. for at least two centuries and a half, witnessing, buying, and selling. There seem to have been three John Bromes here in succession, the first appearing frequently in our deeds between 1361 and 1408, about which latter date he became, according to Dugdale, the first member of Parliament for the borough of Warwick; his son, John the second, acquired the ownership of Baddesley Clinton and went to live there; while *his* son, the third John, was killed in London in 1468, in the porch of Whitefriars Church, being stabbed by a steward of the Earl of Warwick in a quarrel about a lawsuit. His death was avenged by his son Nicholas, who, after many years,

slew, at Longbridge, this steward, Harthill, who had killed his father. Nicholas was then living at Baddesley Clinton. Manslaughter seems to have come easy to him, as he is further accused of causing the death of his chaplain at Baddesley, whom he "found chucking his wife under the chin." (This also is Dugdale's story.) By way of penance for his crimes he was (not hanged, as he would have been in our day, but) enjoined by the Pope to rebuild the steeple of Packwood Church, as also that of Baddesley Clinton, on which latter his name still remains, recording that he did build it in the reign of Henry VII.

The family appears to have ceased about that time to have much connection with Lapworth, for in the reign of Henry VIII. we find Brome Hall was the residence of the Syles. In 1578 we have, however, Jhone Brome as witness to a deed poll of Edmund Catesbie. There are no Bromes in our Parish Register.

The "le Persones" first appear in one Thomas le Persones de L. in 1330, and the name occurs very frequently, the "le" being dropped occasionally, from that time to the latter half of the fifteenth century (1461). They are shown to have continued in the parish after we lose sight of them in these deeds, for when the Parish Register is established they appear early, and continue, with one or two long breaks in the seventeenth century, almost up to the present day. Probably they were continuous in descent from the old family of the time of Edward III. Towards the end of the fifteenth century, some of them begin to be described as of Tanworth. Possibly the last of the

old stock here was a Parsons, who in a drunken fray shot his uncle, a Hildick, some thirty years ago, and immediately afterwards shot himself and fell dead in the road before this uncle's cottage door. This Parsons (who was buried at night in our churchyard without any funeral rites) was said to be of an old local land-owning family.

Le Corveser (= the Shoemaker), a French name, which was adopted into old English and was for some centuries the usual designation of a "shoemaker," appears with us in 1343. "Agnes, the widow of John le Corveser, of Henleye," appoints her beloved in Christ Walter de Hereford her attorney for giving to her son Richard full and peaceful seisin in all her lands, tenements, etc., in the towns and in the fields of Lapworth, Kingswood, and Packwood. From this description of her property as lying in these three places we infer that her husband had not really been in the shoemaking business personally, but that she was a widow of substance. There is a seal attached with the motto "I' espere," the device being a very neatly designed anchor. (See illustration, p. 72.)

Her deeds, in all probability, came into our chest as evidence of title of *Richard dictus le Corveser*, her son, who by deed of 1361 left lands in trust to the parish. In another deed (1363) he is further described as *clericus, de Henleye*. He, therefore, seems to have been a man of considerable wealth, owning lands "in the common fields" of many parishes round about Henley.

The land which he gave to the parish seems to have been in quantity about seven acres, though no longer

identifiable. Subsequent dealings with it show how unalterable a rent became when once fixed in those days, and throw a little light on customs then prevailing. In 1425 a lease of it is granted to George Assheby for three lives, a blank being left in the lease with permission to him to fill in, after his own name, at such time as he likes (whensoever and whomsoever) the names of two other persons, the lease expiring only on the death of the longer liver of these two. This granting of a lease in blank was, of course, calculated to prolong its duration greatly, as the holder would defer inserting the next name as long as he could. The rent was 3*s.* 6*d.* a year, about 6*d.* an acre. The lease thus created seems, however, to have run out in 1462, so that the lives had proved to be but short. Then a fresh lease is granted to Thomas, the son of Richard Assheby, for his life at the old rent of 3*s.* 6*d.* Probably the same rent had existed from the time of the bequest in 1361. The grantors this time describe themselves as "Richard Browne and Thomas Slye of Lapworthe, collectors this year of the rents of all the lands and tenements belonging to the Church of the Blessed Mary of Lapworthe, with the assent and consent of all the parishioners of the said town." The land is described further as "two crofts called Corveser's crofts belonging to the said church." It was not land applicable to other than church uses, though apparently all the church lands were dealt with by something like a parish meeting, and 6*d.* an acre seems to have been the rent with which the parish was satisfied for several generations.

The family of "de Toppesford" were here as land-

owners about one hundred years.¹ The "de" having been dropped, the old name became Topesforde, Topforde, and then Tapford. And what we now call Tapster Lane, running down from the church towards Cop Green, is written in the Overseers' books as Tapsford Lane and Tapford Lane as late as the beginning of the nineteenth century.

That branch of the great family of de Montfort which had its castle on the hill at Beaudesert sent us some of its offshoots. Richard de Montfort, who was an illegitimate son of Peter de Montfort of Beaudesert, by one Laura de Ulnehale (who died a nun at Pinley Abbey), describes himself as "Lord of a moiety of the Manor and town of Lapworth." He also owned land in Nuthurst.

One of the witnesses in 1364 of a deed of this Richard is Roger atte grene, who was one of the co-founders, some ten years later, with him and others, of our curious and interesting west chantry,² which is supposed to have been used also as a relic chamber. We have nothing amongst our parish papers bearing on the building or endowment of the chantry in question, nor, indeed, is there anything bearing on ancient structural dealings with any portion of the church.

Rose, wife of Richard de Montfort, was a daughter of Sir Hugh de Brandestone, on whose death the lordship of the Lapworth Manor had been divided between her and a sister who married Philip de Ayles-

¹ The last appearance of the de Toppesford family, associated so directly with life in Lapworth to-day, since one of our lanes perpetuates their name with only a reasonable measure of corruption, was in a deed of 44 Edw. III. This deed has a seal with the very clear impression of two birds, shown on p. 200.

² See further on p. 248, and illustration at same page.

bury, already mentioned. It was through her that Richard de Montfort became Lord of half the Manor. Her first husband was Nicholas Dyrvassel (himself a witness here in 1361), whose soul is one of those that were stipulated to be prayed for when her second husband settled lands upon the chantry. She herself survived in second widowhood many years, and in 1399 (22 Richard II.) we have an indenture of hers (dated at Notehurst on the Sunday next after the feast of St. John *ante portam Latinam*), in which she styles herself "Lady of Codbarewe," and grants to John Prat of Notehurst and Alice his wife three fields called Longefeld, Pylorisland, and Nothershethpece, for the term of their joint lives, at a rent of 5s. 4d. She is even shown to have been living as late as 6 Henry V. (1419), in which year she executes a deed conveying the Manor of Lapworth to John Catesby of Ashby Leger, in whose family it remained till Elizabeth's day (Dugdale). This, however, is not one of our deeds.

Nothing now remains of Codbarrow save the moat near the east entrance to Umberslade Park, but it indicates for us where stood, no doubt, at that time a fairly large house, in which the Lady of Codbarrow affixed her seal in red wax to this bit of parchment, still very distinct and legible after some fifteen generations have passed away. The names and arms of this Richard and Rose still remain in the west window of the nave of our church, above the chantry which they founded—probably the oldest piece of glass left in the church. In Dugdale's day it was in the west window of the south aisle. The case-

ment in which the shield was fixed was blown out in 1891 in a high gale of wind, and fell to the ground. Fortunately it was but little injured, and, after being well repaired, it was put back, and may last now as long again as it has lasted already, if only it escape the hands of the restorer.

We have no Montforts in this series of our old deeds after Richard and his wife, but on the introduction of the Parish Register we find the name one of the commonest. None of them, however, are mentioned with any special mark of distinction. They seem to have belonged to the yeoman class, frequently filling the usual parish offices and feoffeeships. There are only one or two decades in which the name does not appear up to the end of the seventeenth century, when it entirely dies out. The farm called Mountford Farm derives its name from this old family.

In 1361 we find the Chaplain of Lapworth was one John Jory, who before coming here had been Chaplain of Wootton. Between John in the Lone, who died in 1349, and this John Jory there was probably another chaplain of whom we have no trace. The two Johns must have been personal friends, because we find mention in some of the deeds of their having both been members of the parish trusts at one and the same time.

When Richard de Montfort and his co-founders built and endowed the chantry in 1374 they appointed as the first chantry priest this John Jory, who had then been chaplain here for some years. During his chaplaincy we have evidence of his activity in secular affairs in two deeds creating separate trusts of the parish lands, such trusts consisting respectively of five

and nine of the principal people of the parish or neighbourhood.

The revenues of the Lapworth chantry thus created appear to have been derived from

two messuages, two carucates of land, twelve acres of meadow, and sixteen shillings rent (all lying in Toneworth), for maintenance of a priest to sing mass there every day to the honour of the Blessed Virgin, St. Thomas the M^artyr, and all saints ;

and Dugdale gives a further account of the settling of these on John Jory, and a list of all those for whose souls or good estate prayers were to be made. He adds that the yearly value of these lands in 37 Henry VIII. was £5 3s. 9d. We have no such lands now, so doubtless they were confiscated under Henry VIII. as being devoted to superstitious uses. They must have been of considerable extent, probably not less than two hundred acres. We cannot tell what quantity the carucate represented. It was, says Seebohm,

the land cultivated by a plough team, varying in acreage according to the lightness or heaviness of the soil, and according to the strength of the team. In some cases the carucate seems to be identical with the normal hide of 120 acres, but other instances show that it varied in area.

The value of the Lapworth living (apart from the chantry) was given in 26 Henry VIII. as only £9 9s. 7d., so that the chantry priest must have been in importance a formidable rival of the rector. He had also, we may suppose, in addition to his income as chantry priest, a separate income as chaplain, though from what sources a chaplain was paid we have no knowledge. The chantry had always its

own patrons, and was never in the gift of Merton College, as was the living of Lapworth. From the de Montfort family it seems to have passed into the gift of the Earls of Warwick, and thus we get in the list of its patrons (given in Thomas's *Dugdale*) two names famous in history :—

1450. Richard Nevill, Earl of Warwick (known as "the King-maker").

1473. George, Duke of Clarence, brother of King Richard III. (Shakespeare's "false, fleeting, perjured Clarence"—tradition's hapless victim of the malmsey butt).

The next Chaplain of Lapworth with whom we make acquaintance is William Hýkones. In 16 Richard II. (1393) Roger atte grene, who must then have been well stricken in years, enfeoffs him, together with John Brome and Richard Persones, in parish lands in the towns of "Lappworth, Notehurst and Henleye," which he had of the gift and feoffment of John in the Lone and . . . (seven others). The parish, therefore, at that time owned property in Henley which it has long since lost.

Two years later this chaplain is concerned with two others in granting a lease for three lives of certain land called "collerudynges," at the annual rent of 7s. 6d. I do not know the meaning of the name "collerudynges," unless it has reference to the land lying as it does on a slope of rising ground. The name has undergone vicissitudes since the time of Richard II. By an easily understood misreading it appears at one time as "Colerndinges." In the

early part of Elizabeth's reign it has become "Cold Rudding." In a schedule of 1699 it, having been divided, stands described as "Little Cole redding" and "Great Cole redding." In the latest list of the Charity properties it is "Little Cold Ridding" and "Big Cold Ridding," and the present tenant knows the fields as Little Redding and Big Redding, the word "Cold" having dropped out—a curious instance of how old names are changed and lost. The quantity at the present day is 12 a. or. 39 p., so that the rent was about $7\frac{1}{2}d.$ per acre, and it being church land the further services to the Lord of the Manor were probably very inconsiderable.

The only other Chaplain of Lapworth whose name occurs in this series of deeds is John of Aston, who in 1408 is enfeoffed by Sir Robert Horton (parson of the Church of Lapworth, acting as attorney for John de Brome), and put at the head of a new trust, just as we have seen the three preceding chaplains, John in the Lone, John Jory, and William Hykones, were at the head of trusts in their times. This confirms the opinion previously expressed that the chaplains took more especial charge of the secular affairs of their parishes. It is rarely that the rector appears in any of these transactions.

With the Greens, or "atte Grenes," we first made acquaintance in Roger, co-founder of our chantry under Edward III. The family appear to have taken firm root here. Through the sixteenth century we find them, after this series of our old deeds comes to an end, filling parish offices, feoffeships, etc. After the institution of the Parish Register (1561),

with the exception of a rather long break from 1570 to 1610, they are steady contributors thereto, without omission of a single decade, up to 1850-60. The name is, of course, so far a common one that we could not draw any positive conclusions from the surname alone. But the constant recurrence of the same Christian name points to heredity. Their continued holding, also, of parish offices and trusts shows them to have been principal parishioners and land-owners. When the Stratford-on-Avon Canal was constructed through the parish a hundred years ago, Isaac Green was one of those from whom land had to be acquired both here and in the parish of Tanworth. He was the last of many of the same Christian name, and his iron-railed tomb stands by our south porch, recording that he died in 1805 at the age of ninety-four. There is in the Register also the entry—

1712. Isaac ye son of Isaac and Mary Green.
Bapt. Sep. 9th.

Probably he lived in our village during the whole of the interval between those two dates, and it does not seem unreasonable to suppose that he may have come in direct descent from old Roger atte Grene. Five centuries is a good record, but the stock seems now to be worn out.

The parish "table of bequests," under date 1454, records that—

Elenor Ford, widow, gavø two closes and a meadow (called the Ford Fields) to this church.

Her family first appear here in the time of Edward III., 1360. Deeds of that date seem to have been

lodged in support of her title ; and her grants of 1454 still remain in good preservation. They show also that her name was not Elenor, but Ellen—in Latin Elena.

Incidentally these evidences of the widow Ford's title throw some curious light on the simple ways of the time. There are three deeds bearing date 1360 (evidently there should be four), and from them we learn that at that date one Theobold atteford was a widower at Nuthurst ; his son, Thomas, being at the same time settled at Lapworth. At the same time was living at Lapworth one Isabella, the widow of Thomas le Ro. By mid-July, 1360, the widow had, it appears, found herself ready to marry again, and Theobold of Nuthurst being also willing, they agreed together. But with a prudent desire that each one should keep control of his or her own property—for they both owned land in Nuthurst—their first step was to take measures to that end. And the way they set about it was for each of them to execute a deed of feoffment to Thomas le Persones and Walter atte Welle, feoffees of parish trusts in Lapworth.

Accordingly by this deed (dated at Nuthurst on the Monday within the feast of St. Margaret the Virgin—July 20th) Theobold grants and concedes to the before-mentioned Thomas and Walter “all his lands and tenements in Notehurst which fell to him by heredity,” and which are fully described ; to which grant five of his principal land-owning neighbours bear witness.

At the same time (though the deed does not survive) Isabella conveys to the same Thomas and Walter “all her lands in the town of Notehurst.”

Whereupon we may assume the marriage took place without further delay, inasmuch as we find about three weeks later two deeds bearing the same date (namely, at Notehurst on the Sunday next after the feast of the Assumption of the B.V.M.—August 15th) from the above-named feoffees to Theobold atte ford of N. and Isabella his wife. In the one they grant to the newly wedded pair all the lands of which they had been enfeoffed by Theobold, and in the other all those of which they had been enfeoffed by Isabella, inserting in each deed respectively a provision that if it should happen to them, the said Theobold and Isabella, to depart this life (*discidere in fata*) without heirs of their bodies lawfully begotten, then in the one deed what had been Theobald's property should pass to his heirs, and in the other what had been Isabella's should pass to her heirs. It was a friendly arrangement to keep the respective properties in their own families. The oddity of it is that it should be effected in this simple way through the medium of their neighbours. If the latter, as I am inclined to believe from other deeds, were also churchwardens, then though they did not do this in their official capacities, they would seem to have been regarded as general utility men, and employed in a much greater variety of business in the parish in those days than churchwardens are to-day. These bits of parchment, about nine inches by four inches, covered each with some six or seven lines of writing, were much simpler and much cheaper than marriage settlements are now, and probably were found to be quite as effectual.

The witnesses of this last pair of deeds are five of the principal local people. These five, on that Sunday morning in August, after they had heard mass in Lapworth Church (which served for Nut-hurst also), we may perhaps, without any great stretch of imagination, suppose to have walked over to the house of Theobold, where the deeds were dated, and there, with Thomas le Persones and Walter atte Welle, churchwardens or not, completed the business, and joined the feast of the newly wedded pair.

Theobold's descendant, the widow "Elena atte fford," in 1454, really left two separate bequests to the parish, which, through similarity of names, became by lapse of time confused. "Le ffordfeldes," the name of which did not long adhere to the land, were left absolutely to the church (*ad opus ecclie p'ochial' beate Marie virginis de Lappeworth*). "Le ffordes," which still bear the name of "Forden," were not so left, but the churchwardens were to pay thereout "yearly to God and the Church of the B.V.M. of Lapworth eight shillings sterling." The quantity of "le ffordes" out of which this rent was to be paid was then probably from 15 to 16 acres, so that we arrive again at 6*d.* an acre as about the average rent of those days. The rent reserved to the church was thus about its full value, but the parish might thereafter, it would seem, apply increased rental to other charitable uses. The quantity of this land now is 14 a. 3 r. 4 p. (there having been about an acre taken from it by deviation of the Birmingham road before mentioned towards

the end of the eighteenth century), and instead of 8s. it brings in £17. The road passed then to the east of the small farmhouse called the Brook House, at the corner of the road leading to Lapworth Church, instead of, as now, to the west.

The Ford bequests altogether were about 28 acres. The description in our table of bequests is incorrect; instead of two closes and a meadow, Elena Ford gave in all four fields and two meadows, all of which still belong to us.

The lane which runs from the Birmingham road to Lapworth Church used to be called Ford Lane, perhaps from this family,¹ perhaps from its being entered by a ford across the brook before a bridge existed, or perhaps we may need to go back further still, seeking the origin of the name in the fact that our village itself was Lapford before it was Lapworth, and is so written in *Domesday Book*. Ford Hall, in Tanworth parish, and not far from Nuthurst, may not improbably have been called from this old family. Whether "Forden," as the name of the fields beside the brook, preserves the name of the parish benefactor, or is due to the fields being bounded by the brook, we cannot say. Perhaps both influences have worked.

One John Barnturst, whom the widow Ford made her attorney for executing her bequests, was more properly Barnethurst. The name was subjected to numerous vagaries of spelling, as Barneshurst, Banhurst, etc. This John was a very important

¹ The seal is given on p. 227 of a deed of 1435 whereby "William vorde" makes over certain lands (which he had of the gift of his father) to his mother, "Ellen at ye vorde." "Vorde" probably preserves for us the then pronunciation of "Ford."

person in the parish in those days, and has *parcarius de Lappeworthe* appended to his name when it occurs as witness, being Henry VI.'s keeper of the Royal Park here, still held in remembrance by the farm called "Lapworth Park." That farm, and the adjoining land to the extent altogether of 452 acres, is tithe free at the present day, the exemption arising, doubtless, from its having been Crown land, and the Crown not paying tithe. The area thus exempt probably indicates the extent of the former park.

John Barnethurst's seal bears the letter **h** with a crown over it. (See illustration, p. 250.) He seems to have founded a family that was here about a century and a half, the name being of frequent occurrence in the Register up to about 1590, but not appearing later.

Of the Slyes we get the first entry in 1388. They were a family destined to very long continuance and importance in the parish, lasting, indeed, to almost our own day. A Nicholas Slye, as mentioned before, was churchwarden in 1480, and the chalice still used in Lapworth Church bears the inscription (without date) *ex dono Nicholas Slye*. It was, however, as shown by the hall-mark, the gift of a later Nicholas of the Commonwealth period. Of Roger Slye, who left lands to the parish in 1527, and whose will of that date survives, we shall have more to say later.

William Kettill, who seems to have been joined in trusts here, 1408-32, is called "of Snetfield" (Snitterfield), to which place he had removed from Lapworth, but is only noticeable, perhaps, because his seal appears to have been a kettle. (See illustration, p. 222.)

The table of bequests says that "George Ashby,

senr., gave lands for the maintenance of this church in 1440." The first mention we get of the family is of Thomas, the father of this George, in 1425; and of the latter we have many indications, in feoffeships and as witness, from that date to 1469. But the deeds by which his gift to the parish was made have not survived, nor have we anything which indicates for us the extent or position of the lands. Dugdale describes them as having been of no less extent than 106 acres, in Lapworth and Nuthurst, left to the then rector, Ralph Perot, and his successors, to provide a lamp to burn in the church and for other charitable uses. They would appear to have been confiscated to the Crown as being devoted to superstitious uses, and ought not to stand in our table of bequests, which is supposed to record only what we still possess. It seems, indeed, to err in both directions, omitting what we do possess as well as recording what we have lost.

The Asshebys appear to have been numerous here to the end of the fifteenth century, the name also contributing many entries to the Register from its commencement in 1561 until about 1660. Their record in Lapworth, therefore, was about two centuries and a quarter.

Sir John Hill (*D'ns Johannes Hylle*) was rector here from 1456 to 1488—thirty-two years. Our table of bequests says:—

1479. John Hill, Rector of this parish, purchased of Thomas Pratt lands and tenements, lying and being in Lapworth, Nuthurst and Beaudesert, for the maintenance of this church.

The deeds, five in number, which still survive show unmistakably that this statement is incorrect. Rector Hill did not purchase the lands. The parish benefactor was Thomas Pratt himself, of the old family that we know to have been here at the close of the twelfth century. Moreover, the lands in question were, along with others, the subject of a parish suit, just about a hundred years later (of which more hereafter), in which suit they are properly described as lands "of which Thomas Prat, deceased, did in the law of charitable devotion enfeoff one John Hill, John Aylesbury and others for the maintenance, sustentation and reparation of the parish church of Lapworth for ever." Parish documents of still later date also speak of this as "Prat's bequest," and it is difficult to understand how the truth could have been so entirely lost as to lead to the gift being ascribed to Rector Hill.

The lands thus bequeathed by Thomas Prat escaped confiscation after the Reformation, and are still part of the Charity Estates, about 20 acres in all. One of them is the "croft or coppice called Ulley," of which, under the name of Vlelega, we heard three hundred years earlier. Another portion comprised "eighteen selions lying dispersed in Cleycrofte, with the parcels or doles of meadow land thereto belonging, as per marks and boundaries there placed."

This Cleycrofte, which still retains its name, is interesting as the sole visible survival in the parish of the old system of dividing the open field into strips, which were owned alternately and cultivated by the jointly contributed labour of the village community. The plan of it¹ shows how it is divided into two parts

(separated now by a hedgerow), representing respectively the old arable, cut up into selions or ridges (the "lands" with which we are everywhere familiar), and the meadow "thereto belonging." It will be seen that we have four strips traversing what are now the two fields, the intervening strips belonging to a private owner, and with no defined boundaries between the two properties. But in the lower field, that is, in the old meadow land, there may still be found two of the old boundary stones (*metas et bundas*), of which there must have been eight at first. They project a foot or more above the ground,¹ and have probably been there since the days of Thomas Prat and Rector Hill. In the arable portion such boundary marks were unnecessary, as the variously owned strips were divided from each other by unploughed balks. The headland which gave common access to the strips and "doles of meadowing" is still well defined. We cannot, however, count up in "lands" anything like our eighteen selions, which must have been of irregular size. Our quantity is precisely the same now as it was in 1699, when a new survey was made of these, then called the Town-lands, the area of each strip being put down separately. The term "selions" had then apparently gone out of use, but mention is made of Big lands and Little lands, the whole said to be "lying dispersed in Cleycroft, with the meadow doles thereto adjoining," and it is put on record for the benefit of posterity (in the Parish Register) that "in 1709, John Grene divided y^e meadow in Claycroft from y^e arable by the cutting of a ditch."

¹ A photograph of one of these stones is given opposite.



BOUNDARY STONE IN MEADOW CALLED "CLEYCROFT"
MARKING DIVISION OF LAND INTO "SELIONS"

The rather striking name of Morteboys occurs as that of a witness in 1472, described as of "Pakwode." The name does not occur again in this series of our old deeds, but the family had evidently settled in our neighbourhood, perhaps remaining at Packwood for some time as their chief place. On the institution of the Register the name appears in the last decade of the sixteenth century and the first of the seventeenth, then after a little break reappears 1650-9, and continues, without intermission of a single decade, for two hundred years. It may still be read on grave-stones in our churchyard. The family owned land in Nuthurst as well as here, and are often described in the Register as of that place. In 1701 Isaac Morteboyes of Nuthurst leaves 5*s.* a year to the poor of this parish. The last of the Morteboyes who resided here was the parish schoolmaster within the memory of some still living in the parish who were his pupils. He was not only the last of his line, but of the old order of schoolmasters, his pupils being taught, before the erection of the present school buildings, in one of the cottages which were removed from the churchyard in 1892. He (John Morteboyes) had £20 a year for teaching school, and £5 a year for keeping the books and collecting the rents of the Charity Estates. He lived in, and owned, the house near the canal bridge, the garden of which house has long been noticeable for its quaintly clipped old yew trees, of which he was very proud. In 1844 he died, at the age of eighty-three, perhaps ending a line which had continued here nearly four centuries. Further, I cannot abstain from telling how, as recently as in 1896, the then occupier of this

same house had a call made on him late at night by a poor old parishioner, whose business was "to ask Mr. Morteboyes to write her a letter." More than fifty years after the old schoolmaster had been laid to rest in our churchyard, she, having outworn her wits, still remembered how he had written letters for her when she was a young woman.

There seems to have been, towards the end of the fifteenth century, rather a spirit of emulation in the parish as regards benefactions. Contemporary with Thomas Prat were the Skynners and the Underwoods, both of whom bequeathed lands. Symon Skynner belonged to a family of importance here, and at Little Alne, Sambourne, and elsewhere (according to Dugdale). Thomas Underwood is described as "Baxtere," and was also churchwarden. The lands they left still belong to us.

Some of the deeds which have survived through all these centuries concern themselves with very trivial matters. One grants a right of way ten feet in width alongside a certain field, the grantor binding himself and his heirs, under penalty of a hundred marks, not to obstruct the same. Another grants a hedge, and a mere next thereto lying, in "boddebrokes croft," and gives the exact measurement of length and width in feet and paces.

There are also several small parchments which take the shape of stays of action against the feoffees and churchwardens in respect of causes of complaint which the litigants (as they express it) have had, have, or might be thought to have, from the beginning of the world (*a principio mundi*) up to the day of making these presents.

One of these is dated at Banbury (1425). The Charity Trust at the present day includes a house at that place, though no record exists as to when or how it was acquired. There can be little doubt that it belonged to the parish at this date, and that three of the feoffees, whose names appear in the document, had journeyed to Banbury to settle some dispute which had arisen.

But perhaps the most curious of all these miscellaneous parchments is a little one of Henry IV.'s time (1412), being a power of attorney from William Amyson, "baxtere" (or as we should now call him, baker), and Alice his wife, of "Colleshull" (that is, Coleshill), to John Prat, of Lapworth, to collect for them a debt of 4*s.* 4*d.* from John Couper, of Packwood, "which he owes" (says the instrument) "to us for food purchased and had from us in time past." And John Prat is authorised to sue for the recovery of the same before any of the judges he thinks best, and to give a receipt and acquittance "as if we ourselves were present." Whether this 4*s.* 4*d.* was ever collected we shall never know, but it is certain that William Amyson must have been very angry about it. It is an odd little bit of history to have survived nearly five hundred years in our parish chest.

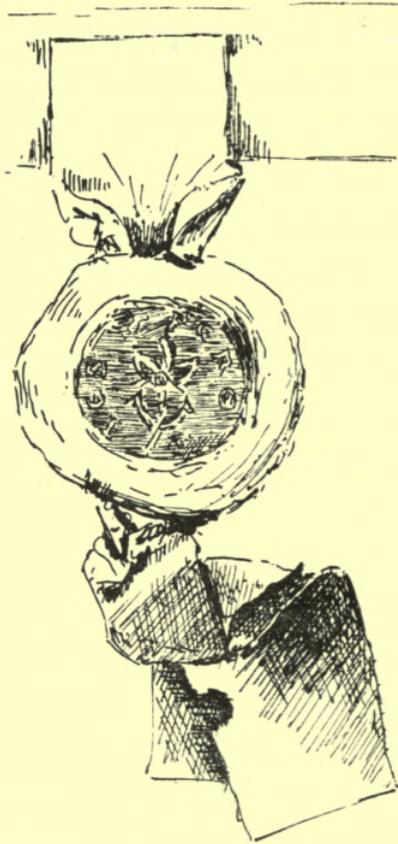
And with this memorial of William Amyson's unpaid bread bill of 4*s.* 4*d.* we close our examination of these ancient deeds. Extending as they do over more than three centuries (from c. 1190 to 1502), they furnish to amateurs a curious and interesting study in palæography. The variety of handwriting which we get within this period is very great. Some

of the oldest deeds are the easiest to read, and their ink the best preserved. We soon learn that though certain forms and rules of contraction are characteristic of certain definite periods, the extent to which these are used depends much upon the temper of the scribe. In this respect, however, our Lapworth deeds are, of course, different in no way from others. On the whole, they have been wonderfully well preserved, many of them being remarkably bright and clear, and as specimens of caligraphy quite perfect. They have probably never until now been the subject of any thorough examination. The condition of many of them when first inspected suggested that they had not been unfolded for centuries. They have been kept in six or seven small boxes, and these again in an iron chest which is much too full. The oldest box¹ is probably not less than four or five centuries old—a circular box of oak turned out of the solid, height $3\frac{3}{4}$ inches, diameter 5 inches, with a lid formerly tied on with leather thongs, of which only one remains. This ancient deed chest now, indeed, suggests a receptacle for tobacco rather than parchments. The others are chip boxes of quite modern appearance; yet some of them are inscribed in handwriting apparently of the Elizabethan period. Each box has clearly been at some time appropriated to the deeds relating to such properties as were named on the lid; but explorers who have taken the deeds out have found themselves unable to identify them and put them back again—which is the less surprising as in many cases the internal description of land is

¹ See illustration, p. 228.

only that it is *in campis de Lappeworth*. The result has been that each box has been tightly refilled with such deeds as came first to hand. They were all without endorsement, folded to a size of about two or two and a half inches by one inch. On the back of each I have now marked the date, so far as ascertainable.

With all their faults and their severe demands upon one's patience, a student leaves them with regret, for at any rate they are parchment, and to pass from sound parchment to paper decayed and ragged, and from the carefully formed letters of these old scribes to the handwriting of the time of Henry VIII. and Elizabeth, is grievous to flesh and spirit. On the other hand, there is a new interest in the latter, inasmuch as they begin to be, for the most part, in English.



Seal of deed, 1343
Agnes, widow of John le Corveser
to Richard, her son

FROM THE TIME OF THE REFORMATION
(*circa* 1527) TO 1688

“ . . . written down old with all the characters of age.”

HENRY IV., Part 2

CHAPTER III

FROM THE TIME OF THE REFORMATION (*circa* 1527) TO 1688

OF the reign of Henry VIII. not much has come down to us in our chest except the Will of Roger Slye, who stands in the table of bequests as having left in 1527 (18 Henry VIII.)

a cottage and lands to the poor and highways.

It consists of two sheets of paper stitched end on end, thus forming one continuous face of writing, 30 inches by 12 inches, and is clearly a contemporary copy supplied to the parish by way of title to the bequest. We strike in it a more distinctly personal and human note than we have had before. It contains many quaint and simple touches characteristic of its period, and is of further interest as showing the intimate relations subsisting between the testator and the families of Ferrers of Baddesley Clinton, the Catesbies, and the Lucys of Charlecote. It is, indeed, one of the most interesting of our memorials, and runs thus :—

THE WILL OF ROGER SLYE. (1527)

✠ In Daye nomyne. A men. y^e yere of owre Lord MV. & XXVII y^e XXIIJ day of . . . I Rogere Slye of wholle &

p'fytte mynde make this my laste Welle & Testam^t ase here afeter followeth. forst I be qwethe my sowle to Alle myghtie God & to owre lady saynte Mary & to alle y^e blessyd compene of hevyn & my body to be beryed in y^e chercheyerde of lape worthe be my father & mother & there to be dolte at my beryalle to pore pepolle xl^s peny dolle. Allso I be qwethe to y^e p'sone of lape worthe for tythes forgotton xij^d & to y^e mother cherche of Worseter iiij^d ¹ I wylle that my wyfe shalle have alle my landes in kyngeswode for terme of her lyfe & after her deycesse I wylle y^t she assyne some onyste man to have occupashon of thys lande telle y^e tyme y^t Rogere Slye y^e sonne of Ollyver Slye come to y^e ayge of xxiiij yeres & y^e profyt thereof to go to George Rogere & Margere Whelplay chelderyn of Margere Whelplay. Allso y^t she have parte of my porchesyd land in Lapeworthe gret Topesforde w^t a medowe lyeing thereto in lyke manar & forme ase she hathe othere landes before spessyfyed & y^e remaynder thereof to y^e s^d Rogere before mencyoned & to y^e ayeres malle of hys body lawfully begoton & for lake of ayeres malle of hys body lawfully begoton to remayn to Robert Slye & to y^e ayeres malle of hys body lawfully begoton & for y^e lake of ayeres malle of hys body lawfully begoton to remayne to James Slye & Richard Slye afeter y^e forme aforesayde. And yefe alle these aforesayd dye wetheowte ayeres malle of there bodyes lawfully begoton that then y^e s^d landes I wylle to be sowlde & y^e mone thereof to goe to y^e fynding of a pryst to syng at Saynt Caterynes awter in Lapeworthe Cherche to pray for y^e sowles of Nycholas Slye Ellyne Rogere Margaret hys wyfe & Ollyvere. It: I wylle y^t a cottage cawlyd Dyghtenes w^t iiij croftes & ij orchard plekes & vij landes in y^e owld fylde a crofte lying wythe in Syans fylde & a long slyng joyning thereto goe to soche usys ase here afeter foloweth: forste I wylle y^t a tapar be fownde be fore owere lady at y^e West ende of y^e cherche of Lapeworthe of vⁱⁱ waxe & y^t y^e p'son & y^e chawntreprest kepe a urbbete wonce in y^e yere & thay to have for ther labore iiij^d a pese & ij^d for y^e lyghte of y^e herse & a peny for ryngyng y^e grete belle & a masse peny allso I

¹ These bequests for "tithes forgotten" were common in wills of the period.

wylle y^t iij^s iiij^d be dawlte a pone good fryday to y^e pore pepulle of y^e same paryshe be y^e dyskreshon of y^e cherchemen for there tyme beyeng. Allso xx^d to ye mayntenynge of y^e rodelyghte Allso to y^e myndyng of y^e hye wayes be twene Harbere hethe & Lapeworthe cherche yerely xx^d & y^t to be done be y^e cherche wardynes for ther tyme beyeng to make ther a cownte be fore y^e paryshe at y^e cownte day & to have for ther labore viij^d Allso I wylle y^t y^e rest of y^e rentes be dronken at ther cownte day & pray for owere sowlles & alle Krystyn sowlles so y^t owere ladyes tapar be kepyd & mayntened for wythe vⁱⁱ of wexe for evarmore.

Thes be y^e fefares y^t be fefyd in thes landes be fore namyd to soche usys ase be fore be expressyd forst Sir Edward ferys kynghte Master Rychard Cattesbe ar. Wyllm lewse hary ferys John bewfoo Nykolas Knyghte John Lodebroke John Oldnalle Wyllm Asheby Robard banethrost Rogere Waw . . . John Raye. It: I welle whene viij of thes fefares be dede y^t y^e iiij y^t be . . . shalle make a newe fefement be y^e vyse of y^e p^rson & y^e parysh . . . & thay to make so mene a gene & so to conetenew for evare. Allso I wylle y^t my wyfe have my takyngs y^t I have & howld of Master Cometon to her & to her asynars Allso my takyng of Rowle I wylle she have y^e terme of her lyfe & she to do her best therewyth at her owne plessar Allso I welle y^t yerdly have my beste cotte a chamalate jackate a doblate of red sylke a payere of allemen revates a bowe & a shefe of arowes Allso to George Whelplay my best foryd gowne & a blake satyn doblate

It: to Elisabeth my servante a stere & a hayford of ij yeres ayge a pese & a wether shepe It: to Wyllm mawdele a stere & a hayford of ij yeres of ayge a pese It: to Thomas my servante ij yerelyng cavys ij shepe in y^e wolle It: to Jeffere trentames wyfe a shepe in y^e wolle and to her dowter a nother shepe in ye wolle. It: to Margyte lenard a nother good shepe in y^e wolle Allso John my servante a shepe in y^e wolle Allso to yong M thomas lewse a lytylle amblyng horse of a yere ayge & y^e resedewe of my shepe I gyfe & be qwethe to Margere Whelplay It: to Allys Slye my brotheres wyfe a hayford of ij yeres ayge It: to her three dowteres a cawfe a pese of a yere ayge It: yefe my wyfe dye be fore y^e sayd

Rogere Slye Ollyver Slyes son come to y^e ayge of xxiiij yeres y^t Sir John in wode John lodebroke John Oldnalle John Ray have y^e orderyng & lettynge of alle my forsayd landes & y^e profytes of theme remayne to y^e ewse of George Whelplayes chelderyn un to y^e forsayd Rogere come to y^e ayge of xxiiij yeres fully complyght provydyd alle ways y^t y^e reprayshene of y^e howsyng be yerly mayntaynyd w^t y^e profytes of y^e rentes at y^e dyskreshon of y^e sayd Sir John in wode John Oldnalle John Ray. Farthe I wylle y^t y^e forsayd John John & John at alle tymes conevenyante have y^e fyshynge of my polles & y^e mete feshe of theme to have theme at ther plessares levying y^e sayd polles sofyshantely storyd & to gyfe to Master ferys some tyme a deshe of y^e beste feshe ther takand. y^e resedewe of my gudes une be qwethyed my dettes payd I gyfe & be qwethe to Margyte my wyfe whome I make myne exekewtor Sir John in wode John lodebroke John Oldnalle George Whelplay joynte exekewtores w^t my wyfe & y^e sayd Sir John in wode to have for hys labore a joynyd tabulle y^t wase Sir thomas Slyes & y^e sayd lodebroke for hys labore xiiij^s iiij^d & to John Oldnalle a blake bulle of iij yeres of ayge and George Whelplay my grete gray gyldyng Allso Sir Edward ferys knyghte & my lady lewse of ther charges to be myne ovarseares of thys my last wylle yefe yt plese theme of ther goodenys & charyte to do so moche for me & y^e sayd M. ferys to have for hys labore a bay gyldyng of iij yeres of ayge & my lady lewse for her payne a nambyng horse foole of a yere of ayge & thys beryng wetnesse John Raye Nykolas Knyghte John Slye carvar John grysseowld Wyllm horsseley & Richard Slye.

(It may be noted that, in this will, "f" is always written, whether initial or not, in the form which we usually denote by "ff"; but as it is quite certain this was merely a form of "f" then in use and not intended to represent its duplication, it is here printed single. The forms which we usually print "y^e" and "y^t" for *the* and *that* are not written with "y," but

with a distinctly formed Saxon letter "thorn" (þ). The true "y" is always well made in its present form. Of capital letters, though here used for facility of reading, there are hardly any.)

In Daye nomyne, with which the will begins, preserves probably the pronunciation which the testator had been accustomed to hear from the priest.

The Sir Edward Ferys, Knight, who heads the list of the twelve "fefares" whom Roger Slye appoints to administer his trust, was the first of the line of Ferrers of Baddesley Clinton. "hary ferys" we should have supposed to be his son, but for the difficulty that Dugdale shows a son of that name as dying a year before this will is dated.

"my lady lewse," who was to have "a namblyng horse foole of a yere of ayge," was the widow of the second Sir Thomas Lucy of Charlecote, and mother of "Wyllm lewse" and of "yong M. thomas lewse," who was also to have "a lytylle amblyng horse of a yere ayge." By a previous marriage with George Catesby she was also mother of "Rychard Cattesbe," esquire (then Lord of the Manor of Lapworth, and knighted about 1537), so that the latter was half-brother to the two Lucys. Sir Richard Catesby was also member for Warwickshire in the famous Parliament of 30 Henry VIII. (1539), by which the monasteries were confiscated. In the year following he was made Sheriff of the county (Bridges' *Northamptonshire*).

Old Lady Lucy, indeed, was a dame of very notable connections. Daughter-in-law through her first husband of that William Catesby, Esquire (Shakespeare's "Sir William," though not apparently

knighted by anyone else), who ended his career with Bosworth field, she became through her son Sir Richard Catesby the great-great-grandmother of Robert Catesby the conspirator, while her son William Lucy became the father, and she the grandmother, of the third Sir Thomas Lucy, Shakespeare's and everybody's "Justice Shallow," between whom and the Catesbys there was thus a certain definable amount of cousinship.

"John bewfoo" (= Beaufoe, of Emscote) was son-in-law of Sir Edward Ferrers, having married his daughter Ursula. Altogether we see that the "fe-fares" were to a great extent a family party.

Of other names mentioned in the will, "Robard banethrost" would no doubt have been more correctly called "Barnethurst," of the Lapworth family of that name. "John Oldnalle" and Isabell his wife are buried in Rowington Church, their monument still remaining, though subjected to ill-treatment in Puritan times. "Sir thomas Slye," whose "joynyd tabulle" was left to Sir John in wode,¹ the chaplain, had himself been Chaplain of Lapworth.

The condition that when eight of the feoffees were dead the four that were left should make a new feoffment "be y^e vyse of y^e p'son and y^e parysh and thay to make so mene a gene and so to conetenew for evare," is the earliest trace we find of the mode of appointment of trustees of the Charity Estates, which continues to this day, except that the parish has long ceased to have any "vyse" in the matter.

¹ "In wode" becomes "Hynwood" in Hannett's *Forest of Arden*.

The fish pools, from which "Master ferys" was to have a dish of the best fish saved for him by the chaplain and his companions, were and still are at Brome Hall, where Roger Slye had succeeded the Bromes.

One would like to know why "Margyte lenard" was to have "a good shepe in y^e wolle," whereas the others were only ordered to have "a shepe in y^e wolle." The pair of *allemen revates* (German rivets) which Yerdly was to get, formed a piece of steel armour, a corslet or a cuirass, with sleeves and a headpiece, made of plates constructed to slide over each other with the bending of the arms and body. It protected the chest, arms, and neck, and was made in two pieces, and hence called "a pair."¹

The will shows us further that in Roger's day there was a large image of the Virgin at the west end of the church, life-size probably. The five stones which still remain as projections from the wall were doubtless the supports (or are renewals of what were the supports) of this figure.

Our church had at that time three altars—namely, the high altar of St. Mary the Virgin at the east end; that of St. Katherine in the chapel on the north side of the chancel; and that of St. James at the east end of the south aisle, the piscina of the last named still remaining in the south wall.

The oldest of our bells, of pre-Reformation date, bears the inscription, *Sancta Katerina ora pro nobis.*

¹ "Almain-rivets. A kind of light armour, first used in Germany, in which great flexibility was obtained by overlapping plates sliding on rivets." (*New English Dictionary.*)

In the course of the general restoration of the interior of the church, which was carried out in 1872, when the plaster was stripped from the north wall, nearly opposite the font, there was revealed another memorial of the same period in the very recognisable remains of a large figure of St. Christopher bearing on his shoulders the infant Christ. Unfortunately this old wall-painting faded very quickly, and no sketch of it was made, but portions of faint colouring, indicating its position, still remain upon the wall.

Altogether the hints we get from this will help us, without drawing too much upon our fancy, to realise Roger Slye as a bluff and hearty old English gentleman of his day, familiar with the best people of the neighbourhood, living in a patriarchal way down at Brome Hall, and remembering his servants by their Christian names: a rather stately and picturesque figure with his furred gown and his doublets of red and black satin, his martial accoutrements of steel and his bow and arrows. The good man did not know that within ten or twelve years of the time at which he then left his money and his land for the taper to burn before this image of our Lady, "and so to conetenev for evare," for the rood light, for the priest to say prayers for him and his relatives at St. Katherine's altar, all such bequests were to be confiscated to the Crown as being for superstitious uses. That portion of his bequest which was devoted to the poor and the highways was, however, probably preserved, though the land cannot now be identified with certainty. It will be noticed that his bequest for the highways was confined to those which lay between his house and the

church, Brome Hall lying on the border of what he calls Harbere Hethe. His name appears in the Register of Members of the Guild of St. Anne, of Knowle, under 1506, with that of his relative, Sir Thomas Sly :—

*Rogerus Sley et Margareta uxor ejus de Lapworthe
D'ns Thomas Sly Capellanus Cantarie de Lapworthe.¹*

Some of the papers of this period are hopelessly decayed and imperfect. One which bears, in a modern hand, the discreet and non-committal endorsement, "Mutilated document," may still be made to give up the further inscription :—

Inquisitio post mortem Thome Pratt Anno
XXVII Henrici VIIJ (1536)

It has been repaired by having a leaf of a child's copybook pasted on the back, which leaf may be perhaps a century later than the inquisition itself. The "copy" is repeated about fourteen times, and runs :—

Because that word and faithe with no degree wille stande,
Therefore, the Lawer saithe take writinge of there hande.

This was the sort of moral precept instilled into the young idea at Lapworth school. "Don't trust a man's word, but have his promise in writing."

This Thomas Pratt may have been son or grandson of the Thomas Pratt who left lands to the parish, as before described, in 1480. Enough can still be deciphered of the inquisition to show that it relates to lands formerly held by him of the respective Manors

¹ Thomas Sly had only two successors as chantry priest—(1) John in Wode, before mentioned ; and (2) Roger Coke, who, on the suppression of the chantry in 1553, was awarded a pension of £5 a year.

of Lapworth, Nuthurst, and "Bewdesart," and, in the description, we get the names of the Lords of such Manors and the then reputed values of the parcels of land. Thus he held of Rycharde Catysbye, *armiger* (who has been mentioned in Roger Slye's will), as of his manor of Lapworthe, land subject to a yearly payment of two shillings and two pounds of root ginger, and then "worth by the year, free of all outgoings and repairs, ten shillings"; of Alurede Trussell, *armiger*, as of his manor of Nuthurst, land under a yearly payment of four shillings, and then "worth by the year, free of outgoings &c, ten shillings"; and of Sir Edward Aston, Knight, as of his manor of "Bewdesart, land subject to homage only, of the net yearly value of twelve pence."

The document is so imperfect that further details cannot be made out, but it seems to have been in some way connected with a suit which arose at a later period regarding parish lands.

When we see upon an Ordnance Map¹ how the lands belonging to our Charity Estates are dotted about all over the parish (and on its borders) the fact is brought home to us very pointedly that such lands have been left by parishioners for parishioners. And, indeed, there is not one instance in which the lands have been left to the parish by an outsider, nor one in which lands have been left at all since the reign of Elizabeth. The fountains of benevolence in that particular shape seem to have practically dried up at that time. And doubtless this was in no small degree due to the ruthless way in

¹ See map in pocket at end of volume.

which charitable bequests had been then recently appropriated by the Crown.

I apprehend there are few rural parishes which can show a map so remarkable.

There can be little doubt that the first step towards amalgamation of the older trusts was made under Henry VIII. immediately after the Reformation. At that time the parish lost, as we know, various portions of its property as being land devoted to superstitious uses, and some of the trusts being thus broken up, it is most likely that the remainder were united under one body by higher authority.

An examination of the old feoffment deeds and leases of Elizabeth's reign impresses one with the idea that ponderous machinery was employed in those days to effect very small results, and illustrates the extreme tenacity and jealousy with which the parish, and we may suppose parishes generally, clung to such bequests.

A deed of feoffment constituting a new trust in 1563 is the earliest (unless we can consider Roger Slye's will to be such) that has survived in the form which, with little variation, has continued to this day. By it William Ashby, who describes himself as the sole survivor of an earlier trust body which had been enfeoffed by one Anthony Brome, at a date not mentioned, himself grants and enfeoffs to Humphrey Gower, *generosus*, and twenty-one others all the parish lands which had been held by him and his deceased co-feoffees. The list of the several properties gives the names of nearly all those with which the older deeds have made us familiar, and mentions others

which we cannot now identify. Of the twenty-two persons thus enfeoffed all save one, Roger Edgworth, of Warwick, *generosus*, appear to have been parishioners of Lapworth, of the yeoman or husbandman class.

But notwithstanding the creation of this large new trust body of 1563, we find that only four years later (1567) another entirely new trust of seventeen members is established by John Collett to take charge of a bequest then made by him. He describes himself in his deed as "of Nuthurst, yeoman." But as his house adjoined the Birmingham road, where the blacksmith's shop now stands on Lapworth hill, he was only just outside our parish. He describes all the seventeen whom he enfeoffs as "husbandmen," fourteen being of Lapworth and three of Nuthurst. Ten were members of the body described above, but seven were not. He was not minded to trust his gift to any but men of his own class and his own choosing, though it was but one field. He seems to have selected it because it joined on to other land already belonging to the parish. He bought it from John Trussell of Byllesley, *armiger*, for £6 13s. 4d., as is attested by the said John Trussell's power of attorney, still existing. As the quantity was 3 a. o r. 14 p., the price therefore was about £2 4s. per acre. The field lying immediately behind his own house and being previously in his own occupation, he knew it, no doubt, for a bit of good land. (The valuation of 1814 put it at 36s. per acre per annum rental.)

He allowed considerable latitude as to the employment of the proceeds of his bequest, defining his

wishes by a schedule in English which is appended to his Latin deed of feoffment. He says :—

The intent and meaning of this my present feoffment is that my said feoffees shall from henceforth stand and be seised to them and to their heirs for ever of and in the said close or croft of land with the appurtenances mentioned in the said feoffment : Provided always notwithstanding that the issues, profits and revenues arising, coming or growing in, of or upon the said close or croft of land shall for ever be yearly levied and taken by the churchwardens of the parish church of Lapworth and their successors for the time being, and so being by them levied, received and taken the one moiety thereof to be converted, bestowed and employed to the behoof, sustentation and relief of the poor people and needy inhabitants of Lapworth, and the other moiety to be delivered to the churchwardens of Nuthurst and their successors for the time being, to be by them given and employed in like manner to the behoof, sustentation and relief of the poor people and needy inhabitants of Nuthurst. The Gift, distribution and dispensation of the value of the same rents and other profits coming and growing of the premises aforesaid to be made, divided, dealt and given by the said churchwardens amongst the said poor people yearly on the Friday next before Easter Day, commonly called Good Friday ; or else to convert and employ the rents and profits aforesaid towards the reparation and maintenance of the churches of Lapworth and Nuthurst ; or else towards the repairing and mending of the common highways within the said parishes, according to the discretion and appointment of both the said churchwardens and their successors : Moreover the will and desire of the said John Collett is that when it please Almighty God to take out of this world all the said feoffees except four persons, then the said four persons so overliving their cofeoffees shall within one half year next after the decease of the overliver of the same other feoffees deceased by their deed sufficiently in law, with a like schedule to the same to be annexed, enfeoff as many other persons or twelve at least, parishioners of Lapworth or others, to the same purposes and intents as are contained in this present feoffment.

The church of Nuthurst, for reparation of which John Collett thus made provision in 1567, had a much more important bequest made to it in the same year (according to Dugdale) by Edmund Fulwood, of Tanworth. It afterwards, but at what time is not known, fell into entire decay, and in the early part of the eighteenth century had become a ruin. It is not now known with certainty where it stood, but most probably the ruins were removed to make room for the existing (but disused) mortuary chapel near the obelisk.

Cumbrous as these numerous trust bodies appear to us (and we shall find there were others existing here along with these), there was probably little difficulty attending their ordinary working. The actual control, letting and management of the several pieces of land, etc., were left in the hands of the churchwardens or of collectors appointed on behalf of the parish from year to year. It will be remembered that in 2 Edward IV. (1462) Richard Browne and Thomas Sly describe themselves as "collectors for this year of the rents of all the lands and tenements belonging to the church of the Blessed Mary of Lapworth, with the assent and consent of all the parishioners of the said town." The feoffees existed only for the purpose of making it difficult, and, indeed, well-nigh impossible, to alienate the parish properties, and the larger the trust body the more difficult such alienation was supposed to be.

That the risk of alienation, notwithstanding all these precautions, was a real and serious one is apparent from particulars that have survived of a

parish suit of the time of Elizabeth. The papers are without date, endorsed "Bill into the Chauncery v'sus Thomas Grymshawe," but the application is made to Sir Nicholas Bacon (father of the famous Sir Francis Bacon, afterwards Lord Verulam), whose Lord Keepership extended from 1558 to 1578. They show that the angry passions of the parish were roused to the extent of bringing forth much strong language, which is now so toned down by time as to have become amusing, and the record of it worth preserving :—

[Case and application for a Writ of Sub-poena against Thomas Grymshawe, of Packwood.]

To the right Honorable Sir Nicolas Bacon, knight, Lord Keeper of the great Seale of England.

In most humble wise complayning shew unto your honorable Lordship your daily orators Humphrey Gower, William Ashbye, George Walker, Thomas Slye, Will^m Latchford, Will^m Walton, John Smyth, Thomas Mountford, John Wheler, John Green, Will^m Bosworth, and other of the poor parishioners of Lapworth in the Co. of Warw^k, that whereas one Thomas Prat, deceased, and others about an hundred years past by several conveyances in the law of charitable devotion did enfeof one John Hill, John Ailesbury and others of and in certain lands, tenements and hereditaments sett, lying and being in Lapworth aforesaid, to th' use and intent that the said feoffees and their heirs should stand seised to the use and intent following, that is to say that the said feoffees and their heirs should employ all the profits of the said lands to the maintenance, sustentation and reparation of the parish church of Lapworth for ever, as that may appear by a certain deed of feoffment of trust made unto certain feoffees of the same, which said land and hereditaments so given and granted to the uses and

intents aforesaid have been continually from time to time always by the said feoffees and others having the said lands to the uses aforesaid employed in and about the reparation of the said church accordingly, now of late, so it is (right Honorable good Lord) that Thomas Grymshawe of Pacwode in the said Co: of Warw^k, yoman, one of the feoffees of the said lands to the uses and intents aforesaid, and certain of divers and sundry other feoffees being put in trust by the parishioners of the said parish of Lapworth, being often moved, requested and solicited by your said orators to make a lawful conveyance of the said lands unto such other feoffees as your said orators should know to be honest men of good reputation and void of corruption, for further reservation and continuation of the said lands to the uses, purposes and intents above specified, hath, contrary to the trust and confidence to him in that behalf committed, hitherto refused so to do But of corrupt conscience, covetous practice and unjust dealing, and tendering only his own private lucre and commodity, hath, contrary to the good-will of all your said orators, made a lease of the said lands unto his son Nicolas Grymshawe for the term of 21 years, and hath received a sum of money of the said Nicolas by the name of a fine for the same to his own proper use and behoof, and hath also, upon the expiration of the said lease of 21 years made to the said Nicolas, made an other lease of the said land for many more years, the certain term whereof your orators as yet know not :

Whereupon your said orators, understanding the injurious and corrupt devices of the said Thomas G. and mistrusting lest he of his malicious and covetous mind would wholly convert and alyene the right and title of the premises to some other use and intent (studying only his private profit and gain) then the same have been hitherto and of right ought hereafter to be employed, have by all gentle means they could requested the said Thomas G. to demean himself in this behalf according to the trust to him committed, which said Thomas notwithstanding hath of late openly and in the hearing of divers in divers and sundry places by way of manasinge threatened your said orators that whereas he was

the survivor of the feoffees, and that the whole right and title of the premises remained in him only, he would not only lett and sett the same at his pleasure, but also would sell the same unless we, your said orators, would for his good-will in yielding to make a new deed of feoffment give him such a sum of money (to his own use) as he might demand, your said orators therefore, willing rather to purchase quietness at their common charge at home than to molest and trouble this Honorable court in enforming the same of the unjust dealing and odyous demayner of the said T.G., were contented to rempermytt the matter to the arbitrament and order of four honest men, Will^m Ashbye, George Walker, Tho^s Busby, and Hugh Avern, who concluded and agreed that we your said orators should content and pay unto the said Nicolas Grymshawe, son of the said Thomas, for his lease x^{li} vj^s viij^d in consideration whereof the said Nicolas promised to all your said orators that he would be ready at all times to do all and every act and acts that the counsel learned in the law of your said orators should direct or advise in the assignment of the same, whereupon xl^s was paid forthwith to the said Nicolas by your said orators, and for the viij^{li} vj^s viij^d rest of the said sum of x^{li} vj^s viij^d the said N. G. hath a bond of debt made, sealed and delivered to him by the said W^m Ashbye and Geo: Walker, two of your said orators, which for default of payment he, the said Nicolas, hath put in suit to the great vexation and trouble of your said poor orators, refusing utterly notwithstanding to yield up his said lease or to make any assignment over of the same, according as he promised to the said arbitrators and to your orators. And the said Thomas G. the father also utterly refused to seal any new deed of feoffment unless we your said orators would give him iiij^{li} more in present money, which we your said orators have already paid him, yet nevertheless he still refuseth to seal any such feoffment.

Whereupon your said orators by way of complaynte made humble suit unto the Right Honorable the Lord Wyndsore, being then in that country, that it would please his Lordship to call the said Tho: Gry: before him and to examine him of the cause of his delays and covetous dealings, which

his Lordship did accordingly, who proving upon the examination of the matter the crafty practices and untollerable corruption of the said Tho: Gry: thought rather then he should deal therein to refer the matter to the consideration of this Honorable Court, when good order might be taken for the punishment of such heynous crimes to the example of all other the like offenders. We therefore, your said humble suppliants and poor orators, tendering chiefly the commodity of the church and fearing lest by the sinister meands and practices of the said Tho: Gry: the said lands given to the same should be alyened and sold from the same for ever, most humbly besechen your good Honorable Lordship that it now please the same to grant a writ of sub pena out of this Honorable Court to be directed to the said Tho: G: calling him into the same to answer unto the premises: and we your said poor orators shall most humbly pray unto Almighty God for the preservation of your good lordship in prosperous estate.

To these charges Thomas Grymshawe, who describes himself as "beinge olde and impotent," makes answer at great length, substantially denying all that is brought against him, and avowing himself to be vexed at heart through being made the subject of such "unjust and malicious slanders, troubles and charges in law."

Further he declares he hath "of his own free and voluntary will, for the discharge of his conscience and performance of the trust reposed in him, already by his deed of feoffment" conveyed the lands in question to Edmunde Catesby, Edward Catesby, and John Catesby, gentilmen, and seventeen others (whom he names, parishioners of Lapworth), "being men all honest and most worthy of trust of any in the said parish in the judgment of the defendant"; but admits that he had

refused to enfeoff some of the plaintiffs "because he did not think them to be worthy of trust, suspecting them covetously to seek their own private gain and not the continuance of the pious uses and intents." [The fact was he had made a show of executing such feoffment after the complaint was lodged.]

Further, he more especially denies having ever received money to his own use, and "prayeth to be dismissed out of the right Honorable court with his reasonable costs herein wrongfullie sustayned."

Then follows "The replicacion of Humphrie Gower, Will^m Ashbye and others to the aunswer of Tho^s Grymshawe," in which they reiterate their charges and enforce them with unpleasant additions; namely, that Nicolas the son had confessed "in the hearing of ten or twelve honest men" that his father had had from him the money paid for surrender of the lease, and

also they sayen that the said Thomas G. was not sick or under any infirmity of body, but in very good state to travel, and could have attended the Honorable Court in person if he had been so minded. And without that that¹ the defendant hath untruly alleged in his answer that he hath enfeoffed the said lands to the persons whom he names to their proper uses and intents. All which the said complainants do again aver and will prove as this Honorable Court shall award.

Finally, there has survived the actual assignation of his lease (8 Elizabeth, 1565) by Nicolas Grymshawe, to William Ashby and others, of the lands in question,

¹ This curious phrase, meaning "further," with which nearly every paragraph of the pleadings begins, is a literal rendering of the customary forms used in the older Latin pleadings, *Et absque hoc quod*.

the consideration money being £10 6s. 8d., "whereof the said Nicolas enologyth himself to be satisfied and paid."

There seems, therefore, to be no doubt that the charges against crafty old Thomas Grymshawe were fully proved, and that the parish narrowly escaped losing these lands.

That this suit was the cause of great excitement in the parish may be well imagined, but it would appear to have interested a wider area, and accordingly we find by an indenture of lease dated a few years later (namely, in 1573) that the lands which had thus been the subject of contest had become vested in a trust body of theretofore unheard-of extent and notability. The parish and neighbourhood had apparently determined that this particular bequest should, at any rate, run no further risk of being purloined.

At the head of this new trust we get "S^r Thomas Lucye, Knight" (thus connecting the Charlecote Justice of the Peace with us in a way not previously known); and whereas other feoffments seem to have been jealously confined, or nearly confined, to parishioners of the yeoman class, this, owing doubtless to what had gone before, includes a large number of the chief landed gentry of the neighbourhood. Among his colleagues are Henry, Lord Compton (raised to a Barony in the year previous); two of the Throckmortons of Coughton Court; three of the Somervilles of Edston, namely, John the elder, John the younger, and William his brother, afterwards knighted; William Catesbye, esquier, then Lord of the Manor of Lapworth (afterwards Sir William, and father of Robert the

conspirator), and with him no fewer than five other Catesbys—George, Richard, Edmund, Edward, and John, whose relationship amongst each other we cannot make out, though (from the pedigrees given in Dugdale and in Bridges' *Northamptonshire*) some of them were probably sons of the Sir Richard Catesby mentioned in connection with the will of Roger Slye. Besides these there was Thomas Dabridgecourt, of a noted family of Solihull;¹ Roger Edgworthe of Warwick, gentleman; Richard Veele, clerk; after whom come the names of twenty-three others, mostly, but not all, parishioners of Lapworth, including many who had been concerned in the antecedent suit, and members of the Ashby trust of 1563.

Nearly all the more important people who are thus shown as the associates of Sir Thomas Lucy in this parish trust of ours were of families noted for their zealous adherence to the old religion, and it is not unlikely that his kinship with the Catesbys had induced him to accept the position. Ten years later, when Sir Thomas was known rather as a zealot of the new religion than the old, there was a much less happy connection between the knight and John Somerville the younger, his co-feoffee, for he is seen to be then instrumental in the arrest and sending of the young man to London under a charge of treasonable conspiracy against the life of Elizabeth the Queen. Somerville, who, by the accounts that have survived, seems to have been quite crazy, was, with several

¹ The monument of Thomas Dabridgecourt named above is figured by Dugdale, and still remains in Solihull Church, with a quaint inscription. He was Lord of the Manor of Chilvers Coton, in George Eliot's land.

others, condemned to suffer death at Tyburn, and escaped that doom only by strangling himself in his cell. His wife, who had been convicted and sentenced with him, was pardoned.¹

The indenture of lease witnesseth that the said S^r Thomas Lucye and the others, "by the assent and consent of the more part of the honest men parishioners of Lapworth, have graunted and do graunten, demysen, setten and to farme letten" to Symon Baldwyn of Packwood the lands in Nuthurst, Lapworth and Beaudesert, which had been the subject of the suit before named, for the term of twenty-two years, he "yielding to the said S^r Thomas Lucye (& his co-foffees) or to the churchwardens of the parish church of Lapworth for the tyme being the some of Twentie & four shillings . . . at thre times of the yere . . . by even porcions."

The rent being of the same amount as in Nicolas Grymshawe's lease, and made payable as above either to the feoffees or to the churchwardens, we may conclude the management was really left in the hands of the latter.

We get a trace of the great upheaval and overthrow which, under Henry VIII. and Edward VI., had taken place by the confiscation of monasteries, chantries, guilds, etc., in the shape of certain Articles of Enquiry, undated, addressed to the parish some time during the earlier years of Elizabeth's reign. The estates of the great abbeys and monastic institutions having been dealt with, the time had arrived for look-

¹ These facts were set out by Mrs. C. C. Stopes in the *Athenæum*, February 8th, 1896.

ing up the smaller endowments and properties which had hitherto escaped attention. The parish is ordered forthwith to make a return to the Crown of all concealed lands or properties. By "concealed lands" was meant any lands which had formerly belonged to a monastery or other religious corporation which had been dissolved by the Act passed in the twenty-seventh year of the reign of King Henry VIII., or Acts subsequent, and had not been delivered over to the Crown.

It will be seen that the Articles are so searching and minute that little could escape them. There is nothing to show from whom the document proceeded or to whom it was addressed, there being no heading or signature. Probably it was a common form sent to parishes throughout the kingdom :—

Fforst you shall enquere of all lands tenements meadows pastures woods underwoods reversions & hereditaments within your parisshe which heretofore did belong or apperteyn to any late monasterie or priorie & were reputed & taken as parcell or member of the same which before this tyme ought to have come to hands and possession of the late King of famous memorie King Henry the eighth or King Edward the sixth Quene Marie or to the Quene's Majestie that now is by the dissolution of the same by force of two several Acts of Parliament made at Westminster in the 27th and 30th yeres of the said late King Henry the 8th which have been or be concealed & wrongfully detayned from her Majestie her said father borother & sister of what yearly value the same is and in whose tenure and occupacon

Item of all colledges chaunteries free chapels chapels of ease within your parisshe having been within 5 yeres next

before the 4th daie of November Anno primo Regis Edwardi sexti and of all manors lands tenements Rents tythes pencons porcons and other hereditaments to them or any of them belonging which ought to come to hands of the quenes ma^{tie} by force of any acts of p'liam^t made for the dissolution of the same in the first yere of the reigne of the said late King E. or wh: by any weis or meanes were dessolvyd or extinguysshed sythe the 4th daie of Februarie in the 27th yere of King Henry the 8th being yet conceled from her highness & so have been from her said brother and syster

- Item what lands & tenements & hereditaments were appoynted to the finding of a priest for ever & wherewith eny prist hath ben maynteined or found at eny tyme within the said fyve yeres wh: were not in the reall possession of the late King E the 6th nor quene Marye nor yet become to the quenes ma^{tie} that now is
- Item what annuall rents proffitts or emoluments at eny (time) within the said 5 yeres have ben demised (?) by eny towards the finding of eny stypendarie priest entended by eny acte or wryting to have contynuaunce for ever yet conceled from her hyghnes have been conceled from her graces said father brother & sister
- Item what lands tenemts & hereditmts proffitts & other things have been by eny conveyance appoynted to the finding of a priest for yeres & wherewith eny priest hath been found within 5 yeres lykewise conceled from her highness as before is said
- Item what lands tenemts & hereditmts have been appoynted wholly to fynding of eny rosarie (?) obit lyghte lampe or eny other lyke entent or purpose for ever wh: have ben kept within the said 5 yeres yet concealed have ben concealed from her graces brother & sister
- Item wheras parte of th'issues of suche lands were appoynted to thentents aforesaid for ever that then you do enquire what the greatist some of money hath ben employed about the entents aforesaid in eny one yere within

5 yeres abovesaid yet concealed from her highness and have ben concealed from her graces said brother and syster

- Item you shall enquire what somes of money & proffitts by eny manner of conveiaunce were appoynted to have contynuaunce for ever & what was the gretist some that in eny one of the said 5 yeres were employed by eny corporacon fraternytie companye or felowshipp of mysteries or crafte towards the fynding of eny priest eny rosarie (?) lyght lamp or other lyk thing yet concealed from her highness and have ben concealed from her graces brother & sister
- Item how many brother heds, guyls & fraternyties not being felowships of mysteries or craftes be within your said parisshe & what lands tenemts & hereditmts belonging to eny of them yet conceled from her highnes & have been concealed from her graces said brother & sister
- Item what goods cattels plate jewels ornaments or other movables late belonging to any of the said colledges chaunteries free chapells or stypendarie priest for the furnyture of their severall fundacons are yet withholden from her ma^{tie} by whom & of what value
- Item of all lands tenemts hereditmts goods & catels wh: ought to come to the quenes ma^{tie} by reson of any attainder or forfeiture of eny person or persons by treson felony or murder of or suche lyke offense or offenses wh: are concealed from her ma^{tie} or have ben concealed
- Item of all lands tenemts & hereditmts wh: ought to come to the quene's ma^{tie} hands by waye of eschete vid^t if eny person or persons being borne without the quenes domynions dying (?) within the same gave eny man lands or tenemts to them & their heires foren without the speciall license of their prince or us eny person or persons holding any lands or tenemts of the quenes ma^{tie} have died thereof seased without heires generall

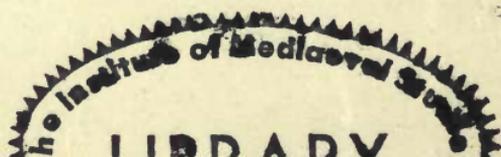
or speciall whereby the same lands ought to eschete to her highnes or graces progenitors & are conceled or wrongfully deteyned from her ma^{tie} & her said progenitors

Item you shall enquere generallie of all lands tenemts & hereditmts gyven by eny of the quenes ma^{ties} most noble progenitors to eny person or persons for terme of liese or lyves or in tail wh: ought to revert & come to her highnes hands by eny manner of meanes or weys in reversion or . . . & have ben or be concealed & wrongfully deteyned from her highnes or from her graces most noble progenitors & yf eny suche be . . . then to enquere where the same do lye & in whose possession the same is & to what use the same was furst gyven and appoynted togyuyther with the clere yerely value thereof & who taketh proffitt of the same

Item you shall enquere of all lands & tenemts commonly called towne lands or church lands & certifie to what uses the same were first gyven and by whom & by what conveiance & of whom the same lands are holden & by what rent or service & whether the uses have been chaunged & altered or not

What reply was made by the parish authorities to these Articles of Enquiry we have no means of knowing, but they appear to have been connected with a suit in which the parish was involved, and which was before the Court of Exchequer from time to time during the three years 18, 19 & 20 Elizabeth (1576-8).

The proceedings are interesting because in them is made repeated mention of a "Guild or Fraternity of the Holy Cross of Lapworth," of the existence of which there is at present, so far as I have been able to discover, absolutely no other evidence. The papers that have survived form a considerable bundle, but are



so mutilated, decayed, and incomplete that they fail to yield a connected story.

They are endorsed in an old hand, "Walton's suit about the Town land"; are all in Latin; and from the opening statement of the Attorney-General it will be seen that Lapworth's small delinquency is conjoined, for what reason never appears, with more important alleged delinquencies of Birmingham and Edgbaston touching lands of Lench's Trust and lands now, perhaps, of King Edward's Grammar School, Birmingham:—

EXCHEQUER COURT: HOLY TRINITY TERM:

AN: XVIII. REG: ELIZ:

Memoranda, that Gilbert Gerrard Esq, now Attorney General to our Lady the Queen, who on behalf of the same our Lady the Queen conducteth the present prosecution, attendeth in his own person in this Court on the 8th day of July; and on behalf of the same our Lady the Queen he hath given to the Court this intelligence and information. That is to say, that all those parcels of lands, meadows, feedings, pastures & hereditaments lying and being within the town, parish and fields of Birmingham and Bordesley in the County of Warwick, that is to say 6 acres of land and 6 acres of pasture with the appurtenances in Birm^m aforesaid and 20 acres of land & 20 acres of pasture with the appurten^s in Bordesley afores^d, now or lately in the tenure or occupation of Will^m Paynton or his assigns, formerly given & granted by Will^m Lynche & Agnes his wife for the support and maintainance of an obit lamp, lights, a priest celebrant & other superstitious uses in the parish church of St: Martin in Birm^m afs^d and other religious rites there to be had & celebrated; and all those parcels of land & pastures with the appurt^s in Edgebaston in the afs^d co: of Warw^k, namely 20 acres of land & 20 acres of pasture now or lately in the tenure or occupⁿ of Robt Middlemore or his assigns, lately

belonging or appertaining to the Guild or Fraternity of the Holy Cross in Birm^m afs^d: together with a cottage and the appurtenances thereof lying and being in Lapworth in the said County of Warw^k, now or lately in the tenure or occupation of William Walton or his assigns, and formerly belonging and appertaining to the Guild or Fraternity of the Holy Cross in Lapworth aforesaid;—were on the 20th day of January in the first year of our Lady the Queen that now is, and before and afterwards, in the hands and possession of our said lady the Queen and sh^d be now in her possession as in right of her crown of England by reason & force of a certain Act of Parliament made & enacted in the 1st year of the reign of King Edw: VI. for the dissolution of chantries, colleges & other confiliations as in the records, rolls and memoranda of this Court more fully appeareth. Which notwithstanding, one John Harrison, Richard Middlemore and William Walton, lieges of our Lady the Queen, have since the said 20th day of January in the year first above written into & upon possession of the said premises entered and intruded & taken the profits thence proceeding to their own proper use, & this their transgression hath continued to this time & doth still continue in contempt of our said Lady the Queen & contrary to her laws. Considering which things the Attorney of our Lady the Queen on her behalf asketh the interference of the court in the premisses and prayeth that the said John, Richard & William may come here and answer to our Lady the Queen in the premisses.

Two days later the summons is issued to the three defendants, over the signature of C. T. Saunders, K^t, Westminster, returnable at Michaelmas term following.

The Lapworth papers are, as before stated, very imperfect and in many parts illegible, and do not appear to have ever included any statement of evidence given. No further mention is made in them of the Birmingham defendants, but we gather

that there were many hearings spread over about three years. William Walton seems to have become disagreeably familiar with London, as the phrase frequently recurs "at which day the same William came here in his proper person," only, it would seem, to hear of fresh adjournments. He would appear to have pleaded that as regards the Lapworth property he was blameless, inasmuch as, before the date of the intrusion and transgression charged against him, a certain William Ashebie was seised of and in the aforesaid messuage with its appurtenances, and that he (Walton) held the same from him under a lease for a term of years, by written indenture which he would produce.

Some of the proceedings seem to have taken the shape of inquiries remitted to local juries at Warwick. On one occasion the name of Sir William Catesby is mentioned as making return of such a panel, and on another Sir Thomas Lucy (1579) reports to the Barons of Exchequer how another jury had made or ordered a distraint that had proved ineffectual on the goods and chattels of the said Walton. The papers end half-way, apparently in a decree of further distraint. It would seem that he had lost his case, at any rate for the time, and been unable to pay his costs.

The Lapworth papers give no further light on the matter, but a contemporary document relating to the same suit has been preserved in connection with the Birmingham properties.¹ It is only a memorandum

¹ It is through the kindness of Mr. Joseph Hill of Birmingham that a copy of this document is supplied.

of the nature of the charges against the three defendants with short notes of the way in which it was intended to meet them, and does not carry the story so far as any positive hearing. The actual informer (or "follower," as he is called) seems to have been one "Nicholas Bayly." The defence as regards the Birmingham properties is immaterial to us here. As regards Lapworth the line of defence is indicated by brief memoranda as follows:—

William Walton pleads as to the message &c in Lapworth that Will^m Ashby leased this to him for . . . years and traverses that there is not any cottage in Lapworth in his tenure belonging to the Guild in Lapworth.

A witness (Thomas Slye) to prove no Guild there.

Memorandum: "The jury know this."

To produce copy of an inquisition by virtue of a writ *ad quod damnum* before the Escheator that the land was given to feoffees for the reparation of the church of Lapworth.

Also a feoffm^t in 6 Eliz: by W^m Ashbye, heir of the survivor of the feoffees, for the reparation of the church and highways and relief of the poor.

Memorandum: "The church coffer robbed forty years past," &c.

The defence, it will be seen, was simply that the Guild of the Holy Cross of Lapworth was a myth—that there had never been any such guild.

And much as I should like to have established the interesting fact that there was a guild here, as at Knowle and at Henley-in-Arden, it seems almost

beyond doubt that the defence was a true one. The remark, "The jury know this," points to the fact being of common notoriety.

The witness, "Thomas Slye," was one of the parish feoffees.

The inquisition to be produced may have been that already described as bearing date 1536. Ashby's feoffment of 6 Elizabeth has been previously described, and mentions what seems to be the land in question as parish property.

Further, it is hardly conceivable that had such a guild existed we could have failed to find the name of some one or more of its masters as witnesses of parish deeds. Dugdale's silence, too, is significant. On the whole, the reasonable conclusion seems to be that Lapworth never had a guild, but that Nicholas Bayly, the informer of the Crown, had discovered a mare's nest.

One would like to know what papers disappeared in the robbery of our church coffer here mentioned. They might, perhaps, have helped us to clearer knowledge of this business.

How, with such an answer as is indicated above, the case could go on for three years, and end, as it did, adversely to Walton, it is difficult to understand. We must conclude there were weak points in the conduct either of the parish or of Walton with which we are not acquainted. The latter has left a rather pathetic record in the shape of one of his bills of charges, which runs thus:—

The charges of Willm Walton towchinge the informaçon made ageynste hym in the eschequer Teñis Michis Anno xviii Elizabethe Regine.

Imprimis for the Warden of the ffleete his ffee	. . . . .	ij ^s iiij ^d
Itm for the Attorneys ffee	. . . . .	iiij ^s iiij ^d
Itm for recordinge his appurance	. . . . .	iiij ^d
Itm for his Baile w th suerties	. . . . .	ij ^s viij ^d
Itm for a copie of the Declaraçon	. . . . .	vi ^d
Itm for the counsellors ffee	. . . . .	x ^s
Itm for the order of the courte	. . . . .	ij ^s
Itm given to Mr. Eaton my Lorde chiefe Baron his man for his advyse	. . . . .	x ^s
Itm to Wr Bothe for sollicitinge the said matter	. . . . .	ij ^s
Sum total	. . . . .	<u>xxxiiij^s ij^d</u>

Whych I have lane upon myne one charge when I wase at London iij wekes & iij days.

And with this record of his ineffectual though liberal fee to "My Lorde chiefe Baron his man" William Walton disappears from the suit, but only to reappear again presently in another capacity. It is to be feared that the parish left him to bear on his own shoulders so much of the burden of costs that he was impoverished, for when we next meet with him he appears in the humble capacity of hirer of a parish cow.

The churchwardens here, as in many other parishes at that time, kept cows on behalf of the parish, and let them out at low rentals to poor parishioners. There have survived three copies of agreements which illustrate rather quaintly this practice, so long discontinued and forgotten. I do not know if the text of such an agreement showing the nature of

the transaction has been elsewhere printed or preserved.¹

This is the one, *in extenso*, to which William Walton was a party in 22 Elizabeth (1580):—

Noverint universi per presentes me Will'us Walton de Lapworthe in Com' Warr' yoman teneri et firmiter obligari Thome Slye et Thome Mountforde in quinque marcis bone et legalis moneti Anglie solvend' eisdem Thome Slye et Thome Mountforde aut eor' alter' executor' vel assign' suis Ad quam soluc'onem bene et fideliter faciend' obligo me hered' executor' et administrator' meos firmiter per presentes Sigillo meo sigillat' Dat' tricesimo die Marcij anno regni d'ne Elizabethæ dei gratia Anglie franc' et hib'n Regine fidei defens' &c. vicesimo sc'do

The condic'on of this obligac'on is suche that whereas the above named Thomas Slye & Thomas Mountforde Churchwardens of the p'ish church of Lapworthe in the countie of Warr' the daye of the date hereof have sett & delivered unto the above bounden Will^m Walton one cowe of the price of thirtie three shillings & foure pence parcell of the goods & cattelles of the parishioners of Lapworthe aforesaid to take the proffitts of the same cowe fore one whole yere from the date hereof if the said Will^m Walton his executors administrators & assignes doe at any time hereafter within one yere next ensuyinge these presents uppon demande hereof made, aswele paye or cause to be payed unto the saide above named Churchwardens there successors and assignes Churchwardens of the p'ishe church of Lapworthe aforesaid the some of sixtene pence of good english moneye for the hyre of the said cowe to the use of the poore people of the same p'ishe as also doe at the ende & determynac'on of the said yere redeliver ore cause to be redelivered agayne unto the said Churchwardens there successors & assignes the same cowe saffee & sownde ore els doe paye to the said Churchwardens & there assignes at the end of the same yere the some of thyrtie three

¹ This one was set out by the writer in *Notes and Queries*, May 5th, 1894. An illustration of it is given opposite.

shillings & forepence of good englyshe money fore the pryse of the same cowe at the ellecc'on & coyse of the said Churchwardens there successors & assignes without fraude ore gyle that then this obligac'on shalbe voyde & of none effecte ore els shall stande & abyde in his full strength & virtue.

(Seal)

Endorsement :—

Sealed & d'd in the p'sence of W^m Bothe Nich^s Slye Rychard Peper Sampson Shilton Jhon Slye.

It would appear from these numerous witnesses that the letting of one of the "cattelles" of the parishioners was a sufficiently important business to require a parish meeting. There is nothing to show whether this particular transaction ended in the cow being returned or paid for. But on two other bonds similarly worded, and where in each case the obligation is "in quinque marcis," there is a footnote, added at the end of the term, "Receaved upon this obligac'on 33s. 4d. the price of the Cowe and for the hyre of the cowe xvi^d" (in the one case), and in the other case "xx^d." While the value of the cow, therefore, is expressed to be the same in all cases, the rent seems to have varied, perhaps according to the means of the hirer, and 4 per cent. in two cases out of the three was deemed a fair charge.

It will be seen that while the bond is taken for five marks (£3 6s. 8d.) the cow may be paid for by one half the amount, or £1 13s. 4d. The bond was what was known as a penal bond, devised so as to give the churchwardens a firm hold upon the hirer in case of breach of faith.

The convenience of hiring a good cow on easy

terms by giving security for its value (and 33*s.* 4*d.* was doubtless the value of a first-class beast in Queen Elizabeth's day¹) was probably found to be a very useful form of charity.

The churchwardens seem to have acquired their cows not always by purchase, but sometimes, at any rate, by bequest. One of our later parish documents (about 1615) makes a curious reference to a bequest of this kind. It is the copy of an impeachment by the parishioners of a misbehaving feoffee into whose conduct an inquiry was being made by a commission. In the interest of this subject of the Parish Cow I set out one of its articles, which runs thus:—

William Ashby deceased gave ij kyne to be let after the decease of his heire by y^e churchwardens at 20^d a cow by the yere the one 20^d unto y^e mending of y^e heighway betwixt prats pit & the pinfold & y^e other unto y^e poore of Lapworth. William Askewe [the feoffee complained of] married his widow that had these kyne in ano 1595 in Julij

¹ As illustrating the value of farming stock in this neighbourhood at the period in question, the following extract, furnished by the kindness of Mr. J. W. Ryland from a document preserved in the Rowington parish chest, is of interest:—

Inventorie of the goods and cattell of Margaret Cryar of the parish of Rowington, late deceased, praysed by Will^m Saunders, John Reve and Rob^t Collyns (15 June VI. Edw: VI).

THE CATTELL.

First, v kyne & ij yerelyngs p ^l sed to	.	.	.	iiij ^{li}
It ^m iij beasts of ij yeres olde	.	.	.	xxx ^s
It ^m a mare and a colt	.	.	.	x ^s
It ^m one weynyng calffe	.	.	.	iijs iiij ^d
It ^m two suckyng calves	.	.	.	vi ^s viij ^d
It ^m vj shepe	.	.	.	xij ^s
It ^m v stoare swyne	.	.	.	x ^s
It ^m all the pultre	.	.	.	xx ^d

These prices arrived at by three valuers seem to be much lower than the value set on the Lapworth Parish cow.

since wch time there hath bine no money payed unto the heigeway nor y^e poore nor the kyne delivered unto y^e churchwardens to be lett unto poore men upon suertie according to the donors will.

This devotion of the proceeds of a cow to the repair of a specific bit of road is interesting. Prat's Pit is, of course, the pool which is known by the same name still. "The pinfeld" has been lost to us within quite recent years by enclosure, but we all know where it stood. The piece of road between the two is hardly half a mile in length. No doubt Ashby, living there, had found the inconvenience of foul roads. It will be remembered that Roger Slye in the same way limited the application of his bequest for highways to the road between his house and the church.

How long these cow charities lasted in the parish I cannot tell. The last trace I get of them is, however, about a hundred years later, namely in 1704, when an entry appears in a rent list of the Charity Estates:—

Rec^d of John Kendall Sen^r for his year's rent for his land and Cow, £2. 8s. 0d.

As the two charges are lumped together we cannot from this entry alone say positively what was the rent of a cow at that time; but no doubt it had greatly advanced. A year earlier Kendall stands as tenant of land only for £1 10s. The quantity which he held was 3 a. 0 r. 34 p., the average rent of the Charity lands being at that time 10s. an acre. Here we have the literal "three acres and a cow" supplied by the

parish for £2 8s. a year. Parish Councils, therefore, have before them an undeniable precedent.

A correspondent of *Notes and Queries* (April 21st, 1894) mentions a case in which it appears by churchwardens' accounts that, in 1711, sheep were let out to poor people in the parish of Preston Candover, Hampshire, at the rate of 4*d.* each. Another correspondent (May 26th, 1894) says that "in the district of West Kirby, Cheshire, the 'Cow Charity' was dispensed up to very recent years." The conditions and methods seem, however, to have been quite different from those shown by the Lapworth agreements, being rather in the shape of advances of money, on security, for the buying of cows.

We get an intimation of the rental value of land in the parish in Elizabethan days from a lease dated 1587, by which Thomas Sly and eleven others, survivors of the trust of 1563, grant to Nicholas Sly for twenty-one years a close called "Thachams or Thacchames" for 10s. a year. In 1826 when the Charity Commissioner made his report he called it "Thatham's," but all trace of the old name is since lost and the field is now scheduled as Church Close. The acreage is 2 a. 2 r. 6 p.; the rent was therefore hardly 4s. an acre.

It is curious that, though the Catesby family were, as Lords of the Manor and in other ways, for a long period intimately connected with Lapworth, no member of the family is either witness of or party to any deed of bequest or feoffment that has survived in our parish chest. It is still more curious that in 1894, three hundred years after its own date of

36 Elizabeth (May 1st, 1594), a deed connecting them with such parish trusts should turn up in the hands of a bookseller in Birmingham, having apparently at some distant period been abstracted from our chest. It is a Latin feoffment deed on parchment, which being abridged says:—

To all Christ's faithful people to whom this present writing shall come, William Catisbie of Asbie Legers in the County of Northampton, knight; Thomas Leighe of Stoneley in the Co: of Warwick, knight; Thomas Spencer of Claverdon in the sd Co: of Warw^k, esquire; and Robert Catisbie, son and heir apparent of the aforesaid William, desire health everlasting in the Lord. And know that we . . . in performance of a certain agreement bearing date of this present deed, between us and Robert Lawrence alias Clarke, of Lapworth, yeoman, have enfeoffed and confirmed to him . . .

—lands described at length as being then in the occupation of John Mountford and John Palmer. The names of closes are given as Tounecrofte, Sladefielde, Toppe of the Hill, Middle Fielde, y^e olde Fielde, Uppfielde, together with two meadows called Longe Meadowe and Homefielde; a tenement called Myttons, three fields called Smithes-croftes and three pieces of meadow, with six acres of meadow or pasture land existing in Churchfielde, and one acre of land and meadow in a field called Merrells. Many of these names are familiar to us in connection with ancient parish bequests, but others are new and cannot be located with certainty. "Know further," the instrument proceeds,

that we the aforesaid William Catisbie, Thomas, Thomas, and Robert have made and appointed, and by this present writing put in our own place, our beloved in Christ John

Lytton and Thomas Slye as our true and lawful attornies to give full and peaceful possession, etc. etc.

In testimony of which we have appended our seals.

The signatures remain of Sir William Catesby, Sir Thomas Leigh, and Thomas Spencer, but their seals are cut away. In the case of Robert Catesby the signature is cut away with the seal. Probably the desire to possess the autograph of that eminent criminal was the motive for stealing the deed from us, and it is, perhaps, not the only one of our deeds which has disappeared for the same reason.

The instrument bears endorsements (of strangers) witnessing the signatures of Sir William and Robert Catesby, apparently at Ashbie St. Legers, where both father and son were then living, and those of the other two parties, probably at their own residences. The witnesses to the delivery and taking possession are all well-known Lapworth men, feoffees of the united parish trusts. Robert Catesby would be then in his twenty-first year and "Gunpowder Treason" still eleven years distant, and, notwithstanding all traditions connecting Lapworth with that event, there is absolutely nothing in the parish records to suggest his having ever resided here after he had grown up to man's estate.

John Lytton and Thomas Slye, to whom the power of attorney is given, were then respectively rector and churchwarden of Lapworth; and "Robert Lawrence alias Clarke" was the other churchwarden. (He is described with his alias in the Parish Register.)

It is thus clear that this deed is a surrender of a trust in order that it might come under the control

of the larger body of trustees of the parish properties.

In the feoffment deed of the united trust next in order of date which has survived, namely, 1652, we find several of the field-names mentioned above. Many of these names seem to belong to fields which now form part of what is called the "Drawbridge Farm," formerly "Milborn Farm," from a tenant "Armill Milborn" at the beginning of the eighteenth century. Deeds of Edward III. (1349) give it, or that part of it at least which lies about the homestead, the name of "Ponke land."

It is a pity that this Catesby deed should not be in our chest, but the trustees did not feel justified in spending money to acquire it, especially as its owner, despite its mutilation, set a high price upon it.

Robert Catesby, it will be remembered, married the daughter of Sir Thomas Leigh, who is party with him to the deed. The Thomas Spencer of Claverdon, who is also party thereto, lived, no doubt, in the house called "the Stone house," great part of which remains at Claverdon, and which had been built by an earlier Thomas Spencer (son of Sir John Spencer of Althorp) who had died a few years before. This is another case of our parish trusts being held by people of high degree.

Before passing away from Elizabeth's reign we transcribe a few odds and ends which have reference to the rates and taxes of the period, and are now curious.

For instance, the levying of county rates would seem then to have been done in detail, which would

be difficult in practice now. There is a rescript for the repairing of Barford Bridge which runs thus (bearing no date, but being endorsed in an old hand "temp: Eliz:"):—

To the Constable of the parish of Lapworth.

These are to require you imediatly upone the syght hereof to levie and gather up of the inhabitants of yr p'ishe of Lapworth iiij^s iiij^d so ordered to be gathered in y^r said p'ishe by the Quens highnes Justices within the Com of Warr: for the repayringe of Barford Bridge and upon receypte of the same to make payment thereof to Richard Barret of Ulnall not faylinge hereof as you will aunswere at y^r p'ill.

Bromham Farm	4 ^d	R ^d Grimshawe	2 ^d
Irelands Farm	4 ^d	Nich ^s Slye	2 ^d
Humph ^y Gower, Gentil	4 ^d	John Shotyswell	1 ^d
W ^m Ashbie	3 ^d	John Tafte	2 ^d
Tho ^s Slye	3 ^d	Rob: Tayler	1 ^d
W ^m Lathwait	4 ^d	Rog ^r Bate	1 ^d
W ^m Walton	2 ^d	Nich ^s Robins	2 ^d
Tho ^s Mountford	2 ^d	W ^m Bosworth	1 ^d
John Bent	2 ^d	Tho ^s Fewister	2 ^d
Nich ^s Lucett	2 ^d	John Grene	1 ^d
John Ashbie	1 ^d	John Jennyns	1 ^d
W ^m Byssell	1 ^d	John Mountford	1 ^d
Phil: Barnehurst	2 ^d	Richard Haywoode	1 ^d
			<u>4s. 4d.</u>

The twenty-six assessments here recorded may be taken to have been of the principal householders of the parish at that time, the cottagers not being assessed at all. The rateable value put to some of the same names recurring in the next demand suggests that this Barford Bridge assessment was 1*d.* in the £.

For the following subsidy it would seem only four parishioners were held liable :—

To the Constable of Lapworth (1568).

Thies ar to will and require you and in the Quens Ma^{ties} name to charge and com'and you to levy and gather all suche somes of money rated and taxed upon the heads of every suche p'son hereunder wryten for the . . . payment of the subsedy granted to her hightnes in her parliament and mak pament thereof to me[?] at Warr^k the xvi day of March wherefore fayle not as you will answer to the contrary on your apparrell.

p Richard Griffin. Collector.

Humfrey Gower in terris	. . .	iiij ^{li}	. v ^s iiij ^d
Thomas Slye in terris	. . .	xl ^s	. ij ^s viij ^d
Willus Ashbye in bonis	. . .	v ^{li}	. iiij ^s ij ^d
Willus Latchford in bonis	. . .	v ^{li}	. iiij ^s ij ^d

The assessment in this case would seem to have been at the rate of 1s. 4d. in the £ on lands, and 10d. in the £ on goods.

Another rescript, dated July 12th, 1568, is as follows :—

To the Constable and inhabytants of Lapworth.

In the Quenes Ma^{ties} name and by vertu of a warrant to me dyrected this shall be to charge one of you to appere at Warwyke the xxiiijth day of Julie next recommynge there and then to make p'sent payment to me the some of iijs iiij^d for the provysion of her graces houshold according to and (*sic*) order in that behalf of late taken.

From Oxhill the xijth day of Julie 1568.

By Symon Walweyn. Collector.

On January 4th, 1594, there is another levy, of which the acquittance runs thus:—

Receaved the daye & yeare above said of the Constable of Lapworth for the dischargde of the third and foweth ffifteenes and tenthes due within his constabulary granted unto her mātie in the last Sessions of Parliamt the some of
£6 os. 4*d.* Will^m Peyto.

The tax called “fifteenths and tenths” was one which was levied from a very early period, and continued till finally superseded by the Land Tax under William III.

From the time of Grymshawe’s suit and Walton’s suit, already spoken of, there would seem to have been a period of peace in the parish for about at least one generation. But in 1615 there were again great convulsions, and the cause, as before, was alleged misconduct in connection with the Charity Trusts.

The parishioners seem at that time to have come to the conclusion that they could and would bear no longer with the iniquities of one William Askew, a feoffee of the day, who had the whole parish under his thumb. On petition there appears to have been some Commission appointed and sent down to inquire into certain facts that were alleged, and there has survived, in very imperfect condition, a curious document in which the parishioners put before this Commission the charges which they made. These occupy seven sheets of paper, each more or less mutilated and mouse-eaten. There are indications also that three other sheets are missing. What are left preserve for us about thirty-five different articles of impeachment against this William Askew and others implicated

with him, and to each of these charges are appended the signatures of those parishioners who undertook to make good the same. Some are signed by half a dozen, some by three or four, some by two or only one. It will be seen that they supply curious and interesting information on conditions and customs which have long since passed away. The paper has never seen the light of publicity before, but in Thomas's *Dugdale* one item is mentioned, that namely which refers to the churchyard cross, and to this Dr. Thomas adds a note: "ex cartis & relatione Reverendi doctissimiq: viri Edv: Welchman R. de Lapworth." There is no doubt this is the MS. which Dr. Welchman, who was Rector of Lapworth in Thomas's day, showed him.

On the back of the document appears the endorsement (in writing of much later date) "Statements by W^m Askew and o^{rs}"—a not very illuminating description of the contents. There is no heading or anything to indicate the status of the body for whom the impeachment was prepared. It plunges at once *in medias res*:—

1. Imprimis George Ashbie was Lycensed by the king as apeareth by a graunt under the great seale of england to purchase & to endow the church of Lapworth wthall Lands worth fower markes a yeare w^{ch} Lands so purchased the sayd George gave unto the parson of Lapworth then being and the churchwardens then being & their successors y^e parson and churchwardens of Lapworth for ever to be lett & sett by them and their successors to the benefit of the church in such manner as by the will and gift of the said donor apeareth

William Lathem	Thomas Shotswell	Francis Robbins
John Price	William Askewe	Richard Booth

8. When the churchfeeld was enclosed ther was certaine land of Shotswells tenement enclosed iiij dayes woorke at the least of errable ground ; since wich incloasuer William Askewe & Richard Mountford have alotted him ij dayes work & a halfe in lew of fower dayes work & have deteined it this xvi yeares when this ground was allotted Shotswell John Rawson found fault wth them & said it was not sufficient Askewe & Mountford mad answer saying it so faulleth out now he both must & shalbe contented for he must have no more & yet he hath nothing abated of his rent /
William Lathem
9. William Askewe sould an acker of y^e sayd land unto John Rawson & entered into bond of fowertie pound for warranty & quyet enioying of the same as his own land for ever Rawson being then a feofee him selfe . . .
10. William Askewe did cause to be felled of Shotswells ground since this matter was in question twentie & six treese notwithstanding he was discharged by Shotswell wth the consent of the parson and churchwarden all wch trees he caused to be feched away & converted them to what uses he thought good himselfe y^e land & trees belonging unto the church / William Lathem
11. William Askewe hath taken in unto his own land a meare belonging unto Shotswell's land about iij or fower yardes in breadth wch meare lyeth in churchfeelds & is dicht & quickset into Askewe's land & hath held it so this 10 yeres / William Lathem
12. William Askewe hath taken into his own land & unto his own use & possession certaine land belonging unto the church & long hath held it wthout rent paying therefore as we thinke & now it is put over unto his sonn Robert Askewe who houldeth it in the sam kind & in a ground caulled Merrill & an other cauled Flame feeld all the woodes are felled worth as he that did faule them (sayeth) five or six pounds & William Askew hath stoked down y^e meares & bounds of y^e church grounds & lands so that it cannot be discerned from his own land & will in time be lost if redrese be not had /
Umber Sley

13. William Ashby deceased gave ij kyne to be let after the decease of his heire by y^e churchwardens at 20^d a cow by the yere the one 20^d unto y^e mending of y^e heigway betwixt prats pit & the pinfold & y^e other unto y^e poore of Lapworth. William Askewe maried his widow that had these kyne in ano 1595 in Julij since wch time there hath bine no money payed unto the heigway nor y^e poore nor the kyne delivered unto y^e churchwardens to be lett unto poore men upon suertie according to the donors will William Lathem
14. William Askew & John Rawson did com into the house of Shotswell & did take . . . & from a sawpitt . . .
15. William Askewe did take in unto his own land a lane that shoots from the church feilds unto the churchend & stocked downe y^e hedges and meares & bankes & hath layd them levell with his own ground & held it for 16 yeres at least & since this commission it is layed open againe /¹
16. William Askewe caused halfe a poore mans land to be taken from him ; his name is Glover that had his land taken from him wch land did ly in ollfeild it hath bine deteined this 16 yeres we humbly desyer it may be restored & that it may (be) knowen by what rent Askew houlds it / one Sly gave this land unto y^e parrish William Lathem
17. William Askew hath taken a peece of ground from y^e tenement wch Edmund Sly houldeth & is y^e church land & of Asbies gift & layed it unto his ground called Stickmans wch we desyer may be restored & that it may be known by what rent Askew houlds it / William Askewe²
18. William Askew took away from y^e tenement Bauldⁿ Short doth hould certen ground & layed it unto Cox his tenement being Askewes frehould & another percell & layed it unto his sonn Robert Askewes land in Merrill both wch we desyer may be vewed vallewed & restorred & restitution for y^e wronges / William Lathem

¹ No signature to this charge.

² This William Askewe is one of the six persons who append their signatures to the first of the charges brought against his namesake.

19. William Askew took from Weales tenement certen ground lying in flamefeild now in the occupation of Robert Askewe in wch lands wthhoulding Askew wthstandeth the whole parrish it is thought to be worth fowertie ij shillings viij^d p ann We do entreat it may be made known how long it hath binn so held & by what rent /
William Lathem
20. There was twentie or sixteene poundes taken for a fine of . . . his land in ano 1588 & two other great fines taken . . . was spent by . . . in defraying their . . .
21. William Askew did take a secreat brybe of old Cook as he reported for to help hime unto Symmonds his land besyds the finne he gave unto the ffeoffees we desyer to know how much it was /¹
22. Richard Mountford being churchwarden did forceably enter upon the ground wich Shotswell held & did fell cut & carry away many kyds of gorse & j load of underwood of hasell & thorns & John Rawsⁿ did at ann other tyme take away one other load of the like underwood wch we crave may be redrest /
William Lathem
23. John Leuset by Askewes consent as he sayd did fell a goodly tree of Shotswells living worth five nobles at the least wch we desyer he may make restitution for /
William Seale
24. John Leuset the same yere did fell out of a ground thats cauled St Mary grove being psell of Shotswells living five treese to the great defacing of y^e church land & y^e church tymber when need shall requier /
William Seale
25. There was faullen out of a ground cauled Thachams in y^e occupation of Peter Sly & is psell of Shotswells tenement about twentie trees well grown we desyer to know how they were employed
William Lathem
26. John Bent being constable caused to be felled & carryed away five trees of Shottswells ground we desyer to know how they were employed /
William Lathem

¹ No signature to this charge.

27. 28. 29. (Missing.)

30. There is vi^s viij^d given for ever to be bestowed on y^e mending of the heighwayes yerely the one moyity to be bestowed on the way betwixt Hockley Heath & Kingswood & y^e other moyity upon y^e way toward Lapworth park corner /
 William Lathem

31. There are divers others wch have bine benefactors unto this church & parrish wch we know not of; both in land & money & wee entreat your warships that they wch now are or heretofore have bine feoffees may be examined upon their othes whether they have employed y^e same according to the donors will yea or no & that they may shew their bills (?) for the same /¹

32. Further we desyer your worships that ower parrish land may not remayne & be in these ffeoffees hands or occupation nor of William Askewe for if it be wee shall have y^e woods utterly destroyd wich is in efect already don and that you will displace these ffeoffees & place better for worse we cannot have /¹

33. Further we desyer to know what ffynnes & rennts they or any of them have receaved this thirtie yeres & how much & how y^e same hath bine bestowed & employed /¹

34. Further we desyer that ower parrish rents & stooke may not be and remayne in y^e churchwardens hands to be wasted & consumed as heretofore it hath bine but that y^e parrish rents . . . be receaved by the fefes succesively at . . . given by them to y^e churchw . . . & by them yerely . . .

Further we desyer that all the tenants wch hould the parrish lands now or have don heretofore may be examined what ffynnes they & every of them have geven in money unto these ffeffees that now are or heretofore have bine & unto whom & how much for everie several fyne or unto any churchwarden now being or that heretofor hath bine & who rec[eaved] the same & how much, and whether any of them have geven any brybe in money or moneyes worth or in lending of money to obtain their good wills & how much & who receaved the same /

¹ No signatures to charges Nos. 31, 32, and 33.

Further we desyer your worships that the booke of the church accounts may be looked into & cast up that it may apeare how much y^e church & parrish is wronged by the feefes & churchwardens that now are or heretofore have bine for this thirtie yeres / it is sayd that Robert Clarke in his accoumpt this yere past being churchwarddn wrongd the parrish three pounds at y^e least what amends is made we know not, for this many yeres all their accoumpts are mad emongest Askews allyes so that y^e rest of the parrish may look on but not know what is don / & moreover Robert Clarke being churchwarden did lette work of y^e church unto poore men at hard ratts & in his accoumpt put down more than y^e poor labourers had & [thus] it hath bine from tyme to tyme /

John West

These are certainly grave charges, and there are many phrases and passages in the document which refer to conditions that we can hardly realise now or understand. The "four days work at the least of errable ground" which was taken from Shotswell, and for which he had back only "two days work and a half," conveys no intelligible idea to us, but there is no doubt "a day's work of land" was then a well-defined measure of quantity, having relation, when arable land was in question, to the system of co-operative ploughing which was then general, and under which a man furnished his quota of oxen to the parish team of eight, for they always ploughed with eight oxen, the day's work being brought into the parish account on some well-understood basis. It is of interest in connection with this subject to find that we have on our Tithe Map as field-names at this day—

	a.	r.	p.
No. 72. Four days work (arable	3	3	32)
„ 73. Eight days work (arable	9	2	7)

from which we might infer that a day's work of arable land was about an acre, varying, doubtless, according to the quality of the land. Then there is the close called "Merrill" which the clerk held rent free on condition that he found "rushishes for the church." It was the custom then at the principal feasts to strew the floors of the churches with straw or with green rushes, according to the season of the year.

The charges of felonious cutting down of large quantities of trees and woods point to the parish having then been much more thickly wooded than it is now. At that time, the "Forest of Arden" was, doubtless, something more than a name.

The "two kyne" which were left to the parish, and which Askew intercepted by marrying the widow to whom they had fallen, have been already referred to in connection with the cow-letting agreements (p. 109).

We have further instances of bequests for repairs of roads being confined to specific portions of such roads.

What we find it hardest to forgive William Askew of all the offences charged against him is the pulling down and carrying away from the churchyard of the "verie fayer cross built with arches." It stood, no doubt, south of the church porch, and the expression that it was "a verie convenient cross for a preacher" suggests that it was occasionally so used, and that in fine summer-time the parson may sometimes have delivered his sermon there in the open air. Such crosses were often of very great antiquity. Some writers believe that they were often older than the churches themselves, marking preaching places which existed before the parish had a resident priest.

There is nothing to show what was the result of these complaints, or whether the Commissioners did anything. But it is probable that the inquiry had as an effect the helping to bring the Charity Trusts under better government.

Towards the end of Elizabeth's reign, despite the progress made towards unification, there seem to have been still about half a dozen separate trusts in the parish. Probably, however, the principle had been established that, as these minor trusts died out, they should merge in the general trust of the parish estates; but it is not till the time of the Commonwealth that we find this had been completely effected.

It has always been a charge against the trustees of charities who worked under no practical control that they showed favouritism or were guilty of corruption by granting long leases for inadequate rents, or (as it was suspected) for so-called fines which were often omitted to be brought into account; and it has been seen that this feeling found strong expression among the indictments formulated by the parishioners in 1615.

These long leases were quite the rule in Lapworth. In 1605 the then feoffees grant a lease of a messuage and lands, which we can identify as comprising about 45 acres, for ninety-nine years or three lives, namely, "to Tho^s Shatswell or Jane his wife or Thomas his son if they or any of them soe longe shall lyve," at the annual rental of £10 a year; and there is no mention of any fine or money consideration for the granting. But there is no reason to suppose any corruption in this case, and we may assume that the

rent (about 4*s.* 6*d.* an acre) was near the ordinary rent. "Thachames" we saw was let for about 4*s.* an acre.

In 1615 a lease was granted for a similar term to William Weston the elder of Banbury, tallow chandler, and his heirs absolutely, without restriction to any lives, of a messuage or tenement therein described, at 50*s.* a year, the consideration being that he has paid to the feoffees "the sum of Ten shillings of good and lawful monie of England towards the repayringe, new casting and mending of the Tennor or greate Bell of Lapworth, being broken." This is the first distinct mention we have of the Banbury house, which still belongs to the Charity Estates and now lets for £35 a year. By whom it was bequeathed to the parish there is nothing to show, but there is no doubt it belonged to us in the fifteenth century (see p. 69). This lease appears, however, to have been broken, as the feoffees are found dealing with the property again in 1653 at a lower rent.

In 1622, again, a lease for two lives or "fourscore and nineteen years" is granted of what must have been a considerable holding, as it is described as a messuage or tenement called Ilens, with its "orchard" and garden, "three parcells of ground adjoining the said messuage, and one Broume close lying within Flamesfelde, with a slinge and footing along a ground called St. Marie Grove, and all houses, barnes, edifices and buildings thereunto belonging." And all this is let on lease nominally for ninety-nine years, but really for two lives of husband and wife, for the annual rent of £2 13*s.* 4*d.*, payable

in equal portions half-yearly to the feoffees or to any six, five, four, three, or two of them. This refers, I think, to property that has been lost to the parish.

There is a long break in the series of feoffment deeds. None exist between that of 1563 and 1652, though doubtless the lineal succession was duly kept up. In the latter year the feoffees had been again reduced to a point perilously near extinction, namely two persons, William Ingram, Gent: and John Smith, yoman: both of Nuthurst. They created a new trust of eleven persons, amongst whom their own names are not included. At the head of this trust were Benjamin Lovell of Lapworth, clerk, and Salathiel Lovell, Gent.; his younger son. The father was at this time what is usually called the "intruded Rector" of Lapworth, having taken the place of John Doughty, Rector, a strong Royalist, who had been turned out of the living at an early period of the troubles which preceded the Commonwealth. We shall have something more to say of these Lovells when we come to deal more particularly with the Parish Register (pp. 159-62).

There is evidence that Benjamin Lovell made himself active in parish affairs, and was a man of capacity, but he seems to have been unable to prevent his co-trustees from bringing themselves into discredit almost equal to that of any of their predecessors. Such bodies, one after another, appear to have displayed a wonderful capacity for getting themselves into hot water, and when the Protectorate had come to an end, and Lovell had made way for a new and legitimate rector, the parish estates were apparently found to be

in such disorder again that yet another Commission was needed to order them aright.

In October, 1668, or, as the documents call it, "the 20th year of the reign of King Charles the second" (counting from the day on which his father was beheaded), this Commission sat at Warwick, the members being Sir Robert Holt, Bar^t; Sir Henry Pucker- ing, al^s Newton, Bar^t; Ja^s Prescott, Esq; Sir Cha^s Lee; Tho^s Rawlins & W^m Purefoy, Esq^s. They were styled "Commissioners for the due execution of a certain Statute of the 43rd Elizabeth," entitled "An Act to redress the misemployment of lands, goods and stocks of money heretofore given to Charitable uses," and they conducted their inquiry with a jury of fifteen persons.

They found, after long inquiry and examination of witnesses :—

1. That Benjamin Lovell and the others had never been enfeoffed in proper form and that all their proceedings were invalid. (The Commission always speaks of their enfeoffment as being under a deed of 1649, and of the feoffees as fifteen in number; but the deed itself still exists, and is dated 1652, and enfeoffs eleven persons only.)
2. That all the surviving members of the trust of 1649 had been either active or passive in misemployment of the parish funds, or else had not troubled themselves at all about their trust, and (in the Commissioners' words) forasmuch as it appeareth unto us that there is not a convenient number of persons now living within the

parish of Lapworth to be made new feoffees other than the said persons who have as aforesaid neglected, misemployed or misgoverned the trust reposed in them: and for that it doth not appear to us that such feoffees ought necessarily to be men of the parish of Lapworth, according to the true intent of the legators and donors, Therefore, We do hereby order and adjudge and decree that the said pretended indenture of 1649 and all grants, leases, &c. made under the same shall be absolutely null and void.

And that the said Benjⁿ Lovell (and others) being the survivors of the so-called trust of 1649 or any two or more of them shall before the first day of August next ensuing convey and confirm (the parish lands, &c.) unto the following, namely,—

Foulke Greville of Warwick, Esq:

Sir Rob^t Holt of Aston, Bar^t:

Tho^s Archer of Tanworth, Esq:

John Fetherston of Packwood, Esq:

Tho^s Fetherston of Packwood, Esq:

Edw^d Feild of King's Norton, Gent

Rob^t Charnock of Goodrest Lodge, Gent

John Powell of Lapworth, Clerk

This meant that, whereas from time immemorial the parish lands had been managed by parishioners and freeholders of Lapworth, the new trust was made up entirely of landed gentry of the neighbourhood and of the rector of the parish for the time being. Except the latter, the only one named who had any direct interest in the parish was Sir Robert Holt, who was Lord of the Manor.

The decree was that all deeds and papers should be

forthwith delivered over to the said Foulke Greville and the others; that all tenants should before the said first day of August deliver up their leases and tenancies to the new feoffees, who might in their discretion grant new leases or refuse them.

Further, a practically new scheme of administration was set out, the effect of which was that the actual management of the parish properties was to be left in the hands of the Rector, Churchwardens, Overseers, and Surveyors of Highways, who should once a year at Whitsuntide submit and render full accounts to the feoffees. In other words, whereas the feoffees had hitherto been accountable to the parish, the parish should henceforth be accountable to the feoffees: on the face of it a very sagacious and excellent change—from the point of view of the feoffees.

Thomas Slye, one of the survivors of the condemned trust, was adjudged to pay to the new trust for moneys misemployed by him the sum of £80 8s. 4d.; and John Robbins, another of the survivors, was similarly amerced in £48 14s. 9d. These were, of course, large sums at the time.

The parish, at whose instance the Commission had been set in motion, would appear, therefore, in this decree, to have got a deal more than they had asked for or desired. It was no part of their object to be overruled by outsiders in the administration of their property. But they, as well as the survivors of the old trust, seem to have been equal to the occasion. Benjamin Lovell, and Salathiel his son, and others had gone away; and no survivors were left in the

parish but Thomas Slye and John Robbins, who simply did nothing whatever. None of the notables were ever enfeoffed at all in the Lapworth properties, and Thomas Slye, indeed, seems to have waxed rampant in his defiance of authority, whereof there remains a curious record, thus:—

In 1653 the Lovell trust had granted a fifty years' lease of the Banbury house and toft to one Matthew Cave, brasier. In 1677 this had still twenty-six years to run, and we find Thomas Slye (describing himself as the last survivor of the Lovell trust, which seems to have been incorrect) granting to the said Matthew, with consent of the freeholders and inhabitants of Lapworth, a new lease for ninety-nine years at 30s. a year, to commence from the expiry of the lease then running, which would have carried the tenancy on to 1802. The lease is said to be granted in consideration of the said Matthew Cave having paid to the said Thomas Slye the sum of £16 for the repair of the parish church of Lapworth. Slye himself would appear, however, to have had some misgiving that he was thus carrying matters with too high a hand, and so we find on the back of the lease this endorsement in his own hand:—

if the fefees her after question this lease bee cause it was granted by Mr Slye hee beinge the last surviving fefee then answer them that thayr own leses or some of them (were) granted by him a lone & sum by to of the fefees, as William Ingram for on & Isak Green & Clemment Green.

Three months later (August 31, 1677) Slye, who had perhaps described himself as the last survivor

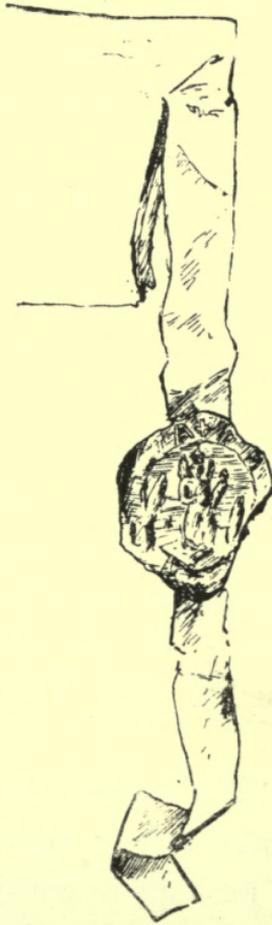
because the others had gone away or otherwise become disqualified, joins with Benjamin Lovell, of Bow Brick-hill in the Co: of Bucks, clerk; Salathiel Lovell of Northampton, Esq.; John Askew of Barks-well, and John Robbins of Lapworth in enfeoffing William Ingram, John Camden and ten others, all of them "inhabitants within the parish of Lapworth," in possession of the parish charity estates, and so ended the attempt to rule the parish *ab extra*. The Commission seems to have been better able to promulgate decrees than to enforce them.

Slye's proceedings in regard to the Banbury lease were the cause of immediate bickerings between him and the new trust, which were only terminated in 1683 by a reference to the arbitration of "Joseph Carter, of Packwood, clerk," who amerced Thomas Slye in £16 compensation to the Banbury tenant and ordered the lease to be given up to the feoffees, thereby accounting for its existence in our parish chest. The award suggests very strongly that the £16 paid for the repair of the church had never found its way any further than Thomas Slye's own pocket.

In 1688 Cave's widow stands on a rent list as occupying the house and toft at 26s. a year, the rent having been reduced, perhaps in consideration of the cancelling of the lease granted by Slye.

In most parish histories the "Churchwardens' Accounts" furnish entries of interest. In Lapworth parish no such accounts have come down to us, and, indeed, even to the present time none have been kept

in any separate book. The reason for this is that, from time immemorial, the normal church expenses have been borne by the funds of the Charity Feoffees and the record of them has merged in those of that body.



Seal of deed, 1344

Geoffrey atte Heth, junior, to John in the Lone

THE PARISH REGISTERS

*The simple Annals of my Parish poor;
What Infant-members in my flock appear,
What pairs I bless'd in the departed year;
And who, of Old or Young, or Nymphs or Swains,
Are lost to Life, its pleasures and its pains.*

CRABBE

CHAPTER IV

THE PARISH REGISTERS

OF these there are thirteen volumes, the contents of which are :—

- | | | |
|---------|-----------------------|---|
| Vol. 1. | 1561 to 1749. | Baptisms, Marriages, and Burials. |
| 2. | { 1750 to 1754. | ” ” ” |
| | { 1754 to 1810. | Baptisms and Burials. |
| 3. | 1754 to 1812. | Marriages. |
| 4. | 1754 to 1794. | Banns of Marriage (neglected apparently from 1794 to 1823). |
| 5. | 1811 to 1812. | Baptisms and Burials. |
| 6. | 1813 to 1853. | Baptisms. |
| 7. | 1814 to 1837. | Marriages. |
| 8. | 1813 to 1870. | Burials. |
| 9. | 1854 to present time. | Baptisms. |
| 10. | 1870 to present time. | Burials. |
| 11. | 1823 to 1895. | Banns of Marriage. |
| 12. | 1837 to present time. | Marriages. |
| 13. | 1895 to present time. | Banns of Marriage. |

Parish Registers were first instituted in England by an injunction of King Henry VIII., published by his Vicar-General, Thomas Cromwell, in 1538. Mr. Chester Waters in his learned and interesting book entitled *Parish Registers in England: their History and Contents*, quotes from the injunction :—

The curate of every parish shall keep one book or register, which book he shall every Sunday take forth, and in the

presence of the churchwardens, or one of them, write and record in the same all the weddings, christ'nings and burials made the whole week before; and for every time that the same shall be omitted, shall forfeit to the said church iij^s. iijj^d.

In many parishes the order was received with dislike and suspicion, and the clergy neglected to comply with it. Only a small proportion of the registers now in existence go back to 1538. Our own begins with 1561.

PARISH REGISTERS, VOL. I., 1561-1749.

The first volume¹ covers the period from 1561 to the end of 1749. From 1561 to 1600 all the entries have been made at one time, being copied from some earlier record. In this respect nearly all registers of the period are the same. At first they had been

¹ A word or two may be permitted as to its externals. It is a parchment book, in its original vellum binding. Size 12 in. x 6 in. It has had two pairs of leather thongs for tying, but only a portion of one thong remains. It contains 113 leaves, written on both sides, of which two at the beginning and three at the end are, or were meant to be, fly-leaves. Some of these have been used as a scribbling ground for the exhibition of penmanship, and "John Wight, Schoolmaster, 1662," has sent down his name to us in this way. On the *verso* of the first leaf is written in a well-formed hand—

Registrum Ecclesie Parochialis de Lapworth,

and above this, and again below it, the rather trite lines :—

Sic transit Gloria mundi

Life is a jest and all things show it,
I thought so once and now I know it,

the couplet being by Gay. Page iv is filled with entries of baptisms and marriages of 1749, the volume having at that time got filled up, and a new one not been provided, so that the year last named overflowed first on to a little blank space under 1588, and thence to the beginning of the volume. The fly-leaves at the end, like those at the beginning, have also been used as scribbling ground, and one rector has made memoranda there of interest. As to condition, it is rather dilapidated; but there is no reason to think that any portion of it has been lost.

kept in paper books, often of a very cheap and flimsy kind.¹ This defect had been amended by an ordinance of 1597 that "every parish shall provide itself with a parchment book, in which the entries from the old paper books shall be fairly and legibly transcribed."

The Register proper begins with the heading:—

Año Dm 1561

Tempo: Henrici Sadler rectoris de Lapworth

and it is remarkable that this first line should furnish an addition to Dugdale, as, in the list of Lapworth rectors given by him, he omits this name. Neither is it supplied in Dr. Thomas's edition, nor in any other list which I have seen.

Henry Sadler has left no further trace of himself in our register or in any other of the parish records, and his name does not occur in Foster's *Alumni Oxonienses*. He appears to have resigned the living in 1584.

The first entry in the register is—

Dyonysius Gaston sonne of Henry Gaston was baptized the first daie of September in the yeare aforesaid.

[This full style of entry continues to be maintained to the end of the century. The name of Gaston recurs frequently for many years, but dies out before the seventeenth century.]

The first page has also—

1561. Nicholas Slye and Jone Mountford (Marr^d Jan^y 18th)

[These Slyes and Mountfords were, as we know by older parish papers, important families here.]

The entries for this year are five baptisms, one burial, and one marriage.

¹ Mr. Chester Waters says: "The Churchwardens' accounts of St. Margaret's, Westminster, contain this entry, '1538. paid for a book to registre in the names of buryals, weddings, and christ'nings, 2^d.'"

1562. [Has six entries, all baptisms.]
1563. John Baker of Bromihille Farm (Bur^d Dec^r 7th)
[This would be the farm attached to Brome Hall.]
1564. William Shorte and Alice Shackespere (Marr^d Oct.
15th)
[Our first entry of a Shakespeare.]
1566. John Shotswell sone of Jone Shotswell (Bap^t. Jany
6th) being a bastard.
1567. John Tofte and Eliz: Wian al^s Walker (Marr^d
July 14)
1568. Rich^d Darlison and Alice Wyan al^s Walker (Marr^d
June 20)
1569. Will^m Heynes and Margerie Walker al^s Wyan (Marr^d
Oct 26)
[These were evidently three sisters called indifferently
Wian, Wyan, or Walker. The prevalence of such aliases in
old registers is well known, but not clearly explained.]
1568. Aveye Hopkins al^s Pyp (Bur^d July 14)
1571. Margaret the d^r of Rich^d Robarts and Alice Tyler.
(Bapt. Jan. 6th) being a bastard.
[It seems to have been the rule always to record illegitimacy
and to give where possible the name of the reputed father.]
1574. Ursula the daughter of Edmund Catesbie was baptized
the seaventh daie of July in the yere aforesaid.
1577. Mr. Richard Catesbie was baptized the one and twenty
daie of Julye in the yere aforesaid.
[These are the only Catesby entries that appear in our
register. Biographical notices of Robert Catesby, the con-
spirator, speak of him as "born at Bushwood Hall, Lapworth,
in 1573," but, his father Sir William Catesby being a Catholic,
the son was not likely to be baptised in our church. Of the
Edmund Catesbie named in the first of these entries there
remains a Deed Poll with his signature, dated 1578, relating
to lands in Lapworth and Nuthurst, but the document is
defective and does not tell us where he lived. The second
entry, namely, of the baptism of "Mr. Richard Catesbie"
in 1577, is a singular exception to the almost invariable
practice of giving the parents' names. The prefixing of

“Mr.” to the names of infants of the more important people was not unusual in registers of the period. But in this case I am of opinion that the record is of an adult baptism. Dugdale in the Catesby pedigree (under Lapworth) has (1578)

Ric. Catesby æt 42. an 20. Eliz:

Probably this is the Richard of our entry, and he and Edmund were brothers, sons of Sir Richard Catesby, who died 7 Edward VI. and has been mentioned in these records before as the first husband of Lady Lucy. Both Edmund and Richard are parties with Sir Thomas Lucy to a parish trust before noticed.¹ They may not unlikely both have been recusants.]

From 1561 to 1564 baptisms, marriages, and burials are mixed. From 1564 to 1574 we get first all baptisms within that period; then a similar ten years of marriages, followed by the same ten years of burials. This suggests that they had been kept in separate books, or separate divisions of the old paper book. With 1575 the register reverts to the system of mixed entries.

1573. Clement ffisher and Margaret Shorte (Marr^d May 2nd)

1577. Will^m Dickenson, sonne of Thomas Dickenson alias Fewster (Bap^t Mch 22)

John Alderman of Draygton & Margaret Lucett (Marr^d Jan. 17)

1578. Ulpian ffulwell of the p'ishe of Nawnton within the countie of Gloucester & Marie Whorewood of this p'ishe (Marr^d April 14)

John ffisher the sone of Clement ffisher (Bapt. May —)

[The Lucetts were one of the principal families of Nuthurst. This Clement Fisher is not unlikely to have been of the Packington family, with whom that Christian name was a favourite. A Clement Fisher was one of the bearers of the coffin of the Earl of Leicester when he was buried at

¹ See p. 95.

Warwick in 1588. Clement Fisher, Esquire, is mentioned as member of a Special Commission sitting at Warwick in 1603-4.¹ Another (Sir) Clement was prominently concerned in the escape of Charles II. after Worcester fight, and the late Tom Burgess in his *Historic Warwickshire* is satisfied that the escape would take the fugitive uncrowned King through our lanes and past our church until he struck the Birmingham road at Lapworth Bridge. If so, it seems to be the only royal visit our parish can claim.]

For the first two decades contained in the register the entries are as follows :—²

	Baptisms.	Marriages.	Burials.
1561 to 1570	90	19	44
1571 to 1580	86	18	48

1580. Humphrey Gower, gen^t (Bur^d Dec^r 9th)

[He had been an active man in the village trusts, etc., and his name appears in the suit against Thomas Grimshaw which is described at length earlier.]

1584. [In this year Dugdale (Dr. Thomas's edition) has the entry in his list of Rectors: "Joh: Litton. Cler. 30 Oct 1584. v. p. res."]

It is only by this entry that we know that at this time Henry Sadler resigned the living. The register itself gives no indication of the change.

Foster's *Alumni Oxonienses* says :—

John Litton. B.A. from Merton College 9 March 1579-80.
M.A. 4 July 1582. Rector of Lapworth, co. Warwick, 1584.

Perhaps consequent on this resignation, and on John Litton not having come to reside here immediately thereafter, the entries of the next year or two indicate that the register was neglected. In

¹ *Records of Rowington*, by J. W. Ryland.

² See also pp. 171 and 190.

many instances Christian names, and even surnames, are omitted, thus—

1584. Will^m Grimshawe and Alice . . . his wyffe (Marr^d April 7)
 Thomas Grimshawe and Alice . . . (Marr^d May 4)
 Richard Grimshawe, being lunatic (Bur^d Oct 31)
1585. Twoo infants of W^m Grimshawe (Bur^d Feb 7) not
 baptised.
 Auphilus Thacker (Bapt^d)
 One infant of Will^m Cooke, dead born (Bur^d Mch 20)
 Richard . . . (was Bapt^d April 18)
 Twoo poore women were buried the sixt daie of Julie.
1586. Xxofe Dracke and Margarie Bawdwyne (Marr^d
 April 20)
 The wyffe of Tho^s Durie (Bur^d Nov 13)
 The daughter of Raphe Seale (Bur^d Nov 20)
1587. The wyffe of Xxofe Dracke (Bur^d Mch 19)

The year 1588 is omitted entirely. At the end of 1587 a blank of about two-thirds of a page has been left, with the intention doubtless of filling in 1588 when the entries should turn up. But they never did turn up, and the blank space was utilised for five entries of baptisms under the date of 1749, the register having at that time been quite filled up and no new volume obtained to go on with.

1591. Katherine Woodhurst daughter of Tho^s Woodhurst
 of Woodhurst (Bur^d May 17th)
 W^m Parsons the sone of Tho^s Parsons dwellinge at
 the boxe-trees (Bapt: Mch 16th)
 John Davyes s. of John Davyes dwellinge in Oxford
 (Bur^d Mch 4)
 John Lovett, s. of Tho^s Lovett, Gent. & Eliz: his
 wyffe (Bapt July 7)

[There is no Woodhurst in this neighbourhood, or elsewhere than in Huntingdonshire, so far as I know. The "boxe-trees," no doubt, is that part of Hockley Heath still so called. The Lovetts were an old Nuthurst family.]

The headings of each year begin in 1592 to be given with much formality, thus :—

Anno Dñi 1592 Año incipiente in feste annunciationis beatæ Mariæ virginis scd^m computationem ecclie Anglicanæ.

1592. Anne Litton, widdow, was buried the 19th July.
[This would be the rector's mother.]

1593. *Johēs Litton fillius Johīs Litton Rectoris hujus p'ochiæ baptizatus fuit quinto die Decembris Año Dm scdm cōputaciōem Ecclie Anglicanæ 1593.*

[Nothing but Latin was good enough for the rector's eldest son : for others English sufficed.]

The remaining entries of his family are :—

1594. Richard Litton s. of John Litton & Katherine his wiffe (Bapt Jan^y 22nd)

1597. Henry Litton (Bapt Jan^y 23rd)

1601. Thomas Litton (Bapt. May 23rd)

Katherine Litton the wiffe of Mr John Litton (Bur^d Mch 5th)

This rector, John Litton, may be of some speculative interest to us as a possible acquaintance of Shakespeare. Major Walter in his *Shakespeare's True Life* says : "Old Roman Catholic families associate the Vicar (*Rector*) of Lapworth with other neighbouring clergy, namely the Vicars (*Rectors*) of Beaudesert and Wootton Wawen, as friends of Shakespeare in early youth and as having met frequently together at Shottery Chantry." But no definite authority is given for this statement.

John Litton's incumbency here did, however, just cover the period of Shakespeare's active life, and the two men must have been of about the same age. As Litton took his B.A. degree at Merton in 1579-80,

and that degree was usually taken in those days about the age of twenty-one, he probably came here as rector when he was only about twenty-four or twenty-five, Shakespeare being then (in 1584) twenty. Litton continued rector here till his death in 1613, and could hardly be ignorant of the greatness of his near neighbour. In the scarcity of intellectual companionship he may even have sought and been fortunate enough to obtain his acquaintance. Beaudesert is four miles, and Wootton Wawen six miles, from Lapworth on the way to Stratford, and the rectors of the three places were sure to be well acquainted with each other. But I should like more precise data for associating Shakespeare and Litton, and for supposing that they may have exchanged visits.

Going back to the register, we have :—

- 1591-2. Elizabeth Grissold the wyffe of Robert Grissold
(Bur^d 13th Febr^y)
1592. Robt^e Grissold and Gillian Smyth (Marr^d Nov 12th)
1593. Julian Grissold the wife of Robt^e Grissold (Bur^d
Oct 5)
1594. Robt^e Grissold and Margerett Smith (Marr^d April 30)

[The second wife "Gillian" becomes "Julian" at the end of her short wedded life, the first being probably the correct form of her name (although Julian was formerly used as a female name), and the widower is soon comforted by a third marriage to yet another Smith.

These Grissolds under a great variety of spellings furnish many entries to the Parish Register from its commencement till towards the end of the seventeenth century. They never have any prefix or affix of distinction, but they were, no doubt, a branch of the family of the Greswolds of Solihull. The will of the above "Robert Gryssould," dated July 29, 1616, and proved at Worcester, July 22, 1617, directs his body to be buried in Lapworth Churchyard; and the will of the above-named Margaret, his third

wife, dated 1621 and proved at Worcester June 12, 1622, directs her body to be buried there also "by her husband." But there is no entry of burial of either of them in the Register, which omission suggests its having been badly kept.¹]

1593. Jone Grene of Bromingrome a poore woman going abroad died in childburth & was buried (June 20th)
Will^m Batyer, the sone of James Batyer a poore France man was baptized (Oct 14th)
["Going abroad" means, we may suppose, only "on the tramp."]
1595. Elizabeth d^r of John Shackespere & his wife (Bapt June 19th)
1597. John Hodgkins and . . . were married (Oct 16)
[Another instance where they had not preserved the woman's name.]

Between the last two entries the register was neglected. The latest entry in 1595 is of the 20th July, and two-thirds of a page are left blank as if for further entries. For 1596 a page is headed in the elaborate manner before described, but it remains blank. The first entry for 1597 is of the 10th April. There is, therefore, a period of upwards of twenty months for which the register is deficient.

1597. M^r Robt^e Holt the sone of M^r Thomas Holt esquier was baptised (Nov 14th)
1598. Katherine Holt the daughter of Thomas Holt esquier was baptised (Mch 4th)

¹ The oldest of the altar tombs in our churchyard (standing near the porch) bears a shield with three greyhounds, and has been commonly supposed to be the tomb of a Greswold. But the arms of that family show two greyhounds only. It is more likely that the shield bears the arms of the Hardings, a very old family who were here before the Greswolds.

[This Thomas Holt, father of the two children registered above, was, there can be little doubt, then living at the Manor House, Bushwood Hall, where the Catesbys had lived before him. He acquired afterwards the Lordship of the Manor of Lapworth, but must at this time and for some years afterwards have been merely occupying as the tenant, first of Sir William Catesby and then of Robert Catesby. The statements that are made as to the sale and resale of the Manor can hardly be reconciled in any other way. Thus Dugdale says:—

which William (being likewise a knight, and residing much at Bushwood) had issue Robert and other sons, which Robert having sold this lordship to Sir Edward Greville of Milcote,¹ of whom Sir Thomas Holt of Aston-juxta-Birmingham purchased it, etc. etc.

Elsewhere I find the date of Sir William Catesby's death given as 1598, and the date of Robert Catesby's sale to Sir Edward Greville as "in the time of James I." Robert Catesby owned the Manor, therefore, from 1598 to (at least) 1603, and it is probable that Greville held it a very short time. Meantime Thomas Holt, being of a very old and notable family, was in the way himself to become a very notable Warwickshire man. The *Dictionary of National Biography* gives the date of his birth as 1571; and also says:—

In 1599 he served as sheriff of Warwickshire. On 18th April, 1603, he was knighted by James I., having gone as one of a deputation to meet and welcome him on his way to England upon his accession to the throne. Ten years later he was made a Baronet. In July, 1608, he had obtained damages against one W^m Astgrigg for a slanderous statement made by him "that Sir Thomas Holt took a cleaver and hit his cook with the same cleaver upon the head, and clave his head so that one side thereof fell upon one of his shoulders and the other side upon the other shoulder, and this I will verify to be true." On appeal, however, by Astgrigg against the damages given it was ingeniously argued that altho' it had been stated

¹ Dugdale (under Milcote) gives a very gruesome account of a murder committed by Sir Lodovic Greville, the father of this Sir Edward, and of his putting an accomplice into the bed of the murdered man to dictate a fraudulent will: for which crime he was sentenced to be, and was, "pressed to death," at Warwick; probably the most terrible mode of execution then known.

that the halves of the cook's head had fallen on either shoulder, no averment had been made that that was what the cook died of, or that Sir Thomas killed him, and the judgment of the King's Bench was given in favour of the appellant.

Sir Thomas Holt's chief claim to be remembered now is that he was the builder of Aston Hall, which he left in about the form in which we now see it. The inscription which he put upon it still remains, recording how he began to build it in 1618, came to dwell in it in 1631, and did finish it in 1635. *Laus Deo.*

He was a very zealous Royalist, and suffered much in the cause of King Charles I., as all local histories recount. The *History of the Holts of Aston*, by Alfred Davidson (Birmingham, 1854), gives much information of interest concerning him and his family. He lived to the age of eighty-three, and his tomb is with those of his fathers in the Church of Aston-juxta-Birmingham. Both the children who were born at Lapworth appear to have died young. (Davidson says he had fifteen children, and survived them all.) It is probable that he had ceased to reside here before he acquired his title, and lived mostly at his Manor of Duddleston. Whatever may be the exact date at which he acquired the Lapworth Manor, it remained in his family for many generations, passing on the death of the sixth Baronet, Sir Charles Holt, in 1782, by descendants in the female line, to the Holt-Bracebridge family of Atherstone.¹

1598. James Mortiboyes & Anne Ashbie (Marr^d June 24th)

[This is the first occurrence in the register of the name of Mortiboyes, which had first appeared in the parish in 1472, and continued to be of frequent recurrence until the middle

¹ The Historical Manuscripts Commission (Appendix to 6th Report, p. 40, a.) gives the following note about Sir Thomas Holt, which is perhaps worth preserving:—

Calendar 1644. Petition of Rich^d Horton of Yardley in the co: of Worcester: complains that he was drugged in an ale-house by Tho^s Haddon, bailiff to Sir Thomas Holt, and there made to sign an acknowledgment that he owed £28 to Sir Tho^s Holt and £20 to Haddon. During the course of subsequent proceedings Haddon has died in prison, and petitioner, a countryman, aged and illiterate, is likely to be ruined. Prays for redress against Sir Tho^s Holt. (No record of any action on such petition.)

of the nineteenth century. The name of Ashbie, which appeared frequently in the pre-Reformation deeds, also continues to be of the commonest in the register up to the beginning of the eighteenth century.]

At the end of 1598 an entry which extended to four lines has been carefully erased with a knife.

The transcript has now ended. With the first entry in the year 1600, we get a new handwriting.

1600. George Lucette the son of John Lucett (Bapt Mch 30th)

1602. Eliz: Slie the d^r of Peter Slye (Bapt April 28th) & the same Eliz: was Bur^d Apl 29th

[When a child dies shortly after baptism the burial is often added as a note.]

1604. Rich^d Digbye the sonne of M^r Tho^s Digbye (Bapt July 28th)

1605. Elizabeth Wedger the daughter of Roberte Wedger, a stranger (Bapt May 27th)

[The name of Digbye never occurs again. He, too, was perhaps a stranger, but apparently of more importance than Wedger.]

1608. Fulke Bellars & Ursula Yomans widdowe were married the 22th of July

[Up to this time dates have oftenest been written in words. Now they begin to be in numerals, sometimes Roman, sometimes Arabic. Such forms as 21th, 22th, 23th, etc., are common. The affix "th" seems at this time to have been made applicable to all numerals. It is not until much later that we meet in the register with 21st, 22nd, etc.]

Elizabeth Wilye, spuria, was baptised the 15th Sept^r.

[This poor little waif had neither father nor mother recorded.]

From November 26th, 1611, to June 11th, 1613, there are no entries. For a period of nearly nineteen

months the register again had been entirely neglected. Within the time John Litton, who had been rector here twenty-nine years, had died. Perhaps he had been incapacitated by infirmity for some time before his death, and that may account for the gap in the register. There is no record of his own burial, but that he was buried here where his wife and mother had been buried there can be little doubt.

1613. Clement ffisher Buried Jan^y 28th.¹

Thomas's *Dugdale* enters in the list of Lapworth rectors :—

Joh: Moreley: Cler: in Art: Mag^r: ult: Maii 1613. v. p. mort. and Foster's *Alumni Oxonienses* gives us the following :—

John Morley of Somerset, pleb St Mary Hall, matric 17 Oct 1600 aged 18. B.A. 17 Dec 1604. Fellow of Merton College 1605. M.A. 20 June 1609. Rector of Lapworth 1613, and of Wootton Courtney, Somerset, 1613; Vicar of North Petherton, Somerset, 1615, Canon of Wells 1616, and B.D. 4 June 1616.

John Morley would seem, as it were, to have merely called at Lapworth on his road to promotion elsewhere. He was here only a little more than four months, and the few entries which we may ascribe to him are in a very scrawling and almost illegible hand.

Thomas's *Dugdale* gives us again as his successor—

Joh: Elly. 16 Oct. 1613. (v. p. res.)

Probably this new rector did not take charge at once, as the register is again neglected from the above date for several months, entries being made without

¹ See under 1573, p. 141.

dates as if only put in from memory at a later period ; thus :—

1613. Edw^d Kerby the sone of W^m Kerby was bur^d in the yere above wrytten.

John the sonne of John Saunders was Baptised in lente in the yere of our lord god first above wrytten.

Geo: Warde was buryed the yeare aforesayd.

Matthew Parker in the yeare aforesayd.

Annet Kerby the daughter of Will^m Kerby was buryed in the yeare above mencyoned.

Mr Clive Price (Bur^d Feb 20th)

At the last-named date, being nearly at the end of the year, a more exact record had been regained.

It is a curious circumstance that when the above-named John Elly came to be rector here in 1613, another John Elly (not improbably a relative) was Rector of Beaudesert. Our John Elly was rector here from 1613 to 1633. The Beaudesert John Elly was rector there from 1606 to 1636, so that for twenty years these two adjoining parishes were held by rectors of the same name. This has very naturally led to the supposition that the two livings were from 1613 to 1633 held by the same man, and it is only by the painstaking work of Mr. Foster that I am saved from that error. His record of the two men, and of a son of the first in order, is as follows :—

John Elly of Co: Worc^r pleb: Exeter Coll: Matric 26 June 1590 aged 17. B.A. 5 July 1594. M.A. 14 July 1598, then "literis incumbens" in the household of the Bp. of Worc^r, perhaps Rector of Beaudesert, Co: Warw^k, 1606–36, father of John 1630.

John Ellye of Co: Worc^r pleb: Exeter Coll: matric 19 May 1598 aged 17 (subscribed his name Elleus) Fellow of Merton Coll: 1602. B.A. 27 Jan 1601-2. M.A. 10 Feb 1606-7 B and D.D. 19 July 1633. Rector of Lapworth, co: Warw^k, 1613; Vicar of Elham, Kent, 1612-14. Canon of Windsor 1623 until his death 1639.

John Elly, s John of Beaudesert, sacerd: Oriel coll: matric 11 June 1630, aged 17. B.A. 17 Oct 1631. M.A. 11 June 1634. Vicar of Isleworth, Middlesex, 1637.

John Elly seems to have aimed at introducing better order in the register by putting "Weddings," "Burialls," and "Baptisms" under separate headings. He also began to make the entries in Latin, but after a few years the former practices in both respects were reverted to.

The next two entries have reference to himself:—

1618. *Johannes Ellie Rector ecclesie de Lapworth & Katharina Lawrence matrimonio copulat^r fuer^t decimo septimo die Augusti.*

1624. John the sonne of M^r John Elly *rectoris ecclesie* was baptised the 22th day of July.

[The spelling of his name seems to have been a matter of indifference to him. There were three John Ellys before: now we have four, here and at Beaudesert, all living at the same time, as each rector had called a son after his own name.]

1616. *Jhoanna Younge uxor Johäis Younge sepulta . . . Novem^r.*

1617. *Johannes Shackspur et Maria Lucett matrimonio copulat^r: fuerunt Decimo sexto Februarij Jocosa filia Edmond: Sley baptizat: proximo die Marcij et sepulta vicesimo die Maij.*

[Shackspur and Sley falling thus together call up a vision of Christopher Sly, the immortal tinker. There were at this time, as shown by the register, certainly not fewer than four families of Sly in the parish, so that the name is one of the commonest. We have, however, sought in vain for a Christopher.]

1619. *Anna filia Mgrⁱ Thomas Trussell de Nuthurst fuit baptizata vicesimo quinto die Maij.*
1621. Mistriss Trussell the wife of M^r . . . Trussell of Nuthurst (Bur^d Mch 22nd)
Elizabeth, wife of M^r Tho^s Lovett of Nuthurst (Bur^d April 20)
[These were old Nuthurst families, then dying out. The Trussells we have seen to be connected with Nuthurst and Lapworth from *temp.* Edward I.]
1623. Edmund Right and Eliz: Shakspeare (Marr^d June 10th)
Eliz: wife of Edm: Right (Bur^d Mch 10th 1623-4)
1624. Alice, wife of John Shakspeare (Bur^d 21th July)
[Our register has many entries of Shakespeares about this time, and the name, under about ten forms, continues to be a common one for more than a century later.]
Eliz: d^r of Tho^s Chambers of Kingsnorton borne at Nuthurst. (Bapt: Oct 20th)
Rob^t Baker of Bewdesarte and Brigett Fetherston of Balsall by virtue of a license from Worcester were here married (Jan 24, 1624-5)
[The first entry of a marriage by licence.]
1625. Elinor the daughter of Roger Bendall vagabond (Bapt Dec 20)
1626. Anne the daughter of Strange Peacock (Bapt May 16)
- 1626-7. Richard, sone of David Joanes, a vagabond, born at Nuthurst (Bapt Mch 12)
1627. Robert the sone of Edw: Steavens, borne at Bushwood Hall (Bapt April 1st)
1628. Mr Thomas Mason Clarke & Eliz: Slye (Marr^d Aug 24)
[This entry gives the first instance of a double Christian name.]
1629. Anne . . . the daughter of . . . a pore man (Bapt Dec^r 27th)
William Askew was buried (Nov 4)
[This would be the man against whom the parishioners made such grave indictments, of removal of the "church-yard cross," etc., in 1615. See p. 117 *et seq.*]

1630. John the son of John Smith of Kingswood was both baptised and buried the 7th day of May.
 [There are other entries similar to this.]
 Tho^s Morse a stranger late of Hayworth Ingram (?)
 in the Co: of Lincoln (Bur^d Aug 26th)
1632. Jone the wife of John Bradshaw Gent: (Bur^d Apl 2nd)
 Eliz: d^r of M^r Spooner of Nuthurst (Bur^d May 9th)
1633. John Bradshaw & Katherine Mecock, widow (Marr^d
 Nov 6)
 Jane Bennett al^s Houma of Packwood (Bur^d Mch 5)

It is in this year that we get the first mention of a family, that of the Ingrams, which settled at Nuthurst, and continued there till our own times:—

1633. W^m Ingram of Nuthurst and Susanna Mountford
 (Marr^d April 30)
 Susanna the wife of W^m Ingram of Nuthurst (Bur^d
 Nov 15)
1635. Eliz: d^r of W^m Ingram of Nuthurst (Bapt Sep 27)
1636. Eliz: d^r of W^m Ingram of Nuthurst (Bur^d Oct 31)
1637. Eliz: the wife of W^m Ingram Gent (Bur^d April 10)
 being of the parish of Nuthurst.
 Rebekka y^e daughter of William Ingram of Nuthurst
 was baptise: the 27th of September:
1640. Isaac the sonne of M^r W^m Ingram of Nuthurst (Bapt
 Nov. 3)

[The first of the Ingrams, therefore, who settled at Nuthurst would seem to have been thrice married. The successive heads of the family took an active part in our parish trusts, etc., for many generations, and there are nine of their tombstones in the floor of our church. The last of the family to be buried there was Miss Hannah Ingram, in 1853, aged ninety. With her the Nuthurst stock died out. The Ingrams lived in what is now called Nuthurst House, which probably stands on the site of the old house of the Trussells.]

In 1633 John Elly, who had then received the degree of D.D., resigned his living and went to Windsor,

of which place he had been made a canon ten years previously. He held the canonry till his death in 1639.

Just at this time the register has half a leaf cut away, but as the entries are continuous as to dates it is probable that the piece of parchment was cut off because wanted for some other purpose.

1633. Will^m son of Frank Grissold Bapt: May 5.

Mr. W. B. Bickley, of Birmingham, having been engaged in researches respecting the Greswolds on behalf of a descendant in America, has been good enough to supply me with the following copy of a certificate given on behalf of the parish of Lapworth to the parish of Birmingham, on the occasion of the removal of this William Greswold in 1688. It shows the Lapworth branch of the family to have fallen to very low estate, and is of interest as illustrating the watchfulness of the Birmingham folk, who required the certificate to guard against the Greswolds becoming a charge upon their new parish. The name of Greswold never occurs in the register after the date of this certificate. It would appear, therefore, that this family of paupers did not return:—

(*Endorsement*) WILL: GRESWOLD OF LAPWORTH.
CERTIFICATE 1688.

Wee the Minister Churchwardens & Overseers of the poore of Lapworth in the County of Warwicke; Doe certifie whom it may Concerne That wee doe acknowledge & owen William Grissold with Elizabeth his wife & Children of Lapworth aforesaid to be Inhabitants within our said p'ish of Lapworth. And that wee will receive them as such when ever they shall bee sent to us by the Inhabitants of Birmingham and doe farther promise that wee will save harmlesse &

keepe Indempnified the Inhabitants of Birmingham of & from all and all mañer of Charge or Trouble which may happen to Come growe or arise by reason of the stay and aboade of the said William Grissold his wife and Children. Witness our hands the sixth Day of Aprill Añoq^e Doñ 1688

Th: Cole Rect^r

Tho^s Sly senior

John Camden

John Whitfoote

Samuel Mountfort

Thomas Sanders

Tho^s Sly

William Askew

Henry Leea Churchwarden

Thomas's *Dugdale* gives the entry of John Elly's successor thus :—

Joh: Doughtie. Cler. 13 January 1633. (for 1633-4.)

Foster gives unusually full particulars of his preferments, etc., thus :—

John Doughty of Dowghty. Subscribed 30 April 1613. B.A. from Brasenose Coll: 4 Nov. 1616. Fellow of Merton Coll: 1619. M.A. 11 July 1623. D.D. 19 Oct 1660. Proctor 1631. (removed by the King 23rd Aug.) Rector of Wood Norton, Norfolk, 1616; of Ruchock, co: Worcester, 1631; of Lapworth 1634-46, and of Beaudesert 1636. Lecturer of Salisbury St. Edmund's; Canon of Westminster 1660; and Rector of Cheam, Surrey, 1662; died 25 Dec^r 1672, aged 75; buried in Westminster Abbey.

How many livings he held at once we do not know. It was a singular circumstance that, after succeeding one John Elly at Lapworth in 1633-4, he should succeed the other John Elly at Beaudesert in 1636, and it is certain that he continued to hold these two livings together until the troubles of the Civil War became so acute that he, being a very zealous Royalist, abandoned them both to avoid sequestra-

tion and imprisonment, and joined the King at Oxford. He shared the misfortunes of the House of Stuart till the Restoration, when he was rewarded with the Westminster Canonry. Anthony à Wood (*Athenæ Oxonienses*, vol. iii. p. 976) adds:—

He died at Westminster, after he had lived to be twice a child, on the day of the Nativity of our Saviour 1672, and was buried in the Abbey Church of St. Peter there, near to the body of D^r Brian Duppa (on the North side of Edward the Confessor's chapel).

Wood also gives the titles of several works of polemical divinity which he left behind him, and says he was "much frequented for his edifying sermons."

In *Churches of Warwickshire*, under "Beaudesert," is preserved this extract from one of the Staunton MSS. destroyed by the fire at the Birmingham Reference Library in 1879:—

The following petition presented to the House of Lords about 1640, by the parishioners of Beaudesert against the Rev. J. Doughty, rector of that parish, and also rector of Lapworth, exhibits a striking specimen of the puritanical feeling then so widely spreading itself through the country. After accusing him of neglect of duty and other delinquencies, it concludes with these charges:—

The said John Doughty is a common resorter to the houses of Popish recusants, a favourer of them and their religion, and a scoffer of goodness and good men.

The said John Doughty preaching at Lapworth about Mich^s last upon Matth. viii. 13. affirmed that it was not necessary for the Minister to prove his doctrine by Scripture, but the people ought to believe it on his authority; and further said that there is now a generation of men sprung up that will believe nothing but what is proved by Scripture, insisting that turning and tossing over the leaves of the Bible is a disturbance to the congregation, with other words to that effect.

The said John Doughty, speaking of the new Canons, said there was nothing in them to be disliked, and further that he did verily believe in his conscience, that if St. Paul had been there and made them, the Parliament would have condemned them, or words to that effect.

1634. Eliz: the daughter of John Shaxpeare. (Bapt Aug 18)

1636. Henry Queiney the son of John Quiney (Bur^d May 16)

[The name of Quiney is frequent in the first half of this century.

The John Shaxpeare named above left, in 1637, two shillings a year to Lapworth and Packwood to be distributed in penny loaves at the parish church of each place on All Souls' Day, "to add to the poor people's feast that day." The distribution appears to have been still made here when the Charity Commissioners' Inspector reported in 1826, but the charity has been since lost.]

About this time we enter upon a period of very bad handwriting and spelling, the entries having been left probably to the parish clerk, who was quite illiterate.

1640. Aless the dauter of M^r Edward Tressell, babtised (July 28)

[The last entry we have of the old Trussells.]

The next year is headed 16401, but it is only the clerk's way of expressing 1641. In that year he records that—

Edward . . . the sonne of . . . was babtised (Sep 1)

There is great confusion and uncertainty also as to whether the year shall begin as of old with Lady Day or with January 1st. Thus 1643 is treated as of nine months only, and we get these entries:—

1643. Stfen the sone of Stfen Rogers of Tanworth, babtised Dec^r 10th

Eliz: dauter of Elias Cent (Kent) babtised the last day of the old year.

and Mari the dauter of Thomas Dison babtised the 1st. day of Jan^y 1644.

There was a clear intention here to alter the old order, but the change only continues for the year 1644. 1645 is made to consist of fifteen months, and

1646 begins with Lady Day. Constant watchfulness is needed therefore in January, February and March to know to what year an entry really belongs. This state of uncertainty continues for a long period.

1644. Leander (?) daughter of Francis Grisell bapt. 18 August.

The register has no trace of the eccentric Christian names that were in use in the high days of Puritanism,¹ but we get this one, which proves afterwards to be a sign of the times.

1647. Salathiel the sone of John Saxspor of Tanworth was babtised the 7 day of November.

[Saxspor is, of course, one of the many variants of Shakespeare.]

1648. Audrie Coke. (Bur^d Nov 4)

[Audrie is rather frequent as a Christian name.]

Suannæ the dauter of William Cambden (Bapt Feb^y 8) of nitgh [? at night].

With 1649 the beginning of the year is again made January 1st, and we get the entry, in a very neat, small hand:—

Mary the daughter of Thomas and Joane Goodwin was baptised January 21th Año Dñ 1649 p' me Benjamin Lovell min: *ibid*:

It was 1648–9, just nine days before King Charles was beheaded at Whitehall. Benjamin Lovell, who thus signs himself “resident minister,” was the successor to Dr. Doughty, and had taken charge of the parish under Commonwealth auspices. He was apparently (to use the term which was applied to such cases after the Restoration) the “intruded rector.”

¹ The Rowington Register has:—

1649. God hathheard, son of John Palmer, bapt.

He was, however, a regularly ordained priest of the Church of England, and had been Rector of Preston Bagot from 1636. There still remains a stone tablet, sunk into the north wall of the chancel of the church there, with the inscription :—

Here lieth the body of John Lovel, third son of Benjamin Lovel, Parson and Pastor of this church, who died in the fourth year of his age and was buried Sept^r 19th 1639.

It is probable that Lovell came here soon after Dr. Doughty's flight in 1646. That he was here in 1647 is rather curiously suggested¹ by the baptism of John Saxpor's child as "Salathiel," for Benjamin Lovell had a son of that name, then a youth of fourteen or fifteen, and doubtless living at home with his father. It has been mentioned in connection with the parish charities that both father and son were made feoffees in 1652. The father probably continued here as minister till 1657. (He appears as holding parish offices in 1654.) It is likely also that while at Lapworth he continued to hold the living of Preston Bagot. The record of incumbents of that place does not give the date of institution of his successor. He had clearly left us in or before 1658, and seems to have gone to Leckhampstead, Bucks, in the register of which place is the entry (quoted in *Notes and Queries*, 8th S. vol. i. 131, as from Browne Willis's *History of Buckingham*) :—

Lekhampstead. Burials 1658 Sep. 1. Mrs. Lovel wife of M^r [Benjamin] Lovel [intruded] Rector.

¹ Since the above was written the author finds, in an abstract of title relating to property in the parish, mention of "Benjamin Lovel, clerk," as farming land here of Dame Alice Lucy (widow of the third Sir Thomas) in 1647.

to which, in the *History*, is appended the note :—

N.B.—She was mother to Sir Salathiel Lovel, a judge, who was clerk to an attorney at Buckingham.

While resident at this place he seems to have married again some two years later.

Foster (*Alumni Oxon.*) gives the following record of him and a son, Robert :—

Lovell, Benjamin ; B.A. from Merton College 11 April 1627, M.A. from St. Edmund Hall 8 July 1630. Rector of Preston Bagot, co: War: 1636. Licensed 15 Dec^r 1660 (then of Leckhampstead, Bucks, widower, aged 52) to marry Mary Grace Williams of Low Leyton, Essex, Widow ; Rector of Tooting Graveney, Surrey, 1661 ; Vicar of St. Albans, St. Stephen's, 1663 ; of Marlborough, St. Mary, Wilts, 1663 ; Vicar of Langley Abbots, Herts, 1664 ; of Great Missenden, Bucks, 1670, and Rector of Bow Brickhill, Bucks, 1671 ; father of Robert 1650.

Lovell, Robert ; B.A. from Christ Church 16 Dec 1650, M.A. 21 June 1653 (s. of Benjamin, Rector of Lapworth, co: War:). An excellent botanist, professed physic and had some practice therein at Coventry, where he died ; buried in the Church of the Holy Trinity 6 Nov 1690.

It will be seen that while the record of the father omits mention of his connection with this place, that of the son calls him "Rector" here. His numerous and rapid preferments seem to indicate that he continued in favour after the Restoration. The latest note we get of him is from our own papers before quoted (p. 133), where he is described as of Bow Brick-hill, Bucks, clerk, as late as 1677 : at which time also his son Salathiel is described as of Northampton, Esquire.

This Salathiel would appear to have gone from Lapworth to London to enter on the study of the

law, and to have prosecuted it very successfully. The register of admissions to Gray's Inn has the entry:—

1648 June 26: Salathiel Lovell, son of Benjamin Lovell, of Lapworth, Co: Warwick, clerk.

An account of him is given in Foss's *Judges of England*, which contains some curious inaccuracies. It speaks of him as born in 1619, entering on his legal studies late in life, namely, at the age of twenty-nine, being made a judge of the Exchequer Court when on the verge of ninety, and dying at the age of ninety-five. In all of these figures there seems to be an error of fourteen years. His monument exists in Harleston Church, Northamptonshire, recording that he died in 1713, at the age of eighty-one. He would therefore be in his sixteenth year when he entered at Gray's Inn, and his seventy-sixth when made a Baron of Exchequer to Queen Anne in 1708. The other incidents of his life given by Foss may no doubt be taken as correct, namely, that he was Recorder of London in 1692; knighted the same year on carrying up the address of the Corporation to King William III. on his return from abroad; became a judge on the Chester circuit in 1695, but being afterwards in disfavour with the King obtained no further advancement until the next reign. "He was distinguished," says Foss, "principally by his want of memory, so that, while Recorder of London, he received the nickname of '*Obliviscor* of London.'"

He seems to have kept up his connection with Lapworth after he left it, and continued to own land here while he lived in Northampton.

In 1654 we find the dates of birth and not of baptism begin to be recorded.

1654. Josef the sone of John Marteboyes and his wife was borne the 8th of February.

1655. Thomas the sone of Thomas Miler was borne (July 28)

An Act ordering the "register" in every parish to make this change had been passed in the Parliament of 1653 ("register" being at that time used both for the person making the entry and for the book).¹

The change was of very brief continuance at Lapworth. We find baptisms are again recorded in 1656, and thenceforward.

During the greater part of the Commonwealth and Protectorate periods the entries in the register are so ill-written, ill-spelt, and made with such bad ink that many are quite undecipherable, and others can be made out only with the greatest difficulty.

1656. An the dautor of Robord wip (Bur^d June 8)
Hneri ors and hana Glofr ware mar^{ed} (Oct 8)
M^r Monfort widdow (Buried Oct 8)

The last entry means, no doubt, "the widow of Mr. Montfort." "Glofr" may have been intended for "Glover." "Strofer" is a spelling that occurs for "Stratford"-on-Avon.

On one of the fly-leaves at the end of the register

¹ A.D. 1653. Now came in force a goodly act made by the usurper Cromwell's little Parliament, or the Parliament of Saints, as they called it, that is, of all manner of dissembling hypocrites and filthy hereticks, who ordered not the baptism, but the birth of children to be recorded in the Parish Register, thereby insinuating that children ought not to be baptised, and encouraging people to withhold their infants from the sacred ordinance. (Note in "Register of Maid's Moreton, Bucks," quoted by Mr. Chester Waters in his *Parish Registers in England*.)

Foster's entry respecting him is brief:—

W^m Caldwell or Caudwell. B.A. from New Inn Hall 17 Dec^r 1654. M.A. 8 June 1657)

He probably came here, therefore, as a young man of twenty-four or twenty-five. The entry of his marriage quoted above is evidently in his own handwriting, as are the following:—

Elizabeth y^e daughter of William Caudwell was born March 14th 1659. (1659–60)

Elizabeth y^e daughter of William Caudwell was baptised April 10. 1660.

Richard Lowe & Deborah Colmore¹ were married November y^e eight one thousand six hundred & sixty.

These entries are all made by William Caudwell himself and do not stand in exact order of date, having apparently been inserted in odd spaces at a later period.

The further entries relating to him are:—

1664–5. M̃ Elisabeth Cadell (Bur^d Jan 23)

Anne daughter of M Will^m Caudell & Anne his wife
(Bapt^d Feb 1)

1666. M William Caudell was buried the xxvth day of July.

This is the rector himself. The clerk, whose entry is almost illegible, did not know how to spell the name.

During the whole of William Caudwell's time he and the clerk seem to have been at issue as to when the year should begin. The rector counts from March

St. Martin's Register (Birmingham) has the entries:—

1637. Dec. 10. Bapt^d Deborah dr of Ambrose & Anne Colmore.

1642. Mch. 27. Bapt^d Anne dr of Abraham & Ann Colmore.

Wm. Caudwell would therefore seem to have married a wife of seventeen,—for there can be little doubt that the two Colmores of our Lapworth marriages were those whose baptisms are thus recorded, and members of the family which has so long been influential as landowners in Birmingham.

25th, and the clerk from January 1st, with the result of great confusion.

1661. Mr Henrie ford of the parish of Bromicham and M Rebeka Ingram of Nuthurst were married the 13 day of December.

[The settlement made on the occasion of this marriage still exists, the parties to it being Henry Ford (described as of Winson Green in the parish of Birmingham), yeoman, William Ingram of Nuthurst, Yeoman, and Cornelius Ford of Kings Norton, yeoman.¹ This Cornelius, presumably a brother of Henry Ford, was the father of Sara Ford, born at Kings Norton 1669, and married in 1706, in Packwood Church, to Michael Johnson, of Lichfield; their son being Dr. Samuel Johnson.

It has always been unexplained why the marriage of Dr. Johnson's parents took place at Packwood, with which place neither of them had any connection. The explanation is not improbably to be found in the intimacy of the families of Ford and Ingram. Sara may have been visiting at her aunt Rebecca's paternal home of Nuthurst and been married from there, only two miles distant from Packwood. The wonder then becomes that they were not married at Lapworth, the church of the Ingrams. It may even have been a runaway match. Boswell's remarks are so brief that it is clear Johnson never told him more than just his mother's name.]

Thomas's *Dugdale*, although not giving William Caudwell in its list of rectors, has the entry:—

John Powell, cler, A.M. 6 Sep^r 1666 (vac. p. mort. Gul: Cawdwell ult: rector)

Foster's record of Powell is:—

Powell, John, s Rich^d of Standon, Herts, cler; scholar of Gonville & Caius Coll: Cambridge, 7 Feb 1625-6, aged 15; B.A. 1629-30, M.A. 1637; incorporated 4 May 1649 from Pembroke Coll: Oxford; fellow of Merton Coll: Oxford, 22 Dec 1649; Rector of Lapworth, co: Warw^k, 1666-74; admon. at Oxford 17 Mch 1673-4.

¹ For the abstract of this settlement the author is indebted to Mr. W. B. Bickley, of Birmingham.

In December, 1666, we get a welcome change of handwriting. John Powell had probably come to reside here. The writing is beautifully clear and distinct. His year begins with Lady Day; except where the clerk forbids.

1668. Richard Sly of Kingswood Brook in Rowington Parish (Bur^d Nov 12)

1668-9. W^m Walton of Packwood, aged about 75 (Bur^d Jan 20)

John Clark of Lapworth and Eliz: Harding of Hampton-in-Arden with a certificate of Banes thrice published (Marr^d Jan^y 28)

Eliz: the second wife of M^r W^m Ingram was bur^d Feb 24, St Matthias' Day.

Old Will^m Grafton of Bals-Hall in Hampton (Bur^d Mch 18)

1669. Henry Welchman of Tanworth and Joyce Morris married with license from Worcester-court directed hither May 9.

Thomas Edkins of the Park (Bur^d Oct 10)

1670/1. Mary the wife of John Palmer of Harbery Bank (Bur^d Feb 5)

[We still have the "Park Farm," the name having reference, it will be remembered, to the Royal Park which was situated on the south side of the parish. Harbery Bank is a name that is fast dying out with us, but in the earlier half of last century the old Roman encampment so called could be very well defined. Hannett gives a plan of it in his *Forest of Arden*. The construction of the Stratford-on-Avon Canal did a good deal to obliterate it, one of the locks being dug across its north-eastern corner, and a small reservoir being partly within and partly without its lines.]

Our old enemy the illiterate clerk reappears for a short time, and asserts himself by making entries of baptisms and burials for January under a bold heading of 1672; whereupon the rector follows with further entries for January and February under the

heading of 1671, which is continued to the 25th March.

1672. Thomas Tunkes, a Traveller, dying at Widdow Fisher's house, was bur^d Dec^r 28th.

1673. John the son Esak Grene wase babtised the iij day of June.

And with this entry the clerk disappears for ever.

John Powell resigned the living in 1674. The sole mention we have of him in regard to parish affairs is that his was the only name of a parishioner placed on the list of new feoffees appointed by the Warwick Commission of Enquiry in 1668, which list was rejected absolutely by the parish and never took effect, as has been shown before (pp. 129-33).

The next rector was Thomas Cole. The entry in Thomas's *Dugdale* is :—

Thom: Cole cler: A.M. 14 April 1674. v.p.r.

The same work preserves the inscription on his tombstone, described as a flat stone within the chancel rails.

Foster has no fewer than twelve Thomas Coles, but does not name Lapworth in his record of any of them. Ours is probably one whom he mentions as matriculating at Oriel College, in 1615, in the thirteenth year of his age: this would agree closely with the age at which he died, as shown below.

The inscription on the tomb ran :—

Depositum | Thomæ Cole A M | Ecclesiæ hujus rectoris |
 Avo, patre, Theologis | Doctis, Piis, Orthodoxis | [Utrisque ;
 Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ causâ | Exulibus | Hoc | A Penatibus
 & Aris | Nupero rebelli Sæculo | Illo | Etiam a Patriâ |
 Cruento Mariano] Oriundi | Verum propria Eruditionis
 laude | Docti | Morum integritatis & Pietatis | Boni |
 Quibus innotuit, omnibus | Commendatissimi | Obiit |
 Maii 19. 1688 | An: Æt: 86. |

The register contains the entry :—

1688. M^r Thomas Cole, Rect^r was buried May 21.

He would seem, therefore, to have come here at the age of seventy-two, and had then fourteen years before him. His interesting monument was to be seen "within the chancel rails" as late as 1860, when it disappeared in the course of the restoration of the chancel, which was then carried out under the direction of Mr. G. E. Street, who seems to have been very callous in regard to the monuments existing in the church, and been accorded much too free a hand in respect to them, both then and in the more extensive restoration of the fabric of the church generally, which was also carried out by him, in 1872. We can scarcely suppose, however, that he would be so ruthless as to have it broken up, and it is likely that it still exists beneath the tiles with which the chancel was at that time paved.

The following are from the register during Thomas Cole's incumbency. It is probably owing to his age that we get frequent entries showing the offices of the church to have been performed by strange clergymen.

1674. Hanna the daughter of Humphery Field and Mary his wife (Bapt: May 1st) by Mr. Walkman.

Samuel the sonn of Thomas Cranmer and Ann his wife (Bapt: Aug. 25th) by M^r Carter.

Catharen the d^r of Humphrey Shakespeare (Bapt Nov 2)

Thomas y^e sonne of Thomas Taylour of this parish and of Katharine his wife was baptised at Rowington on the 9th day of this present month of March by M^r John Field Vicar of the s^d church of Rowington.

[The formality with which this baptism, performed elsewhere, is recorded in our register is singular.]

1675. Philipp the daughter of Thomas Clarke and Joan his wife was bapt^d June 18 by M^r Wilson.
George Hadley, a traveller on the way, and servant to Tho^s Smith of Ilminton in y^e countie of Warwick (Bur^d Aug 15)
Thomas y^e sonne of Samuel Maunder (Bur^d Sep 16)
[This is the first entry of the family of Maunder (often spelt Mander), which continued in the parish up to our own times, its members filling the usual parish offices and trusts. From the time of the above-named Samuel the family occupied Ireland's Farm, Bushwood, from father to son for fully two hundred years.]
John Grizold bur^d Sep^r 13 by M^r Carter.
[Another spelling of the old Greswold name.]
Elie the bastard son of Eunice Cowper was baptised Oct 3. by M^r Will^m Southerne.
The sayd Eunice Cowper was buried Oct 21.
[This is a very brief record of a village tragedy. William Southerne became Vicar of Rowington in 1684, and continued to rent land of the Lapworth Charity for many years.]
1676. John Parkhouse of Stratford-upon-Avon and Susanna Hobday of Henley were married with a license July 23.
1677. Thomas Walford of Binton and Sarah Parker of Claverdon were married with a license Nov 19.
1678. . . . John Smith & Harriet his wife (Bapt^d Mch 2)
[A case in which the sex of the child was not known.]
1681. Martin Alesbury of Nuthurst (Bur^d June 4).
- 1681-2. Jan 28. Robert Barnes of Norton Lindsay in the co: of Warw^k & diocess of Worcester and Esther Bates of Shirley Street in the parish of Solihull in the s^d county but diocess of Lichfield & Coventry were married according to the tenour of a license obtained from the consistory at Worcester
p. me. Th: Cole, Rector.
1682. Jonathan & Job y^e sons & Grace y^e daughter of John Smith & Frances his wife were born at one birth & baptised Sept 29.

1682. Jonathan & Job y^e sons of John Smith were bur^d
Oct 8.

Grace y^e daughter of John Smith was buried Oct 16.

[This is the only instance of triplets that occurs in the register.]

1687-8. Uriah Waring. Buried Feb 4.

[The name of Waring appears in the sixteenth century, very early after the establishment of the register. It is frequent through the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, bearers of it being often described as of Tanworth. Dugdale names the Warings as principal people of Tanworth *temp.* Edward III. Waring's Green in that parish is named from them.]

For some years before the death of Thomas Cole in 1688 we find many and violent changes of handwriting, numerous entries being hardly legible. Some are made under the heading of wrong years, the true year being added at the end, thus indicating that they were not inserted at the proper time.

For the purpose of comparison with the entries of a century earlier, I give here the number which occur in the two corresponding decades of the seventeenth century. They are as follows:—¹

	Baptisms.	Marriages.	Burials.
1661 to 1670	125	17	122
1671 to 1680	129	14	106

It will be seen that the burials have increased in a much larger proportion than the baptisms, while the marriages are fewer than in the sixteenth century.

Thomas Cole was buried May 21, 1688, and Thomas's *Dugdale* enters his successor:—

Joh: Edwards. Cl. A.M. 5 Oct 1688. v.p. mortem Th. Cole.

¹ See also pp. 142 and 190.

Foster's record of him is :—

Edwardes, John, s John of Rochester, Kent, minister. Trinity coll: matric, 8 Mch 1669-70. aged 16, B.A. from Merton coll: 1674, fellow 1676, M.A. 1678; rector of Lapworth, co: Warwick, 1688-9, and of Cuxham 1693 until his death 1717.

He continued rector here only about a year. In Brodrick's *Memorials of Merton College* it is stated that he resigned in 1689, but the exact date or that of the admission of his successor, Edward Welchman, is not given. There is nothing to show that he took up his residence here.

This memorandum in the register would be in his time :—

1689. June 23. Collected in the parish of Lapworth in the county of Warwick to y^e Brief for the Irish Protestants the sum of one pound, eleven shillings & nine pence.

Sam: Ainge: Min^r

Walter W Wilson

p. sign: Churchwarden

Samuel Ainge is shown as Rector of Haseley in 1685 (*Churches of Warwickshire*).

1689. W^m the son of W^m Whitmore of Weightmar & Anne his wife (Bapt July 6)

There is another brief for the same purpose as the preceding in the following year, the exact date not being given :—

1690. Collected to y^e 2^d Brief for y^e Irish Protestants in Lapworth 1. 17. 0 one pound seventeen shillings.

Paul Low: Cu:

Such collections were being made in those years all over the kingdom under the royal briefs or mandates.

The Irish Protestants were then suffering great hardship under the ascendancy of James II., who still held his ground in Ireland.

Edward Welchman is the last of the rectors given in Thomas's *Dugdale* (edition 1730), he being still living in Thomas's day. The entry is simply:—
1689. Edwardus Welchman Cl: A M: v.p.r.

Foster has a full record of his career:—

Welchman, Edward, s of John of Banbury, Oxon, gent: Magdalen Hall matric, entry 7 July 1679, aged 14. B.A. 1683, fellow Merton coll: 1684, M.A. 1688; chorister Magdalen coll: 1679–82, Rector of Lapworth, co: Warw^k, 1690–1739; Archdeacon of Cardigan 1727, Chaplain to the Bishop of Lichfield and Canon 1732, Rector of Solihull, co: Warw^k, 1736, until his death 19 May 1739.

There is a discrepancy of a year between *Dugdale* and Foster as to the date of his becoming rector here. It is probable Foster's record is right, and that he took charge early in 1690, being then a young man of twenty-five, and having before him a reign of fifty years. He made his home here during all that time until Solihull was added to his other preferments three years before his death, when he removed to that place, leaving Lapworth to a curate. We may assume that the duties of the Archdeaconry of Cardigan were not onerous, as they could be performed from Lapworth.

He appears to have been twice married and had a large family. I transcribe from the register the entries which refer to him, or seem to refer to his immediate relatives:—

1691. Melicent the daughter of Edw: Welchman, Rector of this parish and Elizabeth his wife was Baptised and Buried March 29th.

1693. Anthony Smith & Susanna Welchman, both of the parish of Bishop's Hampton (Marr^d June 5)
1696. John y^e son of Edward Welchman, Rector, and Mary his wife (Bapt^d July 7)
1698. Edward y^e son of Edw: & Mary Welchman (Bapt: April 27)
1699. Elizabeth y^e daughter of Mary Welchman (Bapt: August 17)
- Rich^d Cook of Haseley & Mary Welchman of Bishop's Hampton (Marr^d Nov 16)
- John Roberts of Hatton & Anne Cooke of Haseley (Marr^d Nov 16)
1700. Melicent y^e daughter of Edw: & Mary Welchman (Bapt Dec. 29. Bur^d Jan. 6)
1704. Nathanael son of Edw: & Mary Welchman (Bapt April 2)
1706. Mary daughter of Edw: & Mary Welchman (Bapt Aug. 12)
1708. Samuel son of Edw: & Mary Welchman (Bapt Nov. 5)
1711. Thomas son of Edw: & Mary Welchman (Bapt Nov. 18)
1714. Anne daughter of Edw: & Mary Welchman (Bapt Sep 22)
1715. Edw: Welchman Jun^r and Susanna Askew both of this parish were married June 6th.¹
1716. Richard the son of Edw: and Mary Welchman (Bapt Dec 27)
1718. Constance d^r of Edw: and Mary Welchman (Bapt Jan 21)

¹ This son Edward was married, it will be seen (at the early age of seventeen), to one of the old Lapworth Askews. Quite recently there has come into the possession of the writer's family an old parchment deed, dated 25 March, 1720, being the assignment of a mortgage, by direction of this same Edward Welchman and his wife Susannah Welchman, to his father Edward Welchman of Lapworth. The deed bears the signatures of Edward Welchman and his wife Susannah, and is witnessed by two members of the Askew family.

1727. Edward the son of John Welchman, Vicar of Tanworth, & Mary his wife (Bapt March 29).¹
1733. Samuel Seagrave, Rector of Compton Winyatt, & Elizabeth Welchman (Marr^d Oct 27)
1734. John the son of Samuel & Eliz: Seagrave (Bapt Dec^r 8)
1735. M^r Edward Welchman J^r (Buried April 9th)

A reference to the Welchman family occurs in *Churches of Warwickshire*, where it is stated that— during the last century the advowson of Preston Bagot church was possessed by the Rev^d Edward Welchman, Rector of Lapworth, and subsequently by the Rev^d R. Welchman, rector of the parish. [R., however, seems to be a mistake for W.]

There remain, in Preston Bagot Church, Welchman monuments as under :—

On floor of chancel, "In memory of the Rev^d M^r Will^m Welchman, M.A. Patron and Rector of this church who died April 30. 1744. Aged 42."

Against south wall of the chancel, "Near this place lie the remains of the Rev^d M^r Will^m Welchman, Rector of this church, who, leaving a widow and two sons, died March 10th 1760. This stone was erected to his worthy memory by his widow. Constantine relict of the Rev^d M^r W^m Welchman died June 6. 1774. Aged 54."

The elder of these held the living of Preston Bagot from 1731 to 1744, and the younger from 1744 to 1760. Foster shows the elder to have been a grandson of John Welchman of Banbury; they stood, therefore, to our Edward Welchman of Lapworth in the relationship respectively of nephew and grand-nephew. In the closing years of Edward Welchman's

¹ John Welchman, who brings his child to be called after and baptised by his grandfather, was Vicar of Tanworth from 1726 to 1764.

life the four parishes of Lapworth, Solihull, Tanworth, and Preston Bagot were thus all in the hands of members of the Welchman family at the same time.

The following are entries selected from the register during the long incumbency of Edward Welchman:—

1690. Joshua Stone of Purton in Oxfordshire & Melicent Mountfort of this parish (Marr^d July 24)

1693. Joseph the son of W^m Dowler of Claverdon & Eliz: Hemming of Ipsley (Bapt Mch 31)

[The Overseers' accounts of 1691 show us that Elizabeth Hemming had gone wrong once before and given trouble.]

1695. Mary the wife of John Cambden. Bur^d Sep^r 12th

1695-6. John Cambden Sen^r. Bur^d Mch 22.

1698-9. Tempest y^e son of John & Elizab: Lilly (Bapt: Mch 20)

1699. Collected for y^e French Protestant Refugees and Vaudois £5. 11. 3. E.W.

[There continued to be a great influx of refugees from the religious persecutions on the Continent following the revocation of the Edict of Nantes. Similar persecutions at an earlier period in the century had been the occasion of Milton's sonnet, "Avenge, O Lord, thy slaughtered saints."]

About this time, but without actual date, a memorandum is made on a fly-leaf of the register under the name of Edw: Welchman, thus:—

Memorandum y^t forasmuch y^t many persons under pretence of their children being in danger of death procure them private baptism and then take no care to bring them into y^e church as y^e rubrick enjoins, all they which henceforth shall be publickly baptised or having been baptised privately shall be brought into y^e church as they ought to be, I shall register with a cross as thus [bapt⁺] so that this + shall be a mark of distinction betwixt those and these who shall be baptised only in private without being so brought into y^e church.

Accordingly thereafter we find the distinction kept up, a small number of baptisms being without the +.

In this year (1699)¹ the rector took the trouble to enter on a fly-leaf of the register the particulars of the survey then newly made of the parish lands, thus preserving for us the oldest complete record of such properties which has survived.

Paul Low, who signed as curate in 1690, was apparently succeeded by "William Sanderson," who signs as curate in 1701. In Henley-in-Arden parish records, Paul Low is described as curate there in 1693.

1701. Isaac Morteboys of Nuthurst (Buried July 20th)

[The table of bequests mentions him under this year as having left 5s. a year for the poor of the parish. The Charity Commissioners' Report, 1826, describes it as "issuing out of the lands of W^m Ingram, Esq., who duly pays it." In 1901 this was compounded by a payment to the Feoffees of a capital sum of £10, yielding to the Charity the five shillings a year thus bequeathed in 1701.]

1704. Susanna d^r of Joseph & Elizab: Bookley of Sotley in the parish of Bromicham's Aston bapt July 16.

Elenor Cambden (Bur^d June 17)

1706. Jacob the son of Thomas and Elizabeth Lapworth bapt Mch 31.

[For about two decades at this time the name of Lapworth is frequent, but does not continue. Families of that name have, however, remained in the immediate neighbourhood.]

Mary d^r of Robert Price of Henley and Mary Luckman of this parish, bapt Dec^r 17 and Bur^d Dec^r 23.

1708. John Morrice having been baptised in his infancy by a popish woman, & that Baptism being in y^e Judgment of y^e Bishop null & void, was baptised June 16th & confirmed y^e same day.

¹ Under this year may be noted the following :—

"Edward Welchman, of Lapworth, to John Chamberlayne, F.R.S.,
26 February, 1699 :—

has endeavoured these ten years to get a School for y^e poor of his Parish ; w^{ch} does not answer his expectation, the Houses being at such distance y^t the smaller children cannot come, and the parents cannot spare others from their work ; on this head desires the advise of this Society." (*A Chapter in English Church History: S.P.C.K. Minutes and Correspondence, 1698-1704.*)

1709. Mary the daughter of Joshua Palmer, a married Quaker of Solihull, and Mary Ward of Bushwood. Bapt Oct 8.

1711. John Tarlton of Tanworth and Eliz: Green of this parish Married May 1st

[The first entry of a family many of whose tombs are in our churchyard, and who have buried here within recent years, though no longer residing in the parish. Some early entries describe them as of Botley.]

1712. Isaac y^e son of Isaac and Mary Green bapt⁺ Sep^r 9th.

[The Greens were an old land-owning family of the parish. The name has continued to be a common one through every decade from the beginning of the seventeenth century, and, indeed, with one or two short breaks, from the beginning of the register. The frequent recurrence of the same Christian name points also to continuous family descent. It is not impossible they may even join on to the Roger atte Grene of Edward III., who was one of the founders of our west chantry. The child here baptised lived to the age of ninety-three. His burial is entered in 1805, and his railed-in altar-tomb stands just within the churchyard at the top of the steps.]

Richard Bunter and Mary Purdon both of Alveston were married by license directed hither Jan^y 4.

1712-3. Thomas the son of Armale & Margaret Milborn bapt: Jan 1st.

[“Millbourne Farm,” a part of the Charity Estates, still preserves the name of this family, who then occupied it. They appear in the register through the greater part of the eighteenth century.]

1713. Eliz: Bellamy of Tanworth. Buried June 7th.

[The Bellamys continue to the present time. They are at first described as of Tanworth.]

1715. Sarah y^e posthumous daughter of William Hyat a souldier in Flanders by Sarah his wife was baptised Jan 12th and buried Jan 14th.

1716. John Cashmore of St: Michaels in Coventry & Margaret Mallery of this parish (Marr^d April 8th)

Entries of the Ingrams of Nuthurst are very frequent about this time.

1717. Job Ell and Esther Sorrell both of St. Martin's in Birmingham (Marr^d Jan 25)
1718. John Vincent aged 96 bury'd March y^e 1st.
1720. Henry Cambden of Bermingham bury'd Sep 16th.
- 1720-1. Humphry Cambden of Henly bury'd Mch 21st.
1724. John Cambden bury'd June 23rd.
1729. Elizabeth Cambden bury'd August 16th.

These entries are the last we have of a family that seems to have been of importance here, residing at Brome Hall for two or three generations. The monuments of Henry Cambden and John his brother are the oldest in Lapworth church, which is singularly poor in monuments. Henry's is a slab in the floor at the west end of the south aisle, inscribed :—

Beneath this stone lies interred the body of Henry Cambden of Birmingham the son of John Cambden of Lapworth who departed this life the 13th day of September 1720 in the 65th year of his age.

In memoriam patris charissimi hoc saxum posuere dolentes liberi.

John's is a mural tablet fixed nearly above the last-mentioned, and reads :—

Near this stone lieth the body of John Camdē Lord of the Mannor of Bromham Hall in this parish who died June the 20th 1724 aged 71 years.

Elize: his wife also. She died August the 12th 1729: aged 65 years.

These two monuments were originally at the east end of the south aisle, appropriately near what is called the Brome Hall window, so that the inscriptions on them are now incorrect. They were removed in the course of the restoration carried out under Mr. Street's direction in 1872, and at the same time (under, it is supposed, some fatuous notion of arrang-

ing them symmetrically at regular distances) every tombstone in the church was removed from its original position, with the exception only of those which are in the floor of St. Katherine's Chapel, now used as a vestry.

I have failed to obtain information as to the extent, position, or history of what is called on John Cambden's monument "the Mannor of Bromham Hall."

1725. Isaac and Rebecca twin children of Will^m and Hannah Ingram of Nuthurst (Bapt: Mch 13)
- 1730.¹ Will^m y^e son of Joseph Clarke deceased & Joyce his wife bap^t Aug 18th.
1733. Anne the d^r of John Crow of Aston Cantlaw and Anne Miller of this p[']ish baptised May 27th.
1736. James the bastard child of Sarah Harris bapt Mch 17.
1737. Ann the d^r of Ann Harris by Tho^s Petty the reputed father bapt Nov 28th.

[The lantern is always held up to cases of illegitimacy, not solely in the interests of morality, but quite as much in those of the descent of property.]

Thomas Shelton and Anne Rhodes both of the parish of Salford were marryed with Lycence October 25th.

In 1736 Edward Welchman left us for Solihull, and though he continues rector here till May, 1739, Lapworth sees him no more. During his long residence here he seems to have taken an active interest in

¹ Thomas's edition of Dugdale bears date this year. In it he has the note:—

There are at Lapworth 46 houses and 30 cottages and twenty teams kept. At Bushwood, which is in the parish of Old Stratford, there are seven houses, & Sir Clobery Holt is Lord thereof; but under the Earl of Middlesex, who is Lord Paramount.

These figures, however, seem unduly low. The register for the decade 1720-9 contains 128 different *surnames*, and of these not more than about fifteen appear to belong to strangers.

parish affairs, especially as regards the charities. He had the habit of jotting down on the fly-leaves of the register the repairs which he executed from time to time at the rectory and in connection with the church, thus :—

1690. I new-floored the parlour and built the chimney on the chamber over the . . .
1693. I rebuilt the big barn.
1695. I repaired the middle part of the house.
 „ (Nov^r 11th) I planted the orchard on the east side of the garden. Edw: Welchman.
1697. I rebuilt the bigger barn and the stables and filled the pool at the east end of the house.
 [A field adjoining the rectory is called “Pool Hill.”]
 Memorandum that Andrew Archer esquier gave me the stone wherewith I groundsilled the lesser barn.
1702. I laid a new roof on the east end of the house and set up a seat in the chancel.
1703. I made the cellar and staircase and gate . . .
1704. I planted the ashes in the churchyard before the school.
1705. F. Luckman made the arbour towards the school.
1706. I built a round end to the upper barn and the chamber over the big kitchen.
 I put up the pales betwixt the fold-yard and the way to the church.
1715. I new tiled the west end of the house.
1720. I built the lean-to on the south-side of the bigger barn.
1725. Memo: the ground in Little Pool Hill . . .

a	r	p
2	0	10
- Flax-ground in Little Church Field . . .

a	r	p
2	0	12

Probably nothing remains of Edward Welchman's house in the present rectory, which is of much more recent construction. It must, however, have been a

fairly spacious building, as a Terrier of the period¹ describes it as

A Dwelling House by estimation Six Bays, Five whereof are floord with Boards & one with Plaister.

The size of houses, barns, etc., was then reckoned by bays, and a "bay," as defined by the *New English Dictionary*, was—

The division of a barn or other building, generally from 15 to 20 feet in breadth. Applied to a house, it appears to be the space lying under one gable or included between two party walls.

¹ It is by the kindness of the Rev. K. Prescott, late Rector of Lapworth, that the Terrier above referred to is now given in full.

Extracted out of the Registry of the Consistory Court of Worcester.

ANNO DOMINI 1714.

A Terrier of Glebe Lands & other possessions belonging unto y^e Rectory of Lapworth in the County of Warwick & Diocess of Worcester.

Imp^s A Dwelling House by estimation Six Bays, Five whereof are floord wth Boards & one with Plaister.

Item Two Barns and a Stable by estimation Six Bays.

It. Two Gardens & Two Orchards

It One Close called Great Almscroft by estimation Two Acres.

It One Close called Little Almscroft by estimation Three Quarters of an Acre.

It One Close called Great Pool-Hill containing by estimation Six Acres of Arable Land and three Acres & an half of Meadow Ground.

It One Close called Little Pool-Hill by estimation three Acres.

It One meadow called Brick Meadow by estimation Two Acres & an half.

It One Close called Plum Furlong by estimation Three Acres & an half at y^e Bottom of which is a Fish Pond made by y^e present Rector.

It One Close adjoining to Plum Furlong called Little Church Field by estimation Two Acres & an half.

It One Close called Great Churchfield by estimation Six Acres.

It There is belonging to y^e Rectory all manner of Tythes in kind according unto the manner & custom of y^e Parish ever used.

Edward Welchman Rector

John Askew Churchwarden

Walter Colier his mark Churchwarden

John Green

Isaac Green.

Examined and compared with the Original Terrier

John Clifton. D. Reg.

This is interesting as a parish document, inasmuch as no later Terrier of the Glebe lands, etc., is known to have been lodged or to exist. It cannot be made to agree with the Glebe lands of the present day. The close of six acres called Great Churchfield appears to have been exchanged about 1802 for 3 a. 2 r. 20 p. now Glebe-land, much more conveniently situated as regards the rectory.

The "school" before which he "planted the ashes in the churchyard" was part of the buildings removed in 1892. The "arbour" or summer-house, which must also have stood within the churchyard, is a picturesque addition to our knowledge of the surroundings of the church.

The mention of the "Flax-ground" points to a cultivation that passed away with the spinning-wheel.

Edward Welchman was the author of several works of theology, of which only one is mentioned in Lowndes's *Bibliographer's Manual*, namely:—

The Thirty-nine Articles of the Church of England; illustrated with notes, &c. London, 1740.

Lowndes adds, "there have been numerous editions."

I have also seen a copy of another little book of which the title-page runs:—

A practical Discourse on the Parable of Dives and Lazarus. By Edward Welchman, M.A., Rector of Lapworth in Warwickshire, sometime Fellow of Merton College in Oxford.

London: printed for A. & J. Churchill and for George Thorpe, bookseller in Banbury, MDCCIV.

It has a dedication in the style of that period, which we should think too fulsome now, "To the Honourable Jane Lady Bowyer," whom he describes as "a Patron that to the affluence of the one (Dives) hath joined the piety of the other (Lazarus)."

The Banbury bookseller's name on the title-page is due to Banbury being Welchman's paternal home. Lapworth must have become to him his real home, and he had hardly time to settle at Solihull before his death. There is a well-preserved brass in the floor of the chancel of Solihull Church with this inscription

to his memory ; for which, though long, a book of Lapworth memorials must find space :—

Here lieth the body of the Reverend Edward Welchman formerly Fellow of Merton College in Oxford from whence he became Rector of Lapworth. He was eleven years Archdeacon of Cardigan ; three years Rector of this church, and cheerfully quitted this life in full hopes of a blessed immortality the 19th of May 1739. Aged 75.

It would be here vain and needless to attempt the character of this great man ; the lovers of truth, religion or learning knew his worth ; his own pious and learned works do now properly speak for him and will continue to speak to the latest posterity.

To predict the duration of literary fame was hazardous then as it is hazardous now, but he remains an interesting figure in our parish history. Near to his own memorial on the chancel floor are two others, one on each side, to his son and daughter, which, as the children were Lapworth born, are also here transcribed :—

Here lieth the body of Thomas Welchman, one of the sons of the Rev^d Edw: Welchman, who departed this life the first day of February 1774: aged 64, leaving an only daughter who married James Dolphin: their remains are here interred, the former of whom died April 29th 1808 aged 69 years and the latter June 12th 1814 aged 80.

Here lies the body of Mrs¹ Anne Welchman daughter of the Rev^d Archdeacon Welchman and Mary his wife. She died April y^e 16th 1759: aged 44.

Through this James Dolphin, his son-in-law, Edward Welchman kept up a sort of connection with us to our own times, for Robert Dolphin, the descendant of the said James, became Lord of the Manor of Lapworth, and continued to hold it within the writer's own recollection.

¹ Applied in those days to a middle-aged or elderly maiden lady.

The next rector was William Darby, of whom Foster's record says only :—

Darby, W^m, s W^m of Maidstone, Kent, Gent: Merton College, Matric. 30 March 1726, aged 18. B.A. 1729. M.A. 1732.

[In *Churches of Warwickshire* the name is given as "Darly."]

He held the living from 1739 to 1751. But his name is not appended to any entry in the register; neither does it appear in connection with the parish trusts. There is nothing to show that he took up his residence here. The register during most of his incumbency seems to have been kept very irregularly. Entries that have been omitted are squeezed in afterwards with difficulty. Many have been written with much-watered ink, and are now faded beyond recovery. Those of 1741-2-3 are nearly all illegible. This condition of things continues with little alleviation until 1749, when this first volume ends. We glean, nevertheless, a few entries.

1744. Richard Fancourt son of Richard and Dorothea Susanna Iago was privately baptized July 11th and received into the Church the 26th of the same month.

[This, our second instance of a child receiving two names in baptism, his mother having two also, was a son of Iago, one of the minor poets of the eighteenth century, for whom Johnson was able to afford a few words of commendation. The above entry, there can be little doubt, is in the father's writing, and so are others until at any rate the October following. He writes his name distinctly Iago, not Jago, as it is usually printed. I conclude that he was curate here at the time this child was born, and probably occupying the rectory. His father was Rector of Beaudesert, and he himself became, in 1754, Vicar of Snitterfield, which living he continued to hold with other more valuable preferment until his death in 1781. His monument is in Snitterfield Church. His principal poem, called *Edge-Hill*, in four

books, is mainly descriptive, and in it he mentions many places in our neighbourhood—"Umberslade," "Temple Balsall," "Wroxall," "Solihull," etc., but Lapworth he leaves unsung.]

1746. Under this year is the entry, evidently inserted at a later date:—

Edward Court and Elizab: Miller both of y^e parish of Tardebig were by license married January y^e 24th 1747/8.

1747. John Lonnen bury'd Sep^r 24th.

[The name of London, of which this is a misspelling, was common here in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries.]

1749. Katherine daughter of Job & Dorothy Balamy Burd.

[Numerous Bellamys still remain amongst us, and Job has continued a Christian name with them.]

Ursly the daughter of Ann Rogers by Uzzil Titmosh the reputed father (Bapt May 21)

[“Ursly” probably means Ursula, but “Uzzil” I have not met with elsewhere.]

With the year 1749 this first volume of the register ends. It ought to have been discontinued a year earlier; but when the last page properly available was filled up the entries were made to overflow, as mentioned earlier, on to a little available space under “1587,” and thence to a fly-leaf at the beginning of the book. The last entry is of a baptism under date of March 18th, when the year was close upon its end.

On a fly-leaf at the end of the volume, amongst other scrawls, stands this, which we may take as epilogue by someone who advocates a classification of entries which had never been observed for any length of time:—

Let this side o'th page your weddings adorn,
The other attest when y^r infants were born,
Let the dead by y^mselves also stand on a side,
For who that is living wth them shou'd abide.

PARISH REGISTERS, VOL. II., 1750-1810.

[CONSISTS of forty leaves of parchment, strongly bound in calf, $16\frac{1}{2}'' \times 7''$. From the beginning of 1750 to the end of 1754 it contains "Christenings," Marriages, and Burials. From the beginning of 1755 it contains Christenings and Burials only; and at the end of that year there is a note:—

Memorandum: as the Churchwardens of every parish are obliged since the year 1754 to provide a distinct register for marriages only, they will not be set down here for the future.]

From the commencement of this volume the entries are made in a distinct and small handwriting, which proves to be that of one Owen Bonnell, who became curate in the beginning of 1750, while William Darby was still rector. He came as a young man of twenty-four, and he had before him upwards of forty-five years under successive rectors (four in all), during the greater part of which time he seems to have had practically the sole charge of the parish. The last of the four rectors under whom he served is still remembered by at least one old parishioner living here at this day.

There is nothing to show whether William Darby resigned this living or died, but with the heading of 1751 we get a note in the register:—

Cha^s Bean, Rector
Owen Bonnell, Curate.

Foster's record of Charles Bean is brief, not giving his preferments:—

Bean, Charles, s Charles of Beaksbourne, Kent, cler; Merton Coll: matric 27 July 1727 aged 15. BA 1731: MA 1734.

He is mentioned as Vicar of St. Mary's, Warwick, from 1750 to 1766 (*Churches of Warwickshire*), and would appear therefore to have held that living along with Lapworth from 1751 to his death. There can be no doubt that he made his home at Warwick. But there are entries in the register from time to time which show that he was here occasionally.

In 1752, under the Act 24 George II. c. 23, for adjustment of the calendar, eleven days in the month of September were dropped. What would have been September 3rd was called September 14th.

In 1752 also the legal year was by another statute made to begin thenceforward with January 1st. At the end of it in the register there are three entries under January to which the note is appended: "These three last according to the new style are in the year 1753"; and accordingly under the heading of that year they are re-entered, and from that time the uncertainty and variation as to the beginning and end of the year cease.

Amongst names that are most frequent about this time are those of Bellamy, Cranmer, Mander, Mortiboys, Ingram, Green, Lea, Tarlton, and Brawd-bury.

1758. Mary Maydew (Bur^d Oct 3rd)

[This name, under various spellings (as Maidew, and even Madue), first appeared towards the end of the seventeenth century and continued about eighty years.]

1759. Deborah Almanack (Bur^d Dec^r 7)

1763. Mary the daughter of Thomas & Elizabeth Cranmer was born (by her father's account) on Feb. 11. 1763.

[Several entries relating to this and other families are qualified in this way.]

1763. Ann ^e daughter of Isaac and Hannah Ingram (Bapt. Jan^y 21st)

[She lived to the age of ninety, and was the last survivor here of the old Nuthurst family. Though baptised Ann, she seems to have been known by the name of Hannah, and under that name is buried. Her tombstone in the church says: "Hannah Ingram, last surviving daughter of Isaac Ingram Esq of Nuthurst House. Died on the 31st. day of March 1853: aged 92." It would seem that her age was a matter of doubt, and is here overstated by two years. In a book containing "Memoranda Parochiala," Mr. Mildmay, rector at the time of her death, writes (understating her age by two years):—

Miss Ingram died at the age of 88, leaving £20 to be distributed amongst the poor. She wished to be buried in the church, and as she was the last of the family I therefore consented, but charged £10 fee to prevent the recurrence of such a request.

There can be no doubt that she was the child baptised "Ann" in 1763. There is in the register no baptism of any Hannah, and no burial of any Ann.

No interment has taken place in the church since this of Miss Ingram in 1853.]

1768. This year bears the heading—

Joseph Kilner, Rector.

Owen Bonnell, Curate.

Foster says only :—

Kilner, Jo^s, s James of Lexden, Essex, cler., University Coll: matric. 2 July 1737. aged 16, B A 1741. Merton College. M.A. 1744.

Charles Bean is shown in *Churches of Warwickshire* as ceasing to be Vicar of St. Mary's, Warwick, in 1766. He ceased, no doubt, to be Rector of Lapworth at the same time, by death. It is probable, therefore, that Joseph Kilner became rector here at a date somewhat earlier than 1768. He held this living till his death in 1793, but seems never to have resided

here. During all the time of his incumbency there is no entry in any of the registers which bears his signature. In a list of lands taken for the construction of the Stratford Canal he is described in 1792 as of Cirencester. He had found Owen Bonnell curate when he took the living. Bonnell continued curate all through Kilner's time, and was the only one whom the parish knew. He remained curate when Joseph Kilner, his third non-resident rector, after twenty-five years of office, died.¹ In those days such things were possible.

1772. Theophonia the daughter of Thomas and Mary Gardner, travellers (Bapt. June 13).

[For some unexplained reason this entry has a page to itself out of order at the beginning of the volume. "Travellers" means, probably, "tramps." In 1773 we get another remarkable female name, "Apalona."]

For comparison with corresponding periods of previous centuries,² I again set out the number of entries that occur in the register within a period of twenty years, namely—

	Baptisms.	Marriages.	Burials.
1761-1770	116	29	123
1771-1780	129	36	94

¹ Extract from *History of Cirencester*. (No author. Rudder: Cirenc^t. 1800.)

(*Monuments in Church*)

At the entrance, just without St. Catherine's Chapel, on a plain marble tablet :

JOSEPH KILNER

of Merton College, in the University of Oxford, sometime Fellow, and since beneficiary: after a life of infirmity most graciously alleviated and wonderfully lengthened out to more than 72 years

died the 3rd day of June 1793

Prostrate to the Will of God and to the riches of his mercy, in this End to sin and Way to immortality through Jesus Christ our Lord.

² See also pp. 142 and 171.

It will be noticed how singularly near some of these figures are to those of a hundred years earlier.

1786. Mary Ann daughter of William and Susanna Avery.
Bapt July 25.

[This William and Susanna had a large family whose baptisms are recorded in the years following. The Averys continue to furnish many entries to the register until about the middle of the nineteenth century, and there are several of their tombstones in the churchyard. The late Alderman Thomas Avery, of Birmingham, was a member of this family.]

For some years prior to 1789 small sums of money are noted at the end of each year by way of memorandum. At the end of 1789 we find:—

Mem: that I paid the Widow Bradford of Henley the King's duty for Births Marriages and Burials in full of all demands to the end of the year 1789. Owen Bonnell.

[By an Act 23 George III. c. 67, a stamp duty of 3*d.* was imposed on each entry of a baptism, marriage, or burial, from October 1st, 1783. This Act was repealed October 1st, 1794.]

1789. Thomas Chambers of the Nag's Head at Hockley Heath (Bapt: Oct. 28th)

[The "Nag's Head" continues to be a public-house sign there.]

1790. Ann, daughter of Mr. Biddle of Tanworth by his housekeeper (Bapt: Nov. 1)

[Owen Bonnell, it seems, did not know the mother's name.]

At the head of this year (1790) there is also an insertion made at a later date, thus:—

- June 1. 1802. On enquiry being made respecting the birth and baptism of Maria, daughter of William and Mary Haycock, the clerk produced his rough book wherein he keeps the register, and showed that a Mary Haycock was baptised with her brother William on the 12th January 1790.

1792. There are indications of the register being kept irregularly at this time.

1793. This page is headed with the signature of a new rector: "H. A. Pye (Soc: Mert:) Rector. Æt: suæ 27 vice Kilner def:"

From the beginning of Owen Bonnell's régime we have lost the fulness of the entries to which we were accustomed in the old volume, a fulness which adds so much to its interest. In burials he usually gives simply a name and a date. Towards the end of his time, indeed, he often gives nothing more, even in baptisms not naming the parents. At the end of 1793 his neat handwriting and clear signature disappear for ever. For some time past the writing has been uncertain and tremulous. There are entries so sprawling as to suggest that he had become all but blind, and one such entry is his last. During all the long period of his curacy there can be found scarcely a dozen entries, either of baptisms, marriages, or burials, in any hand but his. In the marriage register (where from 1753 the signature of the officiating minister had to be appended), from 1768 to 1793, the whole period of Joseph Kilner's rectorship, every couple is shown to have been joined together by Owen Bonnell. There is not even one case of a strange minister.

In 1796 we get the entry:—

Burial. The Rev^d Owen Bonnell, curate. July 31st.

He had been curate about three years under his fourth rector, H. A. Pye, who happily was at that time resident, so that probably during those years the old man had not much of the parish work.

A slab on the chancel floor, within the altar rails, used to read—

Sacred to the memory of Owen Bonnell, Clerk, who after worthily performing the duties in this parish 45 years, died the 27th July 1796 in the 70th year of his age.

The inscription has been preserved for us in *Churches of Warwickshire*, but the slab itself is gone. It was to be seen in its proper place until the restoration of the chancel in 1860, but not later. There can be little doubt that at that time it was buried, along with Thomas Cole's slab, and perhaps others of which we have no record, and that it might now be found a few inches below the pavement then laid down. If this surmise is right it must have been so buried when Owen Bonnell was still remembered by some then living here. He seems to have been, as indeed the name suggests, a Welshman, and I find this further brief record of him in Foster's *Alumni Oxon.*:—

Owen Bonnell, s of Owen, of St: Ismail, co: Carmarthen, pleb: Jesus College, matric 28 Feb. 1743-4. aged 18. B.A. 1747.

Ten years after his own death there is the entry :—
1806. Elizabeth Bonnell. Buried Feb. 28th.

Whether this was his widow, maiden sister, or some other relative we cannot tell.

Foster's record of Henry Anthony Pye (he himself writes the name "Antony" when he first signs it in the register) is—

Pye, Henry Anthony, s Anthony of St: Andrew's, Holborn, Middlesex, arm. Merton Coll: matric. 16 Dec. 1782, aged 16. B.A. 1786, Fellow, M.A. 1789, Rector of Lapworth, co: Warw^k, 1793, Vicar of Cirencester 1805, Prebendary of Worcester 1818, Rector of Harvington, co: Worcester 1818 until his death 25 March 1839.

He thus held the living of Lapworth forty-six years, and along with it successively all the preferments named until his death. At the end of 1806 he ceased to reside in the parish (leaving a note to that effect, with his signature, in the Feoffees' minute book), removing to Cirencester, where he died; but he seems to have continued to come here occasionally, especially to attend the annual meetings of the Charity Trustees, which he rarely missed until after 1836.

It is remarkable with how few steps these successive long tenures of office carry us back to very distant times. Pye is still remembered here; yet his first curate, Owen Bonnell, came to Lapworth in 1750, and might well have known Edward Welchman, who took the living in 1689, having succeeded with an interval of a few months only (and probably himself known) Thomas Cole, who was born in 1602, while Elizabeth was still on the throne. There are only four lives thus bridging three centuries.

H. A. Pye, of Lapworth, was a relative of Henry James Pye, George III.'s Poet Laureate. There are entries of his children in the register as under:—

1797. Harriet Frances, d^r of H. A. and Frances Ursula Pye
Born July 11. Bap^t Oct. 8.
1798. Sarah Elizabeth, d^r of H. A. and Frances Ursula Pye
Bapt Sep^r 23.
1800. Henry Anthony, s of H. A. and Frances Ursula Pye
Born Dec 7. 1799. Bap^t July 23.
1801. Thomas Pye. (Buried June 28)
N.B. was born Nov^r 1801 (*sic*) and privately
bapt^d in the same month.
1803. Jemima, d^r of H. A. and Frances Ursula Pye (Born
July 29. 1802. Bap^t April 17. 1803.)

1805. William, s of H. A. and Frances Ursula Pye (Bapt.
June 30)
1807. Emma, d^r of H. A. and Frances Ursula Pye Bapt.
June 14.

The son Henry Anthony became Rector of Sapper-ton, Glos., in 1833, and held the living fifty years—till his death in 1883.

In 1805 we have the entry :—

Isaac Green, bur^d Dec^r 20th

This was the last of the old land-owning family before mentioned. His baptism was noted in 1712.

In 1806, at the time of, or shortly before, the removal of H. A. Pye to Cirencester, James Way became curate here, and from the period of his arrival takes charge of the registers and appears to have given special attention to them. He adds a little variety to his entries from time to time by stating the cause of death ; as “drowned in the canal” (then newly made), “died intoxicated,” “killed by the bursting of a gun barrel,” “scalded to death,” etc. There is the following entry in 1810 :—

Buried May 23rd Mrs. Eliz: Garrett Ross Way.

and in 1816 (in another volume)—

Buried Nov 20th. James Way. Lapworth Rectory. 41.

Charles Curtis, Officiating Minister.

[The latter was at that time Rector of St. Martin's, Birmingham, and also Rector of Solihull. He was a famous fox-hunter.]

An inscribed tile in the chancel floor (placed there probably in 1860 in substitution for another record) reads, “Vault of the Rev: James Way 1816” ; and at the west end of the south aisle, on the south wall, a mural tablet of white marble, removed from the

chancel in 1860, bears a long inscription (printed in *Churches of Warwickshire*) to his memory and that of his wife and children. It describes him as "Rector of Adwell, in the co: of Oxford, and some years the officiating clergyman of this parish."

Foster says:—

James Way, s. James of Thame, Oxon, arm: Pembroke College, matric. 2 Nov 1792, aged 17, exhibitor 1793, B.A. 1796, M.A. 1799, Rector of Adwell, Oxon, and Curate of Lapworth, co: Warwick, 1803 until his death in 1816.

This is not quite correct, for he only became curate here, as before mentioned, in 1806. But it seems to be a curious case of a rector making himself an absentee in order to take a curacy elsewhere, for there is no doubt that during all the ten years that he was curate here he continued to hold the living of Adwell, a small parish since united to that of South Weston, Oxon. The records of absenteeism probably have not many such instances.

During the twenty-three years that H. A. Pye remained absentee rector after the death of James Way, his curates were, so far as appears from entries in the registers—

1817 to 1826. G. Childe.

[In one entry he is described as "Chaplain to the Warwick Gaol."]

1826 to end of 1838. Donald Cameron.

[He became Vicar of Snitterfield in 1840, and held that living till his death in 1877.]

1839 (to end of October). J. H. Wilding.

H. A. Pye had died March 25th of this year (1839), but it is not until November that we get the first entry signed by his successor, G. Tyndall.

It is in the year 1839 that we find for the first time amongst the names of occasional ministers that of R. W. Johnson, who was then entering on his long incumbency of Packwood, only terminated by his death in 1889.

PARISH REGISTERS, VOLS. III. TO VII., 1754-1853.

With 1810 the end of the second volume of the registers is reached, and it does not come within the scope of these *Memorials* to examine in any detail the records of more recent years.

A few words may, however, be given to the later volumes, and first to those which bring up the marriages to the corresponding period, namely:—

Vol. III: Marriages April 16th, 1754, to November 9th, 1812.

IV: Banns of Marriages 1754 to 1794.

In 1794 the keeping of a Banns book seems to have been discontinued, and is only resumed in a new volume in 1823.

The arrangement of the marriage and other registers in columns under printed headings began with 1754, and the title-page of the first registers printed and ordered to be used in all parishes has itself become rather a literary curiosity:—

A register book for marriages in all Parish Churches and Chapels, conformable to an Act of the 26th of King George II entitled "An Act for the better preventing of clandestine marriages": published according to the Act of Parliament by Joseph Fox, parish clerk to the House of Commons. London, printed for Joseph Fox, bookseller in Westminster Hall; and Benjⁿ Dodd, bookseller to the Society for promoting Christian knowledge at the Bible and Key in Ave-Mary Lane, near St: Paul's. 1754.

Within the fifty-eight years covered by volume iii. (1754-1812) there are 177 marriages recorded—only three per annum. In these we get for the first time an educational test for the parish so far as writing is concerned. Out of the 354 people thus united no fewer than 184 are illiterate. Of 70 couples neither of the pair could write; of 32 the man only, and of 12 the woman only, could write. There are many instances in which not only could neither of the contracting parties write, but neither could their witnesses. The first marriage recorded by H. A. Pye, after he became rector, is signed by four marks only. The variety of marks is curious. The cross is most frequent, but some prefer to attempt a circle, some of the more ambitious try to trace a heart, some make one straight line, some two, some are able to make the initial letter of their Christian name or surname. Fifty-nine, being exactly one-third of the whole number of marriages, are by licence. From 1754 to 1793 there are, as before mentioned, probably not half a dozen marriages performed by anyone but Owen Bonnell. Then till 1807 they are mostly signed by H. A. Pye, and after him, until 1812, by James Way, curate. There are very few instances of marriages performed by strange ministers, but in 1810 one Thomas Blyth officiates, and, being perhaps a nervous man, he has entered the marriage on a blank space which happened to be left under 1768, and there it stands.

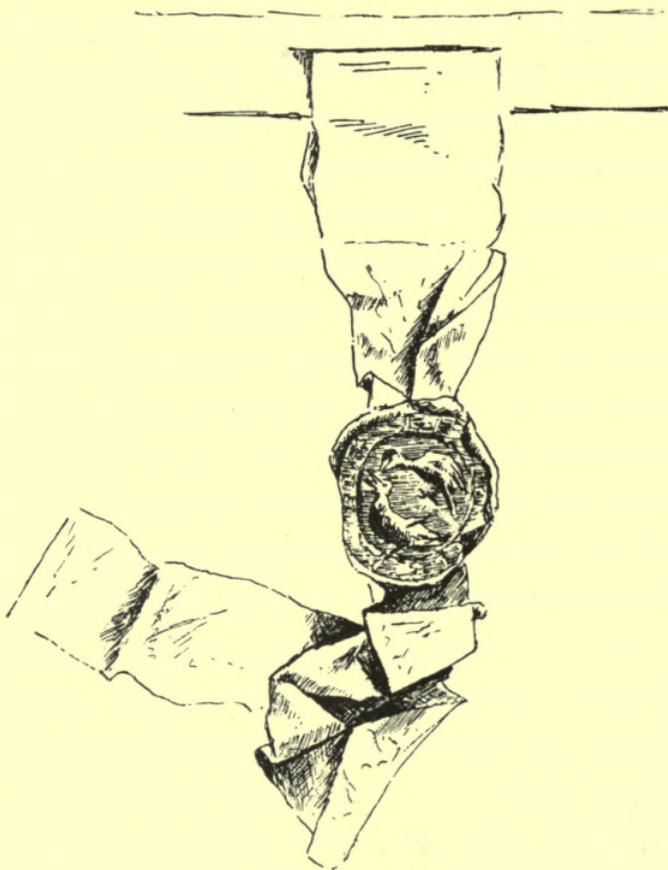
The last entry in the above-described Marriage Register is under date of November 9th, 1812.

As will be seen from the list given on p. 137, Volume v. covers Baptisms and Burials from 1811 to 1812, and Volume vi. contains the Baptisms from 1813 to 1853.

The next volume of Marriages (vol. vii.) begins with July 19th, 1814, and ends October 30th, 1837. There would seem, therefore, to have been about twenty months without any marriage to record. This volume contains 81 entries in the twenty-three years which it covers. Of these 14 are by licence and 67 by banns. The educational standard shows little or no advance from that of the previous century. There are 27 cases in which neither of the married pair could write, and 13 in which neither they nor their witnesses could do so.

Volume viii. covers Burials from 1813 to 1870, while of the remaining volumes [ix., x., xi., xii., and xiii.], all but one remain in use up to the present day.¹

¹ See footnote on p. 253.



Seal of deed, 1370
Roger atte Grene & o^{rs} to William le Smýth
(Rich^d de Toppesford one of the witnesses)

OVERSEERS' ACCOUNTS

" . . . the exchequer of the poor."

RICHARD II.

CHAPTER V

OVERSEERS' ACCOUNTS: 1688 to 1704

THERE has been preserved, not in the parish chest, but by accident, a much-decayed and mouse-eaten fragment of a book containing the accounts of the Overseers of the poor, which covers the period from 1688 to 1704.

No one year is complete except 1704. But many years are complete on the receipts side of the account; and in most of them, though we do not get all the details of expenditure, we get the total. In the imperfect sheets we find many entries which are interesting, though only of a kind common to the period.

It happens also that just at this time (namely, in 1699) the Feoffees had a new survey made of their estates, and Edward Welchman, then rector, who had a habit of using the fly-leaves of the Parish Register as a commonplace book, entered it there, and has thus preserved for us the oldest schedule that exists of the parish properties. It gives the tenants' names, the acreage of their holdings, the names of their fields (but not their rents), and shows that the total quantity of Charity land was then 175 a. 2 r. 16 p.

In disposing of their income the Feoffees allotted

to (1) the Overseers, (2) the Highway Surveyors, and (3) the Churchwardens, not fixed sums of money, but such and such lands, leaving each of the parish authorities to make the best of their respective portions and pay their own disbursements. The Overseers seem to have had allotted to them about 43 acres and the Banbury house, from which they had an income of about £22 in relief of rates.

The survey copied in the Parish Register gives, as I have said, names and acreage, but not rent. The Overseers' accounts give names and rents, but not acreage; so that by combining the two we learn that the Charity lands were let at this time for 10s. an acre on the average, including the houses attached to the several holdings. And as these accounts give also the amounts derived from the levies (of Poor Rates) from year to year, we have approximate data for ascertaining the rateable value of the parish at the time to have been £1,457, and that something like 10s. an acre was the outside rent of land generally throughout the parish. The Charity land was indeed let rather above than below the average.

In the years covered by these accounts, the sums raised by Poor Rates were as follows:—

YEAR.	RAISED IN YEAR.			RATE IN £.	YEAR.	RAISED IN YEAR.			RATE IN £.
	£	s.	d.	d.		£	s.	d.	d.
1688	18	4	4	3	1697	27	11	3	4½
1689	18	4	4	3	1698	27	11	3	4½
1690	9	2	2	1½	1699	missing			—
1691	9	2	2	1½	1700	59	14	4	10
1692	18	4	4	3	1701	27	11	3	4½
1693	13	13	3	2¼	1702	27	11	3	4½
1694	27	6	6	4½	1703	55	2	6	9
1695	22	16	11	3¾	1704	27	11	3	4½
1696	22	16	11	3¾					

1700 and 1703, as shown by the exceptionally high rates, had been years of great distress. The entries of relief given to the poor occupy about six pages in the accounts, where in other years they take up only about two.

The rateable area of the parish to-day is 2,885 acres, and the rateable value is £7,182 (1904). Probably a comparison on similar data, if obtainable in other purely rural parishes of our district, would show somewhat similar increases of value in the two hundred years.

The following are some of the entries of payments selected from these old accounts. It will be noticed that, especially as regards clothing (bearing in mind the much greater value of money in those days), the prices then paid were very heavy. The permanent poor of the parish (those, namely, who were in receipt of relief all the year round) seem in ordinary years to have been from twelve to fifteen in number.

1688.	Paid for a paire of Stockings for Tho ^s	£	s.	d.
	Palmer, he being a poore of the p'ish	.	2	0
	(a shurt)		3	0
	(a paire of Shues)		3	4

1689.	Paid Mr Lowe for baptizing Eliz: Furley's			
	child (illegitimate)	.	1	0
	do: for burying Rich ^d Peto	.		6
	do: for wrighting a certificate of buriall	.		6

[Paul Lowe was curate, and the Overseers paid the burial and baptismal fees for paupers.]

	Paid to me (Walter Willson, Overseer) with			
	a poore boy to p'ntiss	.	6	0 0

[There are entries every year for apprenticing of children. This fee is a very heavy one for the period.]

		<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
1690.	Paid to the poore of Nuthurst	12	0
	[This would be half the rent of Collett's close of 3 acres, showing it was then let at 8s. an acre.]		
	To Tho ^s Stowe to bye him a strike (Bushel) of Corne.	2	6
	Given to John Morrell to bye Salve for his sore leg, he being a poore lame man of the p'ish	10	0
	[He has this 10s. a year for many years.]		
1691.	A new shute of clothes for Tho ^s Palmer	11	5
	For 6 hundred of Coals for the Widd: Parrie	4	6
	For going to Ipslie and for a horse for Eliz: Hemming to ride on	2	6
	[Probably the Overseer and she rode pillion. She had been the cause of a trial between the parishes, in which much expense was incurred and Ipslie got the worst of it.]		
1692.	Paid for the charges of the marriage of Tho ^s Slye's servant	18	6
	[The parish troubles were often brought to an end by defraying the expenses of a marriage; and the Overseers seem to have provided a good hearty meal on such occasions.]		
1693.	For 2 loads of wood for Widd: Minors she being a poore woman with several small children.	12	0
1694.	2 Hundred & half of bricks to mend Humph ^y Crandall's bricken	3	6
1695.	Given Widd: Parrie to go to the doctor with her sore eyes and for a horse to carry her	9	6
1697.	Paid Goodwife Slow when her husband was in prison		6
	For making a pair of breeches for Tho ^s Palmer		5
1700.	Paid Francis Mawer for going to Broms-grove and taking Lazarus Bozward with him	6	0

	£	s.	d.
1700. For an iron poot for Mary Croley	3	0	0
Paid R. Jennings for going to Halesowen to seek masters for apprentices	1	8	0
Paid Goody Pratt to buy Hall's child a coat & a surpliss & shues	9	2	0
Paid for 8 thrauves ¹ of straw	9	4	0
Paid the King's duty for the buriall of Tho ^s Satchwell	4	0	0
[Such entries are of frequent occurrence about this time. A tax of 4s. on each burial was payable under an Act of William & Mary, 1694. The Overseers paid it in the case of paupers. The same Act imposed a tax on Births and Marriages, but there are no entries of payment of these by the Overseers. The Act was allowed to expire soon after 1700.]			
Paid to the third-burow ² of Kingswood for going to take the goods of John Smith if any had bin	6	0	0
Paid for assigning a surtyvycat by to justices of Peace	1	0	0
[i.e. signing a certificate by two Justices.]			
Paid Mr. Welchman (Rector) towards the money he lent for to redeem Tho ^s Slow out of prison	1	10	0
For going 3 times to Esq ^r Archer's on Towne business	1	6	0
[Probably the nearest Justice, living at Umber- slade.]			
For going to Stratford on Towne business	2	6	0
Given John Kendall a strike of wheat	3	9	0
" " " a strike of barley	1	11	0
1704. Paid for bread for the poor on St: Thomas Day	5	0	0
Paid for a paire of breeches for Palmer's son	5	0	0

¹ "Thrave [Prov. Eng.] 24 sheaves of grain, set up in 2 shocks of 12 sheaves each." (*Standard Dict. of the Eng. Language.*)

² "I must go fetch the third-borough." (*Taming of the Shrew.*)

	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
1704. Paid for 3 weeks table for Eliz: Hall . . .	4	6
Paid for cloth to make letters for the poor		6

[Under the year 1695, there is also an entry "Paid for letters for the poor, 3s." These "letters for the poor" were badges of red or blue cloth which by an Act of Parliament of William III. those in receipt of parish relief had to wear upon the shoulder under certain penalties, and without this there was to be no relief. The badge was a large P with the initial of the parish: our poor would therefore bear the letters L.P. This provision was not repealed until 1810 (50 Geo. III. c. 52).]

At the end of each year's account a page is devoted to a list of the burials that have taken place within the year, at the foot of which is a certificate, thus:—

All which were buried in woollen only, according to the Act of Parliament in that case made, as may appear by several affidavits brought me according to the said Act.

Edward Welchman. Rector of Lapworth.

Every parish history tells how an enactment of Charles II. (1678) provided, with a view to encourage the woollen industry of the kingdom, that the dead should be buried in shrouds of woollen only, and the relatives had to bring with them at the burial an affidavit sworn before a magistrate for delivery to the parson that this enactment had been complied with. The law was not repealed till 1815, but had ceased to be enforced at an earlier date.

Such entries are common to parish accounts of the period, but these are interesting to us as giving glimpses of Lapworth ways and conditions two hundred years ago.



VIEW OF THE INTERIOR OF LAPWORTH CHURCH

SHOWING POSITION OF ANCIENT WINDOW IN NORTH WALL OF NAVE DISCOVERED IN THE RESTORATION OF 1872

1791-1825

(including payments made by the Treasurer of the Charity Feoffees, 1815-25)

The extracts already given from the Overseers' books were of the dates 1688 to 1704. There are no other parish books of account till about a hundred years later. The following are from the Overseers' books commencing 1791 :—

	£	s.	d.
1791. 3 Qts ale at meeting at the Bell	1	0	
Paid J. C—— for work done in Tapsford lane	1	0	
[This shows our present name of "Tapster lane" to be a comparatively recent corruption, the above form preserving much more closely the name of the old family of "de Toppesford."]			
S. Chinn. 1 lb. of wool			7
Widow H—— a pair of Hurd-cards	1	6	
1792. Paid Mr Bonnell for looking in the register	1	0	
[Owen Bonnell was the curate who had been here then nearly fifty years.]			
Nov. 5. Gave the ringers at Gunpowder Treason	10	6	
[This occurs yearly.]			
1795. April 7th. Paid for ironwork done at the stocks	1	6	0½
[They stood by the side of the road leading from Kingswood to Hockley Heath, about opposite where the drawbridge now crosses the canal to Millbourne Farm. A footpath went from there to the church, and it is said that Sunday was chosen by preference for the punishment of the stocks, perhaps that church-goers might be encouraged to virtue by the sight of the delinquents.]			

	£	s.	d.
1795. Paid for the dole at the Church	4	10	0
[At the end of 1795 there are seventy or eighty pages left blank, and the account is then resumed for 1798 only, the two years intermediate having never been entered up.]			
1798. Paid for a letter from Tysoe			8
[Sundry entries for repairs, mainly of Church Bells, to the amount of about £43.]			
Paid J. Smith for serving the office of Overseer	10	0	0
Paid him for journey to Hungary Harbury	10	11	
Paid the common fine and assigning pence for 13 years	2	13	9
[This I suppose to have been a payment of 4s. 1½d. a year from the parish to the Lord of the Manor in respect of rights of common.]			
Paid for a plank to repair Kingswood Bridge	4	0	
[The Kingswood brook was thus apparently crossed by a ford and a footbridge.]			
Novr. Gave the ringers for Nelson's Victory	18	6	
[This would be the Battle of the Nile.]			
Paid for a smock frock & breeches for W. H——	7	6	
1802-1806. Paid for mending Sarah Brooks's wheel	1	8	
Paid for a wheel for Isabella Chinn	6	6	
Dame Swann to buy a pair of wool-cards	2	0	
[There are many entries for the repairs of these wheels, new wheels, wool, and so on, reminding us that at the beginning of the nineteenth century every cottage still had its spinning-wheel.]			
1802. Paid for bread at the Easter Meeting			6
Paid for Ale at the Easter Meeting	8	0	

	£	s.	d.
1802. Paid for 20 dinners on the rent day . . .	1	10	0
„ „ ale and tobacco for do: . . .	1	18	6
[The proportion of ale to bread at Easter is quite Falstaffian, and the allowance at the rent day must have been more than a gallon a man. There seem to have been also monthly meetings, for which there is always "A bottle of ale 4s. 0d." or sometimes 5s.]			
1803. Paid John Maids to serve in the army of reserves	14	14	0
Paid Price to serve in the army of reserves	8	8	0
„ Wright for finding a substitute . . .	26	5	0
„ the substitute's wife	7	17	0
[These are, as it happens, all paid within one month. They are instances of the heavy charges which fell upon the parish and swelled the Poor Rates for many years during the continuance of the war with France. In 1804 they amount to about £60. In some years they are £70 or £80. They continue with great regularity till 1815, when relief came with Waterloo. These were large sums for so small a parish as ours.]			
Aug. 24. Paid expenses endeavouring to take a man for a bastard child. 2 days, 3 persons	3	8	11
1802-5. Paid for a letter from Kenilworth . . .			9½
„ „ „ from Warwick . . .			9
„ „ „ from Coventry . . .	1		0½
[It was, of course, the receiver who paid postage in those days.]			
Pair of stockings footing for David Lock . . .			11¾
Gave Spragg towards a pair of mittens . . .	2		0
Paid Grafton & Wilks for Books for the Singers	3	16	0
1806. Gave Collett's child a Pinbefore . . .			1 3
38 cwt. of Coals at 10d.	1	11	8

		£	s.	d.
1807.	Gave Pratt towards setting his son apprentice	3	0	0
	Consideration money for Jack Weller's indentures	8	0	0
	[Charges for apprenticing continue frequent.]			
	Paid for a wooden leg for T. Kendall	12	4	
1809.	Apr ^l 3 rd . Ale for the ringers at the King's Coronation	4	8	
	Oct 26. Gave the ringers at the Jubilee	10	6	
	[George III. entered on the fiftieth year of his reign on that day.]			
1810.	Paid Mrs. Burge for doctoring Bradford's leg	12	6	
1811.	Paid Mr. Green for taking the population of the parish	1	5	5
1812.	Paid John Smith's family when a Localing	8	0	
1814.	Feb 18. Paid for one dozen of Sparrows' heads at 3 ^d . a dozen			3
	Paid for 22 doz: of ditto, old ones, at 4 ^d a doz.	7	4	
	April 9. Paid the churchwarden for an iron chest for the Registers	6	6	0
	[This would be the church chest now in use. It most likely replaced one of oak with three locks, which still survives ¹ and probably goes back to Elizabethan times.]			
	Aug. 13. Paid for ale for the ringers by order of Mr. Edwards (Churchwarden)	1	8	0
	[It is not clear what the ringing was for. Napoleon was at that time shut up in Elba.]			
	Dec ^r 30. Paid John Reeve 9 days by Yard-land	4	6	
1815.	Jan 7. do: 3 days work by the Yard-land	1	6	
	[I am inclined to think "yard-land" here means the churchyard. Horne Tooke suggests its use sometimes in that sense. It is rather singular that there should be no entry of any bell-ringing for Waterloo.]			

¹ See illustration, p. 266.

	£	s.	d.
1816. Gave W ^m Carpenter's wife to free her husband from prison	3	0	0
[Many payments to her previously on account of his being in prison. The parish probably thought it would be cheaper to purchase his liberty.]			
Widow Woods for curing Jos: Greenhill of the itch	1		6

The following are payments made by the Treasurer to the Feoffees :—

1815. Paid to John Mortiboys (<i>i.e.</i> to himself) his salary for teaching school one year	20	0	0
and for collecting the Charity rents and keeping the accounts one year	5	0	0
Paid Dame Brown for teaching school 1 year	5	0	0

[John Mortiboys's school was conducted in the school-house (a cottage) in the churchyard, pulled down in 1892; Mrs. Brown's, for poor girls only, in a cottage by the roadside near the "Bare House" farm. Its ruins were removed a few years ago. Why should not the poor also have these records of their *Alma Mater* ?]

1815. Paid Mr. Armishaw for his valuation, measuring & making a book of plans and binding the same	73	10	6
--	----	----	---

[This book is dated 1814. The plans are beautifully executed by Ebenezer Robins of Birmingham, the principal land surveyor in this neighbourhood at that time.]

1818. Paid for a new iron chest with three locks	7	14	0
--	---	----	---

[This is the chest which the Feoffees now use. It is not unlikely that before that time they had used the old oak chest (mentioned on the preceding page) in common with the churchwardens.]

		£	s.	d.
1818.	14 dinners on the rent day	1	1	0
	Ale & Porter	1	14	3
1819.	16 dinners	1	4	0
	Ale & Tobacco	2	7	6
1820.	11 dinners	16	6	
	Ale & Tobacco	2	3	6

[The proportion of ale per man is even greater than in the quotation given for 1802. If we deduct 4s. 8d., the then price of a pound of tobacco, the allowance at this last meeting is more than 2½ gallons a man (at 1s. 4d. a gallon). They must have qualified the ale by something stronger.]

1818.	Paid for books for use of the church	12	0	0
	” ” use of the poor	9	0	0
1819.	A book for the singers	2	2	0
	Paid Mr. Isaac Brown in part of his bill for painting the King's Arms	18	0	0
1820.	Paid him the remainder of his bill for painting the King's Arms & for gilding the clock face	14	6	7

[This work of art, which used to hang above the chancel arch, may still be seen in the chamber beneath the tower. It was decidedly dear at £32.]

1821.	Paid for black cloth to hang the pulpit &c at the death of the king	21	11	6
1822.	Paid Tho ^s Maids 11 days serving thatch	12	0	
	Paid C. Biddle 8 days banking & setting quick	10	8	

[An illustration of labouring men's wages at that day in the parish.]

	Paid Mr. Willcox his doctor's bill	40	0	0
--	--	----	---	---

[He was the parish doctor, and must have let his bill run a long time, as I can find no other entry of the kind.]

	£	s.	d.
1823. A suit of livery for the Biddle	4	9	6
Paid Mr Job Bellamy for 26 dresses for the Charity children at 15 ^s /- each	19	10	0

1825. Paid for a pane of painted glass with the name of the late Thomas Fetherston upon it	8	6	
--	---	---	--

[It is fixed in the west window, and bears his shield of arms: along with it are those of Henry A. Pye, the Rector, and Heneage Legge, Lord of the Manor. As there are no entries to the contrary, probably the two last named had each to pay for his own.]

June. Paid in respect of the enlargement of the churchyard	21	12	0
---	----	----	---

Nov ^r . Paid the expenses of the consecra- tion of the additional burial ground	26	12	0
---	----	----	---

Paid the two apparitors for attending	2	2	0
---	---	---	---

Gave the ringers and singers at the conse- cration	1	0	0
---	---	---	---

[This refers to the ground gained by closing and taking in the lane which then ran round the east side of the churchyard, and insulated it. Its course is shown by the line of elm trees in the churchyard.]

Paid the expenses of Hockley House at the time Mr Harding & the Feoffees attended the Commissioners	12	2	
---	----	---	--

[This was when the Charity Commissioners were investigating for their report of 1826.]

And finally, a little out of order, because I wished to conclude these extracts with it:—

1819. Dec ^r 27 th . Paid Thomas Baylis the re- mainder of his money for teaching Tho ^s Ward to play on the Violin	1	0	0
--	---	---	---

How much Thomas Ward's musical education had cost altogether we have no means of ascertaining, as

this is the only entry relating thereto. His violin, of course, was wanted for the choir. The choir sat in the gallery, which was removed from the west end in 1872. The leader of it for many years towards the end of its existence was Mr. Samuel Gazy, whom numbers of us remember well. I am told that he played the clarionet, and that a Mr. John Hildick of that day played another clarionet. There must have been also a flute and a violoncello, but history is silent as to who played them. Then, too, there was the bassoon. It was reckoned to be the instrument which by unwritten law and precedent belonged and appertained to the parish clerk. So that when the parish clerk could play he must have had to leave his desk beneath the pulpit, gravely traverse the nave, and ascend the gallery to his instrument, and when the singing was over walk back again. But Henry Saunders, the last of the parish clerks under the old régime (a good old man, whom also I remember, and who gave one of the alms dishes of the church), could not play the bassoon, so it came about that John Ingram was the last who ever played, or probably ever will play, that instrument in Lapworth Church choir. I should much like to have heard them playing up aloft before "the old order changed, yielding place to new"; but I doubt whether the parishioners of Lapworth will ever seek to revert to the old order in this matter of their church music.

PARISH APPRENTICES

"Come hither, boy : come, come, and learn of us . . ."

TITUS ANDRONICUS

CHAPTER VI

PARISH APPRENTICES: 1680-1703

THE apprenticing of poor children of the parish was an expense which at this seventeenth-century period was regularly paid by the overseers or the feoffees of the parish charities (for instances, see pp. 205, 207, 212), and continued to be so paid up to and during the earlier decades of the last century. It is still set out as one of the objects to which under the existing deed the charity funds may be applied, but it is doubtful if any such payment has been made within the past sixty years.

The following indentures still exist, and are of interest as referring to a period of two centuries ago:—

1680. John Hollicke, apprenticed to Nicholas Green of Blocksedge in the parish of Wassall, "Spurearen," for ten years. £1 10s. *od.* paid down, and 10s. *od.* more to be paid at end of first year, "by the collector of the poor then in being."

1684. Thomas Morris to Henry Horton of Blacknell in the Co: of Stafford, "Naller": for seven years: to be taught "the art and trade of a naller." (No premium named.)

1685. Will^m Palmer, son of J. Palmer, labourer, to Edw: Lichfield of Wallsall, "nayler": for seven years, "to learn the science or trade of a nayler." "By the consent of Matthew Madgett, Churchwarden, and other inhabitants of the parish of Lapworth." (No premium named.)

1700. John Clarke, son of T. Clarke, labourer, to Samuel Maunder of Lapworth, husbandman, six years from date, to learn "the art, skill and mystery of husbandry." No premium. By Edward Abbott, Churchwarden and Overseer of the poor: endorsed by the signatures of Basill ffeilding and W. Palmer, Justices.

1700. Joseph Hemmings, "a poor friendless boy of the parish of Lapworth," to Will^m Moor of Ridge Core in the parish of Halesowen, Mason: until he is twenty-one;— endorsement that he is then $7\frac{1}{2}$ years old. By the same Edw: Abbott and the same Justices.

1703. W^m Crandall to James Hextall of Lapworth, husbandman, till age of twenty-one. (No premium: age not mentioned.) With consent of the Churchwardens and Overseers of Lapworth and of two of her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, who sign this indenture, namely, John Clopton and Andrew Archer.

The conditions and stipulations of indentures of this period have now such a flavour of quaintness and antiquity that I preserve one of them here entire,— namely, the first on the above list:—

This indenture made the 14th day of August in the year of our Lord God 1680 witnesseth that John Hollicke of Lapworth in the County of Warwick hath by and with the assent and consent of the ffefees, churchwardens and overseers of the parish of Lapworth and the rest of the inhabitants put himself apprentice with Nicholas Greene of Blocksedge in the parish of Wassall in the County of Stafford Spurearen and affter the maner of an apprentice with him to dwell from the day of the date of these presents for and during and unto the full end and term of ten years from thenceforth next ensueinge and fully to be completed and ended during all which term the said John Hollicke an apprentice his said master Nicholas Greene well and faithfully shall sarve, his secrets

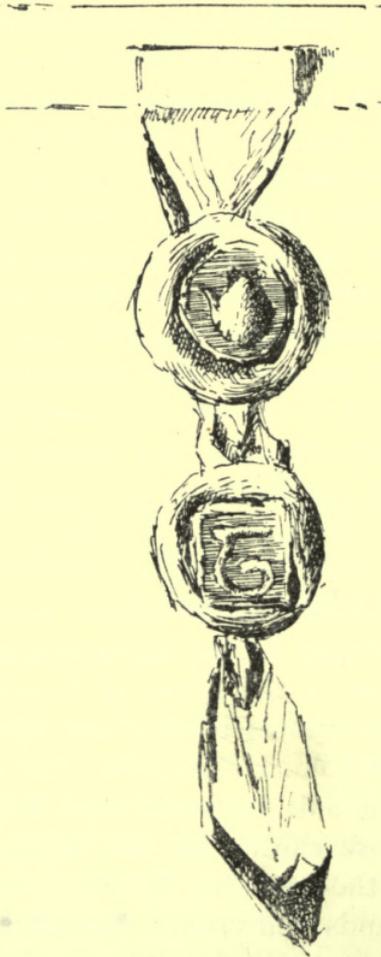
shall keep, his commandments lawful and honest shall gladly do. Hee shall not commit fornication with any woman in the house or out of the house of his master : hee shall not do nor consent any hurt to be done to his said master, but shall lett to his power or forewarn his said master thereof : he shall not hant taverns of custome or publick ale houses except it be about his master's business there to be done : at cards, dice or any other unlawful games hee shall not play : hee shall not waste the goods of his master in ordinately nor lend them without the especial leave license and consent of his said master : hee shall not contract himself to any woman in matrimony during all the said term of time : hee shall not absent himself from the sarvice of his said master by day nor by night but in all things shall behave himself as a true and faithful sarvant to his said master dewering all the term of time before mentioned ; and the said Nicholas Greene doth by these presents covenant and grant to and with the said John Hollicke his said apprentice that he shall and will teach direct and instruct him in the art and trade of a spurearen which he now followeth after the best maner that he can or may and at the end of the said term to make him free of the said trade in Wassall : in due maner to chastise him offending, and to allow him the said Hollicke, a sufficient meat, drink, washing and lodging, linens and woollens, hoase, shues, and all maner of clothes fitting for an apprentice of that calling according to the custom of the Sittey of London and at the end of the term of ten yeares to give and allow to his said sarvant and apprentice John Hollicke two new suites of linen and wollen clothes, one suit for weeke days and the other for holy days, beside those clothes he had before. In witness whereof the parties to these present indentures enterchangably have put to theare hands and sealles the day and yeare first above written.

Nicholas Green (his mark).

Witness : Will^m Southerne
Will^m Ingram.

William Ingram was at the head of the parish

charity trust. William Southerne was, to judge from entries in the Parish Register and elsewhere, probably curate here. In 1684 he became Vicar of Rowington.



Seal of William Kettill
1408-32

LOST PROPERTY

*“Importing the surrender of those lands
Lost . . .”*

HAMLET

CHAPTER VII

LOST PROPERTY

THE year 1700, closing its eventful century, left behind it in our chest the counterpart of a lease for two hundred years, which therefore only expired in 1900.

In 1699 the schedule of the Charity Estates set down by Edward Welchman on the fly-leaf of the Parish Register has the entry :—

	a	r	p
Mr. Askew. In Merils. 4 pieces . . .	2	1	28
In Flamefield 1 Piece. . .	0	3	6
	<hr/>		
	3	0	34
	<hr/>		

and the fragment of Overseers' accounts for that year shows that he paid £2 10s. a year for this land.

In 1700 (February 25) a lease was granted by Edward Welchman and his co-feoffees under which they

with the assent and consent of the Minister and Churchwardens of Lapworth in considⁿ of twenty one shillings and sixpence to them paid and of the rent hereafter provided do demise grant lease sett and to farm letten to the said W^m Askew [as follows, namely], All that arable, meadow and pasture land called by the name of Merrills and Flamefield as it is and hath been known to be Town lands lying in five several parcels and situated in Lapworth aforesaid and now

in the occupation of the said William Askew the quantity thereof being three acres and thirty four perches or thereabouts [to hold unto the said William Askew his heirs &c] from 25th March next ensuing untill the full end & term of 200 years yielding and paying yearly on the feast day of the annunciation of the B. V. M. one peppercorn if the same be lawfully demanded.

And the said William Askew covenants that he, his heirs, etc., at all times during the present demise, will in all things order & manage the demised premises in a good sufficient and husband-like manner namely as he doth his own lands and at the end or expiration of the said term of 200 years will leave and yield up unto the said Edw: Welchman &c. their heirs assigns and successors the same in a very good sufficient and tenantable condition.

The counterpart is signed and sealed by William Askew, the endorsement being :—

25 March 1700

200

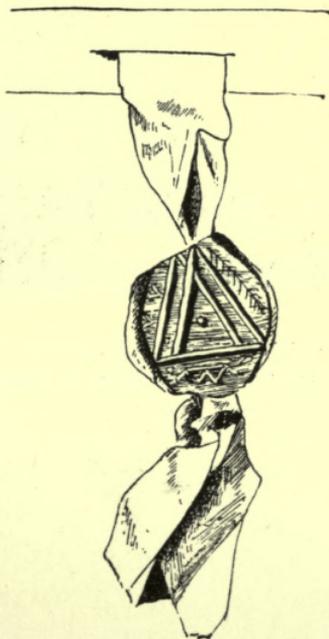
Expires 1900

The land thus leased was described in the feoffment of 1652 as

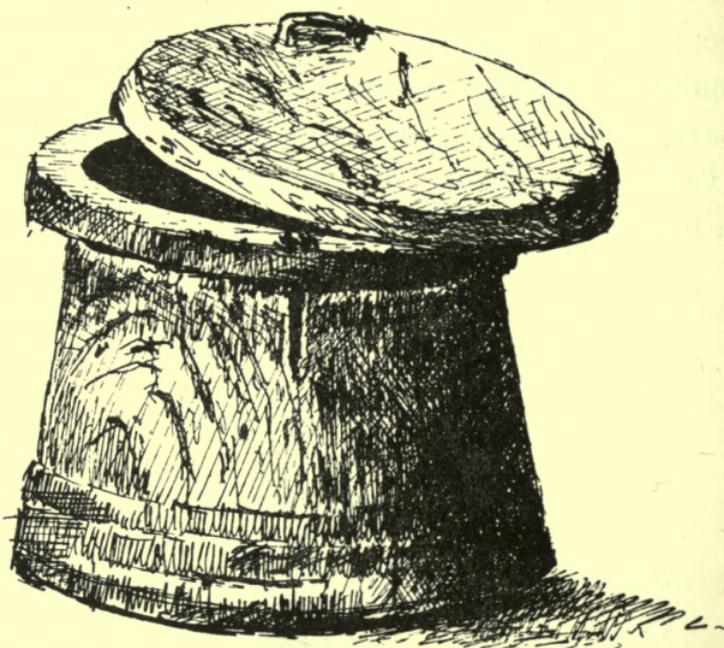
two sellions of land lying in a field called Merriell and four other sellions of land lying in a field called Flame-field, which said last mentioned premises were called Skinner's land.

Skinner's land, no doubt, is that which was left by Simon Skynner and Margaret his wife to Rector Hill and others in trust by a deed of 12 Ed. IV. (1473). It would be land that lay dispersed and intermixed with other lands in the before-named fields, just as the four strips of Charity land are intermixed with other land in Cleycroft to this day.

It has long ago disappeared from the list of parish properties. In the Tithe Map of the parish we still find the name of "Merrills" applied to certain land. But Flame-field has not even left its name. And though the covenant in the lease to hand over the land in the year 1900 to the Feoffees for the time being "in a very good sufficient and tenantable condition" does not seem to be contingent on the demand of the peppercorn rent, the Feoffees were doubtless wise to make no attempt to recover their own. The counterpart of the lease has, at any rate, been preserved in excellent condition, even if the land to which it relates is lost beyond recovery.



Seal of deed, 1435
 William vorde to Ellen at y^e vorde



The oldest of the deed boxes in Lapworth Church
5 inches in diameter, $3\frac{3}{4}$ inches in height

THE LAPWORTH CHARITIES

"'Twere good you do so much for charity."

MERCHANT OF VENICE

CHAPTER VIII

THE LAPWORTH CHARITIES¹

THROUGHOUT the eighteenth century, rents in Lapworth stood at much the same figure as obtained at the end of the seventeenth century (see pp. 203-4, and 225). Anything beyond 10s. an acre was exceptional, and there are cases as low as 5s. The twenty-one-year lease continued to be the rule, and such leases were renewed from generation to generation without change of rent. In 1775 (when we get the first existing schedule with rentals of the complete Charity Estate) we find an average rental of only 10s. 3½*d.* an acre. In 1795, under the pressure of complaints from the parishioners, this had become about 13s. In 1814 it had got as high as 17s. 6*d.* The average in all cases of course includes the houses attached to the lands, as it is impossible to estimate their separate value. Then in 1814, moved probably by the large profits which farmers were making during the war with France, the Feoffees had a new survey and valuation made of the

¹ References to the Lapworth Charities make up a great part of this book, but the reader of this Chapter (VIII.) may be referred more particularly to pp. 84-7, 133-4, 203-4, 213-15, 225-7, and to Appendix III.

Mr. R. N. Holbeche, Agent and Treasurer to the Lapworth Charity Trustees, has most kindly corrected the map showing the Charity lands, and has supplied the material for the schedule set out in Appendix III. The Editor here records his thanks to Mr. Holbeche for this valuable assistance so freely and courteously rendered.

Charity Estates, the result being that in 1816 they well-nigh trebled all their rents, the average becoming about £2 8s. per acre. Indeed, they rather overdid the thing, and presently had to make temporary reductions to the extent of about ten per cent., but most of the tenants continued to occupy at the advanced rents, showing that they must have had very good "takes" previously.

We are able to compare the gross income of the Charity Estates in successive periods, thus :—

1695	.	.	estimated	.	.	£87
1775	.	.	actual	.	.	£104
1795	.	.	"	.	.	£127
1814	.	.	"	.	.	£175
1816	.	.	"	.	.	£415
1822	.	.	"	.	.	£376
1826	.	.	"	.	.	£412
1844	.	.	"	.	.	£385
1892	.	.	"	.	.	£415

It is curious to notice that within forty-one years (from 1775 to 1816) the income is quadrupled, and that in 1892 it stands once more at the precise figure of 1816.¹

In 1699 the acreage of the parish property as then surveyed was 175 acres. It is now 189 acres. Some pieces have been lost; but on the other hand the parish has had allotments from enclosures of commons, wayside strips, etc. Variation has been due also to some small purchases and exchanges made by the Feoffees.

Until after 1795, when the Feoffees drew up a

¹ For the year ending June, 1904, the gross rental was £390 10s. 9d.

case for counsel's opinion in regard to several of their difficulties, it does not appear that they kept any regular record of their proceedings or made up any yearly balance sheets.

They seem, however, in 1797, to have started a "Minute Book," which covers the period from that date to 1841. The annual meetings were of the most perfunctory kind, and the minutes rarely consist of more than a record of the names of those present (usually three or four persons) with a few lines naming what leases or other matters were considered, but without any details.

For many years in succession there is no record of any meeting being held. There is not, for example, one between 1814 and 1822. Probably the real business was transacted conversationally from time to time by some one or two of those who took the lead, and at gatherings which were of a more convivial nature than the annual meetings.

When the feoffment trusts came to be renewed, it seems to have been a chronic difficulty that there was not a sufficient number of "freeholders and inhabitants" of the parish to be found to fill up the vacancies, and that the survivors were debarred from appointing any other persons. There is no doubt that this limitation led to the appointment of unsuitable trustees.

In the volume for 1826 of the Reports of Proceedings of the Charity Commissioners is to be found the report of the Inspector sent down to inquire into the "Combined Charities of the Parish of Lapworth." He does not appear to have been shown the pre-Reformation

deeds, or to have known that anything existed earlier than 1563. Indeed, after setting out the Table of Bequests he goes on to say by way of introduction: "The deeds or instruments by which these respective benefactions were made (with the exception of Collett's) are not now found among the parish documents."

He abstracts the older feoffment deeds describing the conditions of the trusts embodied in them, and is careful to preserve from them the old names of fields and properties, all of which (with many more) we have met with in what has gone before. He also appends a schedule of the rents at the time of his visit.

He does not seem to have found much occasion of complaint, but makes mention of matters of interest as to procedure, etc., which we have now no other means of knowing. The parishioners seem to have had more facilities afforded them then than now for gaining information as to their Charity Estates.

The report says:—

An annual meeting is held soon after Easter at which such of the parishioners as think proper attend. The accounts of the Treasurer for the preceding year are then produced for the inspection of the trustees and parishioners present.

The usual course is for Mr. Pye, the Minister, who is also one of the trustees, to read over aloud the several items of the account, and the book is then handed round for the individual inspection of such as desire it.

[This procedure seems to have been quite in accordance with the provisions of the old trust deeds, which distinctly aimed at a certain amount of publicity being secured both in this way and by the giving out in church of the meetings of the Feoffees. The Trustees have for the last fifty years at least held their meetings in private. But it was only after much contention that the parishioners had established

so far their right to know what was done by the Feoffees. In the Minute Book of the latter in 1814 there is the entry:—

For the satisfaction of the parish the Feoffees agree to deliver an account yearly to the parish at Easter of Receipts and Disbursements of the parish estate. The Feoffees will also place in the hands of the Churchwardens a rental of the estate as it now stands, and from time to time correct the same and place it when corrected in the hands of the Churchwardens.

Until this time they seem to have submitted no accounts at all.]

The several cottages, being now 21 in number, are occupied by parish paupers, placed in them from time to time by order of the trustees, and they enjoy the benefit of them rent free. These cottages are estimated at the annual value of from £2 to £3 each.

The o a. i r. i p. appropriated for the site of a new school-house and garden was so appropriated by the trustees, in consequence of the old school-house being, as was supposed, erected upon part of the churchyard, and being then in a very ruinous condition. The new school-house is not yet quite completed, but it is conjectured that the expense incurred by this building will not fall far short of £800.

[It really cost in the end £1,526, and there was great difficulty in working off the debt incurred (with interest at five per cent.) by annual instalments of £200, a receipt in full being given in 1833. In looking at the building one cannot help wondering how the bill could be run up to such a figure.]

For a great many years past the annual sum of £20 has been paid as a salary to a schoolmaster for teaching gratis the children of resident parishioners, without limitation of number or regard to condition, to read, write and cipher. The number attending the school sometimes exceeds 60. A further part of the funds is applied to the support of another school called the Charity School, at which the female children of the poor, exclusively, are taught to read, knit and sew. They are clothed every second year, and are provided with books from time to time as required. The number of these Charity children is generally from 20 to 30.

The office of Treasurer has been filled for many years past by Mr. John Mortiboys, the schoolmaster, and a salary of £5

is paid to him for receiving the rents and keeping the books : and one of £8 to the Clerk for his services in the church.¹

The report describes the available funds of the Charity as being

applied to the several purposes of the trust in proportions varying from time to time according to their respective exigencies.

[Apparently the Feoffees had a larger discretionary power than they now have.]

It is further remarked that—

In the repairs of the church the chancel is included, the parish, as we are given to understand, being liable, by prescription, to repair that part.

[Recent incumbents have, notwithstanding what is said above, recognised the repair of the chancel to be an obligation of the Rector. In 1860 the Rev. C. A. St. John Mildmay, then Rector, incurred an outlay of about £750, being mainly his own personal expenditure, though aided by some private subscriptions.]

In the year 1817, several payments, amounting in the whole to more than £400, are charged in the accounts for law expenses, being the expenses incurred in defending a suit in Chancery which had been instituted by some of the parishioners against the trustees, charging them with mismanagement of this trust estate, and with a misapplication of the funds.

[The principal charges appear to have been the corrupt granting of leases, but it is singular that while we have so much left in the

¹ John Mortiboys appears to have been the first treasurer the Feoffees ever had. In 1795 there is a marginal note upon a case that was submitted for counsel's opinion: "The grantees have for many years permitted the overseer of the poor to receive the rents and apply them together with the poors rates without keeping any separate account," and the question is asked, "Are they justified in doing so, or should they appoint a treasurer for that purpose?" John Mortiboys continued to be treasurer and schoolmaster till his death in 1844.

way of record of the suits of Elizabeth's day, and of Charles II.'s time, there are no papers left touching this suit in the nineteenth century. The Feoffees' solicitors, no doubt, retained them all.]

In 1841 still further discontentments in the parish came to a head, and resulted in a petition (of which also we have no copy) from certain of the parishioners, headed by the then Rector, the Rev. Geo. Tyndall, to the Court of Chancery for the promulgation of a new scheme for the government of the parish charity trusts. It took seven years to obtain what was sought, but the application was then successful, though in the meantime Geo. Tyndall had passed away; and in 1848 the scheme under which the Charity Estates are now governed was put forward and came into operation.

This scheme has never been printed, and the parishioners have had no facilities hitherto for making themselves acquainted with its provisions. It may be of interest, therefore, to summarise them briefly.

The new body of Feoffees was fourteen in number, the first name on the list being that of the Rev. C. Arundell St. John Mildmay, then Rector, followed by John Fetherston, Esq., of Packwood; Marmion Edward Ferrers, Esq., of Baddesley Clinton, and John Wm. Kirshaw of Lapworth, civil engineer, the remainder being all farmers and inhabitants of Lapworth.

The expenses of obtaining this new scheme and deed are mentioned in the latter as £921, the payment of which again crippled the charity funds for a long time.

After reciting at length the obligations and con-

ditions of previous trusts, it lays down the following as the new scheme :—

1. Out of the rents and profits of the several properties vested in them the Trustees shall pay yearly “a competent sum, not exceeding one eighth part of the whole annual amount of the said rents and profits, in and about substantially repairing and keeping in good repair the Parish Church of Lapworth and insuring the same against loss or damage by fire, and in payment and discharge of the cost and expenses of and incident to the celebration of Divine Worship in the said Church.”
2. They shall further “set apart yearly the sum of Ten pounds, and invest the same in their names in the purchase of a competent share of Bank three pounds per cent. consolidated annuities, and shall in like manner invest the dividends from time to time of the monies so invested until by means of such investments there shall be formed an accumulated fund of £200 like annuities, and shall apply such accumulated fund of £200 as occasion may require in or about any extraordinary repairs of the said Church which may be found necessary.”

When the fund has reached £200 the Trustees may use the dividends for general purposes, but whenever the sum of £200 Consols has been reduced by expenditure on repairs of the Church fabric, it must be made up again as before provided.

3. They shall further “yearly pay and apply such a sum as they the said trustees or the major part of them shall think proper, but not exceeding for any one year the sum of £65, in and about the well and sufficiently repairing and keeping in good repair the roads and highways of and in the parish of Lapworth.”
4. They shall “from time to time as occasion shall require engage and appoint some fit and proper persons as Schoolmaster and Schoolmistress to educate and instruct at the Charity Schoolhouse, which is called the new Schoolhouse, in the Parish of Lapworth the children of the inhabitants of the said parish, both boys and girls,

in reading, writing and arithmetic and religious knowledge according to the doctrine of the Church of England, and as regards the girls in Needlework."

They shall also allow the Schoolmaster to occupy rent free the house and garden adjoining the schoolhouse, and shall pay yearly "such a sum as they or the majority of them shall think proper, but not exceeding £90," for salaries of Master and Mistress and all other expenses whatever connected with the School, Schoolhouse, and Master's house.

5. The Parish Clerk for the time being may have rent free the other house and garden adjoining the Schoolhouse.
6. The next charges on revenue are those of management, administration, and collection, "and expenses of repairing & keeping in good and substantial repair and insuring against loss and damage by fire the houses and buildings now being and standing upon, or which shall from time to time or at any time hereafter be erected upon, the lands and premises" of the Trustees.
7. The residue after payment of the before-mentioned charges is to be applied "towards the maintenance and relief of such of the aged, impotent and other poor inhabitants of and in the Town and Parish of Lapworth as do not receive parochial relief from or out of the rates assessed for the relief of the Poor," for medical aid and attendance to them, and "for and towards the binding and putting out as apprentices and servants the poor boys and girls educated at the Charity School aforesaid." The Trustees may also allow poor people who come within the above description to occupy "the small houses or cottages and gardens" rent free or at low and moderate rents.

The remaining provisions are :—

Leases of Trust property not to exceed twenty-one years. Trustees may set apart such land as they may think suitable and convenient for Cottage Allotments.

Trustees may not rent for their own benefit any part of the Trust estate.

Trustees to meet annually on the Tuesday in Whitsun week.

Notice of such annual meetings to be affixed to the door of the church two Sundays immediately preceding the day of such meeting, and also to be sent to each Trustee at least ten days before the date of such meeting.

Treasurer to be appointed annually at such meetings, and his remuneration not to exceed five per cent. of the whole annual income of the Trust.

At each annual meeting a Chairman to be elected for such meeting only: and to have a casting vote.

A Trustee may not reside more than seven miles from Lapworth Church.

A Trustee becoming bankrupt or insolvent is thereby disqualified.

The Rector of Lapworth for the time being is a Trustee *ex officio*.

The Trustees may at any time fill up vacancies arising in their body by death, removal or other disqualification.

When the trust body is reduced to seven, it is imperative on the survivors within six months to appoint additional Trustees to bring up the number to fifteen.

The qualifications for a Trustee beyond what have been before stated are:—

1. That he be the owner of freehold estate in the parish, or
2. Occupy land in the parish to the rental of £100 a year, or
3. That he be “possessed of and entitled to a clear annual income from any source whatever of not less than £100 a year.”

No Trustee may receive any remuneration from funds of the Trust.

No Trust money may be expended on dinners or other entertainments.

The record left by the Inspector in his report is, as before mentioned, that there were in 1826 twenty-one cottages let to the poor rent free. By decay, by

pulling down and non-renewal, by exchange of land on which four cottages stood for land on which there was only one, and from other causes, the twenty-one cottages have been reduced to a dozen, of which few can now be said to be either rent free or let at a nominal charge. The trustees never established any sinking fund applicable to renewal of buildings, so that when cottages have become past repair and have been pulled down there has been no fund with which to rebuild them.

There is no reason to think that the scheme of 1848 contemplated the discontinuance of the old custom under which the annual meetings of the Feoffees were open to and attended by the parishioners. The provision in the Trust Deed that public notice of such meetings is to be affixed to the church door in addition to the written notice sent to each Feoffee is, indeed, a clear indication to the contrary. The parishioners, however, probably through want of knowledge of their right to attend, have for many years ceased to do so. A copy of the balance sheet of the Feoffees has, in accordance with legislative provisions, been sent annually to the Churchwardens (and been copied by them into the Vestry minute book), while another copy is sent to the Charity Commissioners.

When the Local Government Act of 1894 came into operation, one of the first steps of the Parish Council was to apply to the Charity Commissioners for their award as to the number of Trustees to be appointed by the parish through their Council. It seemed to be almost a typical case in favour of election as against co-optation, the charities being

ecclesiastical only in the proportion of one-third, and general as regards the remaining two-thirds. But all the parish gets by the operation of the Act is that the annual copy of the accounts which formerly went to the Churchwardens now goes to the Parish Council. The Parish Council has no power, however, to take any action whatsoever in relation to the Parish Charities. The disqualifying section of the Act, so far as concerns Lapworth parish, is the very brief one, No. 66 :—

Nothing in this Act shall affect the trusteeship, management or control of any elementary school.

An elementary school forms part of our existing charity trust, and is managed and controlled by trustees elected by co-optation : therefore the parish can have no direct representation on the trust. It seems a *reductio ad absurdum* as regards popular expectation of what was to be done by the Act for village charities.

But the alternative to abiding as we are is to make application to the Commissioners for an entirely new scheme ; and all parishes have not unlimited confidence in the wisdom of putting their properties into the crucible of the Charity Commissioners ; so, for the present, co-optation continues, though admitted to be no longer in harmony with the spirit of the times. Whether it shall continue much longer, or only a little longer, the old system has, at any rate, lasted a long time, for there can be no doubt that the present body of trustees are the direct lineal successors of those who sat with " John in the Lone " when Edward the Third was King.

CHURCH RESTORATION

400

*“ . . . I go to church
And see the holy edifice of stone . . . ”*

MERCHANT OF VENICE

CHAPTER IX

CHURCH RESTORATION¹

IN Mr. Pye's time, 1807, there was a so-called restoration of our church. This, it will be remembered, is the date upon the shields of arms in the west window. One incident of this restoration consisted in the bricking up of the east window. It had become much decayed, and it was cheaper to brick it up than to repair it. But a straight, narrow slit of light was left down the centre, as may be seen in pictures of the church of about 1850. It was in 1807 also that the high pews were put in, which were only done away with, at the same time as the gallery, in the later restoration of 1872. A plan of the interior arrangements of the church, bearing date 1807, still exists, showing the pulpit fixed against the eastern pillar of the south side of the nave. There were three big pews in the chancel—two on the south (which were the Rector's pews) and one on the north—and two more in St. Katherine's Chapel (now used as the vestry), which were the Fetherston pews. There were fifty-two pews in all, and with the plan is a list showing the names, not only of all the occupiers

¹ Details of much of the later repair and restoration of the church will be found in chronological order under the various rectorates dealt with in Chapter X.

of the pews, but also the names of the proprietors, for the pews were then considered as personal property attaching to the houses of the parish rather than to the people, a tradition which to a large extent obtains still, and is not a little inconvenient to churchwardens, who have to provide for the comers to new houses. It is rather a grave reminder of how fugitive and transitory we are to find that of all the names of the occupiers of these fifty-two pews in 1807, there is only one that can be fairly said to be represented now by the same family or by successors bearing the same name. The places of the other fifty-one know them no more.

In 1872 the further work of general restoration of the interior of the church, which had been begun with the chancel in 1860,¹ was carried out, again under direction of Mr. G. E. Street. The expenditure incurred was about £1,600, raised by contributions from the Rector and parishioners, aided by several outside friends, together with a donation from Merton College, Oxford (patrons of the living), and a sum of £200 set aside for the purpose by the Feoffees of the Lapworth Charities under the provisions of their trust deed. The contractors for the work were Hardwick and Son, Birmingham. The church was closed for several months, during which service was conducted in the schoolroom. The reopening services were conducted on Wednesday, October 16, the Bishop of Worcester (Dr. Philpott) preaching in the morning.

The principal work carried out at this time was the

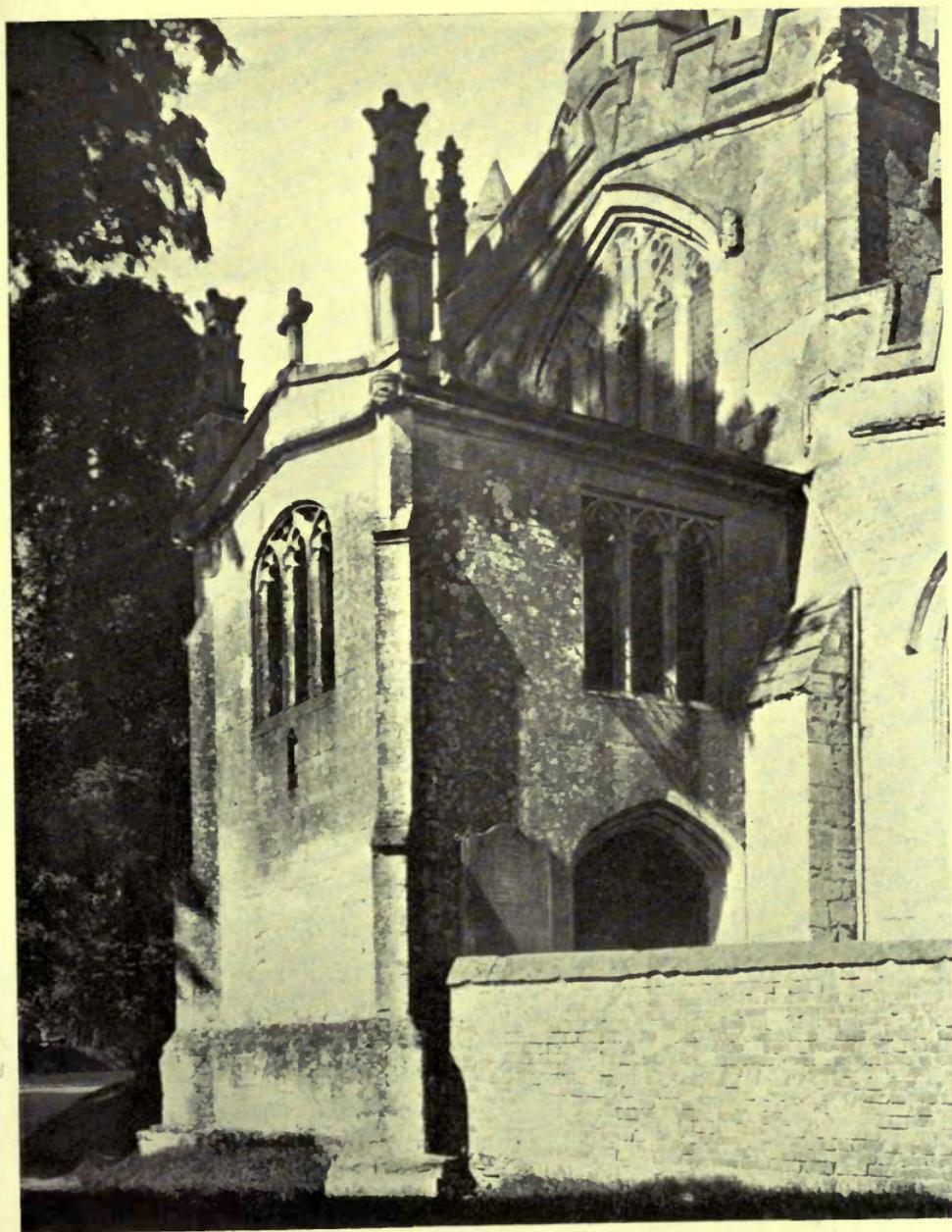
¹ See under 1860, p. 257.

following. From the west end an unsightly gallery was taken away, which had entirely blocked up two good lancet windows of the Early English period. High pews gave place to open seats. The stripping away of a lath and plaster ceiling from the nave discovered a fine old oak roof of open timber, which was put into good order, making the church look much loftier. The walls were denuded of accumulated plaster, and the bare stone exposed, with the effect of discovering in many parts traces of older work previously unsuspected and belonging to an early period of the church's history. In the north wall of the nave, dividing it from the north aisle, above the easternmost arch, and as it were springing from one side of it, a very curious and interesting window was thus exposed,¹ which is believed to date from Saxon times, when the wall in which it is seen was the external wall of a church without aisles. In the south aisle, at its west end, were also opened out and glazed two of the often miscalled leper windows, a little above ground level, concerning the origin and purpose of which there is so much uncertainty. In the same aisle, between the door and its east end, were also brought to light the deep recesses of two other windows, at some distant date blocked up to allow of the construction above them of the now existing windows. Here also were found a piscina and its credence table in unusually complete preservation in the south wall, the adjuncts formerly of St. James's altar at the east end of this aisle.

¹ The opening, once a window, will be noticed in the photograph of the interior of the church at p. 209.

The accommodation lost by the removal of the gallery was to some extent compensated by utilising the passage way between the north aisle and the tower, the latter up to that time having been detached from the church. Space was thus gained for seating the Sunday School children. At the same time an east window (square-headed and containing three rectangular-shaped lights) in the chantry chapel north of the chancel (St. Katherine's Chapel, now used as vestry) was done away with to allow of the construction of a recess in which to place the organ—an unfortunate mistake, since the organ in a few years was superseded by a larger one which had to be placed beneath the chancel arch, leaving the recess a meaningless excrescence. The porch at the west end of the church, with small chantry chapel above it¹ (the foundation of the de Montforts and others in 1374), had been till this time blocked up on its north side, and accessible by a door on the south only, the porch itself being used as a lumber-room. The masonry on the north was removed from the ancient doorway, and a thoroughfare beneath the chapel thus restored. The two curious stone staircases which connect the porch with its superstructure were also thus brought into view. It has been supposed that one of the uses of the little room was that of a relic chamber, and that these staircases side by side were for the ingress and egress of pious visitors. This chamber, in use up to 1872 as vestry, was also connected with the interior of the church by a wooden staircase carried through one of the ancient lancet windows, and to

¹ See illustration opposite, and pages 52 *et seq.*



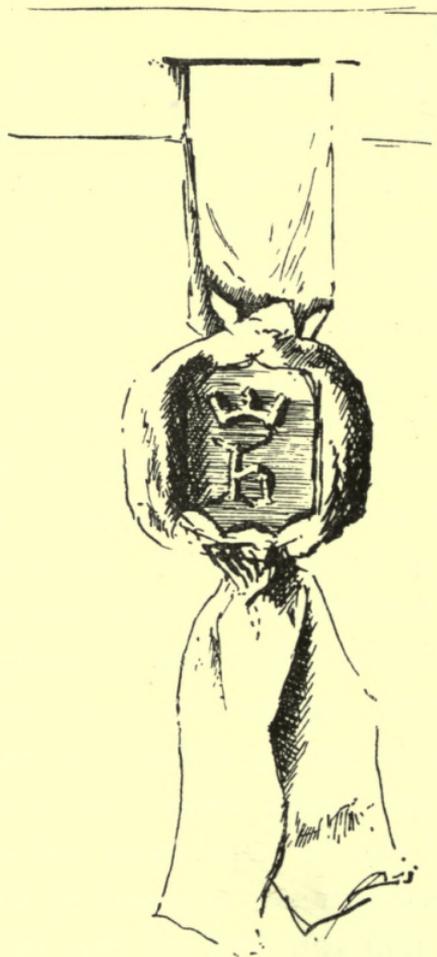
LAPWORTH CHURCH: THE CHANTRY CHAPEL
FOUNDED BY RICHARD DE MONTFORT AND OTHERS IN 1374

8

some extent concealed by the then existing gallery. This connection was cut off and the window restored to its original form. It is, no doubt, one of the lights of the church that existed before the Montfort chantry was constructed.

Four stained-glass windows were also at this time inserted, namely, the large window at the east end of the chancel, the gift of the Rector, Mr. Eaton, and his family; one on the south side of the chancel, the gift of Mr. John Fetherston, junr., formerly of Packwood House; one at the west end of the south aisle, the gift of Mrs. Tyndall, widow of the Rev. George Tyndall, formerly Rector; and a small window in the north aisle by members of the family of Kirshaw.

In connection with this restoration of the church a grievous error of judgment was committed, a great number of old tombstones hitherto standing more or less upright being then laid flat. Inscriptions which were at that time legible are now quite lost, the change of position having caused the surface of the stone to shale and break away. It is probably the worst thing that can be done to an old tombstone to lay it on the bare ground, exposed to the encroachment of grass and the foot of the rambler. The tender surface, which might in its original position have retained its record for generations longer, cannot bear this rude treatment.



Seal of deed, 1461

William Persones & Elizabeth his wife to John, their son
(witnessed by John Barnethurst, Henry VI.'s Keeper of
the Royal Park at Lapworth, whose seal this is)

**GENERAL NOTES, MAINLY RELATING
TO THE CHURCH AND INCUMBENTS:
1839 TO PRESENT DAY**

“ . . . abstracts and brief chronicles of the time.”

HAMLET

CHAPTER X

GENERAL NOTES, MAINLY RELATING TO THE CHURCH AND INCUMBENTS: 1839 TO PRESENT DAY¹

G TYNDALL, who succeeded to the living on the death of H. A. Pye, held it from 1839 to 1848, and is, of course, still remembered by some of the older parishioners. He was, as mentioned before, active in obtaining the Chancery Trust Deed under which the parish charities are administered.

Foster's record of him is :—

G. Tyndall, s. Thomas of Bristol (city), arm: Christ Ch: matric. 1815, aged 17, B.A. 1819, Fellow of Merton 1823-40. M.A. 1824. Dean 1824. Bursar 1827. Subwarden 1834. Rector of Lapworth 1839 until his death 23 Feb 1848.

He is buried in the north-west corner of the churchyard, and a small stained-glass window was given by his widow, as already mentioned, at the time of the last restoration. He does not appear to have had any curate, all entries in the registers being signed by himself or by occasional ministers.

¹ See pp. 196-9. (This chapter (X.) may in a sense be read as continuing the chronological record from the point reached by the chapter (IV.) on The Parish Registers.)

His successor was Mr. Mildmay, whose rectorship of Lapworth extended from 1848 to 1864.

Charles Arundell St: John Mildmay, third s. of Paulett St John Mildmay of Dogmersfield, Hants, arm: Merton College: matric. 1st Jan^y 1839, aged 18. B.A. 1843. Fellow 1844-9. M.A. 1846. Rector of Lapworth, 1848-64; of Long Marston, Yorks, 1864-73; of Alvechurch, co: Worcester, 1873-9; and of Denton, Norfolk, 1879-83.

(Foster, *Al. Oxon.*)

During his incumbency he had a laudable practice of putting down in volume v. of the registers (which through a change of forms had become no longer available as a register) such *Memoranda parochialia* as he thought worthy of record. Many of these are of such interest as to create a wish that the practice had been observed by his predecessors and continued by his successors. To make a clergyman the compulsory diarist of his parish might lead to the recording of many trivialities, but what would we not give for even the trivialities of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries! Mr. Mildmay's notes were all worth making, though space will not allow of reproduction here of more than a selection from them.

1848. The late Rector, Rev^d Geo: Tyndall, died of an affection of the lungs, having been presented to the Rectory by Merton College in 1839. After his decease the College separated from the living the rectorial moiety of the parish of Gamlinghay, which had been held by this and one previous incumbent as a sinecure, which was thenceforth attached to the Vicar of Gamlinghay.

I was presented to the living on the 21st June of this year, and came into residence in August. The Rectory House, being of red brick and having very

thin walls, was cemented and thoroughly drained. It had been considerably enlarged and improved by my predecessor, who also built the present stables and coach house.

[He expended on it about £1,000.]

On X'mas Day I presented to the church a pair of altar chairs and an alms plate of brass.

1849. Typhus fever very bad in the parish. Dr. Vaughan, Head Master of Harrow, preached here August 1st. (and again Dec^r 29th). Sept. 27th day of humiliation for the cholera: collection £11. 0. 6 in behalf of those visited at Bilston.

Gift from the Clerk of the parish, Henry Saunders, of another brass plate for the alms.

Nov. 15th. Day of General Thanksgiving for the removal of cholera from the land. A new church-gate and steps put up at the West End by myself.

1850. A stove given by me to the church. The Hon: & Rev: Aubrey Spring Rice appointed curate (Sep^r 16th)

1851. Census: Separate occupiers 154. Inhabited houses 148. Inhabitants: Males 330. Females 333. Total 663 (including 23 m. and 5 f. on Barges and 2 in sheds). In 1841. Inhabitants 729: decrease 66.

Church computed to hold 300 besides the school.

Average congregation, Morning 220. Evening 150

Scholars	95	95
	315	245

The Sunday School was commenced about 1830 under the Rev^d Donald Cameron, Resident Curate.

We have now three unpaid male and three unpaid female teachers: average attendance 100.—Day School, average attendance for the last five years 110: in this year 108; males 52, females 56. Average expenses of the school £55.¹

¹ In 1896 Mr. Prescott notes, under *Memoranda parochialia*, that the seating accommodation of the church is 248; children on the books of the Sunday School, 61; average attendance at Day School, 79; amount of School expenses for the year, £212.

January. I altered the entrance to the Parsonage, making the bank and small walk to the Church on the N.E. side.

October. Mr. Spring Rice resigned his curacy to go abroad for his health.

Packwood House: Mr. Fetherston left, and let the place to Mr. Whitehouse.

1852. Lord Cornwallis died: his estates in this parish left to his grandson, Mr. Philip Wykeham Martin.

1853. Rev^d J. Hungerford Penruddock ordained curate. A very bad harvest and much illness in the parish.

1854. Very severe winter: soup kitchen for the poor. Wages of Agricultural labourers 10^s/- to 11^s/- a week. Flour 13^s/6 a strike.

Mr. Penruddock left his curacy again this year.

1855. July: opening of new organ built by Nicholson of Worcester for £120: money raised by subscriptions, of which only £2 given in parish. The rest collected by me upon £40 being presented to me by two excellent gentlewomen, Miss Kirshaws, who had, unknown to me, been collecting this sum for a harmonium amongst their friends. On the day of the opening a collection of £37 6. 4 was made towards future alterations in the church, for which a sketch and plan were sent me by Mr. Street of Oxford. The organ was placed in the chancel chapel with the written consent of Mr. Miller, the Lord of the Manor.

July 31. A Confirmation was held in the Church by the Bishop of Worcester: the first known here. There were in all about 200 Catechumens.

1856. On Good Friday I was taken ill in the church, and from that time did no duty for some time. I was ordered to travel for the summer, and went to Switzerland. Rev. B. Belcher and Rev. J. P. Gell in charge in my absence: returned home in Oct^r and engaged Rev. J. Townsend, who lived at Hockley House, as my curate.

Barn, stables and cowhouse put in thorough repair this summer.

Mr. John Kirshaw, who lived at the Canal House, removed to Warwick to my great regret: a very great benefactor of this parish.

I left again ill, to rest, and so these memoranda were not kept up, came home again for a while and then went away for two years.

[In 1857-8, during Mr. Mildmay's absence abroad, the Rev. J. Newton Smith was curate in charge.]

1859. In the year 1859 we came back. Rev. Charles Burd became curate.

[Mr. Burd remained Curate of Lapworth till 1863. In 1867 he became Vicar of Shirley, and held that living until his death in 1900.]

1860. September: Chancel restored.

[The cost of this restoration was (the writer was informed by Mr. Mildmay) about £750, chiefly, but not entirely, his own expenditure; a certain amount of subscriptions having been derived from other sources. A great part of the work was the undoing of the work of 1807. The east window had at that time been blocked up and made into "a plastered wall displaying boards with the Creed, Commandments, &c." This was removed and a new window put in, following on the old lines as exactly as possible. A new roof was also put on the chancel, the south wall was entirely pulled down and reconstructed, the beautifully mullioned windows being carefully taken to pieces and replaced. Pews which had existed within the chancel were removed. The reredos of alabaster, representing the Last Supper, by Earp of Lambeth, and considered to be a piece of good work, was also erected at this time. The restoration was carried out under the direction of Mr. G. E. Street.]

1861. Licence to continue the work in the nave: estimated cost about £700.

[This was not really undertaken till 1872.]

1863. The porch erected and a new door.

[Part of the work of 1807 had been the removal of a south porch of open timber framework which had existed till then, but fallen into decay.]

1864. I was offered and accepted the living of Long Marston in Yorkshire. The Rev J. R. T. Eaton accepted this living.

July 10. A new Bible given by departing Rector and Wife. W^m Ball and W^m Osborn, Churchwardens.

July 12. *Vale.* C. A. St. John Mildmay.

On his resignation of the living of Denton in 1883 Mr. Mildmay ceased from active duty in the Church. He died on March 5, 1904, having always retained a kindly interest in Lapworth, where he is remembered with warm regard by many of its parishioners, though forty years have passed since he resided here.

In the same *Memoranda parochialia* is the entry:—

1864. Sep. 18. On this day I first took duty in the parish church, having taken up my residence in the Rectory the day previous. In the interval from the late Rector's departure the church services were performed and the parishioners visited by the Rev^d Bennett of Solihull and the Rev^d R. W. Johnson of Packwood.
J. R. T. Eaton, Rector.

But Mr. Eaton did not during his incumbency continue to act as parish historian.

His academical and clerical record as given by Foster is:—

J. R. T. Eaton, s. John of Lambeth, Surrey, Gentleman, Lincoln College, matric. 19 March 1842, aged 17. B.A. 1845. Fellow Merton College 1847-65. M.A. 1848: Principal of Postmasters, Tutor 1848, Dean 1849, Subwarden and Librarian, Select Preacher 1863, Bampton Lecturer 1872, White's Professor of Moral Philosophy 1874-8; Rector of Lapworth, co: War., 1864-78; Rector of Denton, Norfolk, 1877-9; of Alvechurch, co: Worcester, 1879-86; and of Church Lench, co: Worc., since 1886.

To which may be added that during his incumbency of Lapworth he became Honorary Canon of Worcester, and that since the date of the publication of the above record he gave up Church Lench and returned to Denton, of which place he remained Rector until October, 1896, resigning then, and not accepting any other cure.

During his rectorship he had the following curates :—

1866-7	.	.	J. A. Farrant.
1871-2	.	.	F. J. Crosland Fenton.
1874-5	.	.	Thomas Bates.
1875-7	.	.	Julian L. Bennett.
1877	.	.	Ernest Orde Powlett.

Little more remains to be noted in our parish chronicles.

1872. The Church Restoration of this year has already been dealt with (pp. 246-9).

1873. July 26. Buried. Francis Spencer Hildick. Aged 65.

[He was shot at his cottage door by one Parsons, his nephew, who immediately afterwards committed suicide by shooting himself on the same spot. The latter was buried here at night without funeral rites and without entry in the register.]

1875. June 1. Buried. Henry Saunders 81.

[Forty years Parish Clerk.]

June 30. Buried. W^m Craddock 76.

[Forty-one years Beadle.]

Nov. 6. Buried. W^m Ball.

[Fourteen years Churchwarden.]

1876 (Sunday, February 27). This morning, about seven o'clock, the church was discovered to be on fire, the cause an over-heated flue. Fortunately it had taken no great hold, and was extinguished by

local efforts before any fire-engine arrived. The injury was confined to the roof of the north aisle at the east end, and the pecuniary damage covered by fire insurance. In connection with the reparation of the roof consequent on this fire, Mr. Hardwick of Birmingham, builder and contractor, had a fall from scaffolding inside the church, and received injuries from which he ultimately died.

1876 (April 18). Rob^t Hudson¹ and Wm. Osborn, churchwardens, the former being appointed in succession to Wm. Ball, deceased.

1878. Mr. Eaton resigned the living of Lapworth, having accepted that of Denton, in Norfolk, which is also in the gift of Merton College.

The Rev. Kenrick Prescott was appointed to Lap-

¹ With an interval of three years, Mr. Hudson filled the office of churchwarden from 1876 until his death in 1898. Near the pew in Lapworth Church which he occupied for so many years, there is now affixed to the north wall a bronze tablet inscribed as follows:—

TO THE GLORY OF GOD
AND IN
AFFECTIONATE REMEMBRANCE
OF
ROBERT HUDSON
WHO DIED 20TH JUNE 1898 AGED 64
AND IS BURIED IN THIS CHURCHYARD
HE WAS A CHURCHWARDEN OF
LAPWORTH AND A FAITHFUL SERVANT
OF THE CHURCH DURING THE
RECTORATES OF
ARUNDELL ST. JOHN MILDMAY
JOHN RICHARD TURNER EATON
KENRICK PRESCOT
AND
FRANCIS LENDON BELL
BY WHOM TOGETHER WITH A NUMBER
OF PARISHIONERS THIS MEMORIAL
WAS ERECTED

worth in succession to Mr. Eaton, and came into residence in the month of May, 1878.

Kenrick Prescott, s of Charles Kenrick Prescott, of Stockport, Cheshire, cler: Brasenose College, matric 22 June 1848, aged 17. Scholar 1848-52. B.A. 1852. Fellow Merton College 1853-64. Tutor 1854-61. M.A. 1855. Tutor Lecturer in Modern History and Law 1854. Dean 1855. Vicar of Ponteland, Northumberland, 1864-78: and of Lapworth 1878. (Foster, *Al. Oxon.*)

Mr. Prescott had as curates:—

1879 (June) to 1880 (Feb)	. Charles Partridge.
1880 (March) to 1881 (May)	. J. M. Dixon.
1882 (May)	. J. Williamson.
1882 (Aug) to 1886 (April)	. Charles Partridge.
1886-9 (at intervals)	. Alfred J. Abbey.
1890 (Jan) to 1891 (Oct)	. J. E. Hatch.
1892 (Feb) to 1896 (Oct)	. F. Tibbits.

1883 (March 27). Vestry Minute:—

Mr. Hudson brought forward the subject of the dangerous condition of the church spire. Mr. Chatwin, architect, of Birmingham, had been consulted, and had employed Mr. Blackburn of Nottingham, an expert in spire-work, to make a thorough examination and give an estimate. Their report was that sixteen feet of the spire would have to be taken down and rebuilt, and that the work to be done would cost £134. Ordered to be put in hand.

1885 (April). Complete statement of church spire account submitted to vestry meeting, the work of reparation having been carried out in 1883-4. More work had been found necessary than was at first contemplated, including repairs to roof of tower, etc. The total cost was £247, raised by private subscrip-

tions, except as regards £30 drawn from the fabric fund of the Lapworth Charity estates.

In 1892 there was removed a memorial and landmark of old Lapworth which needs some word of record here, namely, the old cottages (miscalled "Alms-houses," for they never had any endowment) which occupied the whole of the south side of the churchyard, blocking out the view both from and of the church in that direction. They were five in number, of which four stood mainly within, and opened into, the churchyard, having their doors within five or six feet of the ground overcharged with interments, and being some four feet below the level of the graves. The fifth cottage was newer, opening in the opposite direction, and had been got by some structural additions to the older work. The latter dated probably from the beginning of the seventeenth century, or might even be as old as the early years of Elizabeth's reign. In pulling down these cottages a brick was found with the date 1692,¹ but there is every reason to believe they were older than that. Edward Welchman, who was rector here at that time,

¹ In 1893, in rebuilding the churchyard wall after the cottages had been pulled down, application was made to the Solihull authorities for the restoration of this dated brick (which had been carried away) in order that it might be built into the wall as a memorial of the cottages. The reply was an exquisite bit of officialism. It was that the brick was needed for preservation at Solihull *by way of proof that the Sanitary Authority had pulled down the cottages*, but that anyone who wished to see it could do so on application.

A memorial of another ancient cottage will, however, be found built into the churchyard wall. In 1729 Humphry Shakespear gave 20s. a year to the poor of Lapworth, issuing out of a house and land at Kingswood. When this cottage was pulled down in 1891, a stone from over the doorway, bearing the arms (as is believed) of the Peche family, first mentioned in our deeds in the time of Edward I., was preserved and built into the south wall. See illustration, p. 284.

makes mention of them in a way which does not suggest they were then new, and the signature, "John Wight, Schoolmaster, 1662," in the Parish Register helps us a little further back. That they were built out of funds of the charity there can be small doubt, and were allowed to be built within the churchyard probably because they were from the first intended for the use of the church officers. The one next the road was the school-house, next it was the schoolmaster's; the other two were respectively those of clerk and sexton. They continued, indeed, to be so used until the building of the new school, with houses for master and clerk, in 1828. After that date the old cottages became available as refuges for deserving poor people, generally aged or helpless, who received small weekly allowances from the funds of the charity, or from the offertory, or both. Their selection was left to the rector.

For some years, however, before the cottages were pulled down they stood empty, and had fallen into great decay, the Charity Trustees having ceased to spend money on them. The immediate occasion of their destruction was the action of the Solihull Sanitary Authority, who, failing to find anybody who would admit ownership, stepped in and pulled them down. The old cottages did not fall unmourned or without protest. There were some, indeed, in the parish and outside who subscribed money for their reparation, failing which they built one other good cottage with the money raised, and gave it to the Charity Trust. Even the Society for the Preservation of Ancient Buildings was moved to interfere, and

their secretary wrote a letter of appeal. It is doubtful, though, whether any of those who wished to spare the old cottages would care to see them back again. Their removal gave to the churchyard extension which was urgently required.

Two other items of church repair may be noted.

1893-4. New dial with hour and minute hands, and additional works to clock, £25.

[The church clock is of the very old and uncommon kind called a "bedstead" clock, and is thought to date from the beginning of the sixteenth century.]

1894-5. Repairs executed to church fabric, mainly in restoration of decayed pinnacles and embattled parapets, and in connection with roof of aisles, £212 15s. 2d.

In 1896 Mr. Prescott resigned the living of Lapworth, having accepted that of Denton, in Norfolk.

In the last of some notes which Mr. Prescott added to the *Memoranda parochialia* of the Lapworth Registers he sets out that on August 13, 1896, he received from the Archbishop of Canterbury (Dr. Benson) the offer of the living of Denton, which he accepted; and that on October 13 he received the presentation to Denton, dated October 10, and signed by the Archbishop, who died suddenly on October 11 in Hawarden Church while on a visit to Mr. Gladstone.

The Rev. Francis Lendon Bell was appointed to Lapworth in succession to Mr. Prescott. He accepted the living on December 22, 1896, came into residence

on March 2, 1897, and was inducted on March 7. The services had been taken, in the interval since Mr. Prescott's departure from the parish, by the Rev. Alfred J. Abbey.

Mr. Bell's record is as follows :—

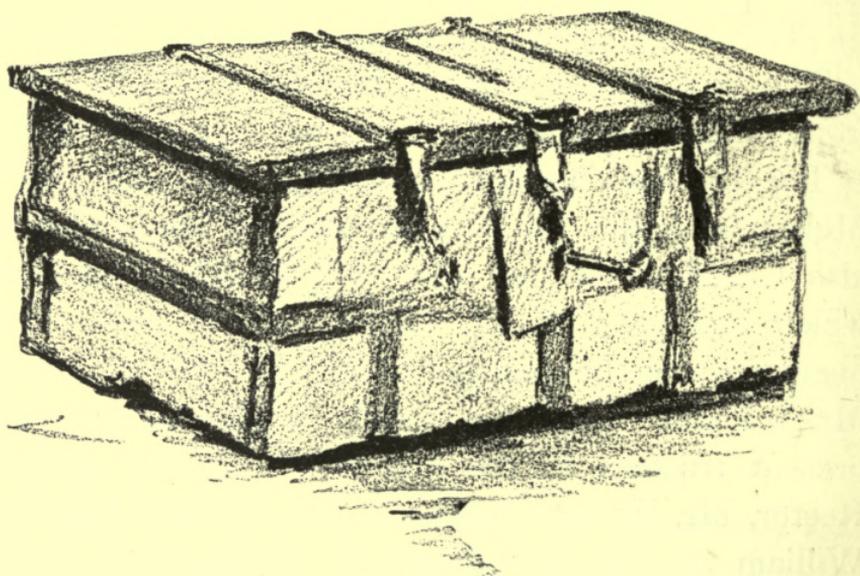
Francis Lendon Bell, s. of Henry Bell of Leppington, New South Wales, cler: Merton College: matric. 22 Jan 1882, aged 17. B.A. 1885. M.A. 1887. Assis^t priest, Wing, Bucks, 1891-93, St. Saviour, Hitchin, 1893-97. Rector of Lapworth 1897.¹

The Rev. Albert Edward Heaton, M.A., was curate from January, 1898, to June, 1904.

The present churchwardens (1904) are Mr. A. D. Melson and Mr. W. H. Chesshire. The former is also Chairman of the Lapworth Parish Council, to which body Mr. A. H. Davey acts as clerk. The overseers for the parish are Mr. W. H. B. Wood, Mr. William Cranmer, and Mr. Jacob Dutton. The present trustees of the Lapworth Charity are the Rector, Mr. William Osborne, Mr. William Ball, Mr. William Garrad, Mr. Stephen Hattin, Mr. Frank Bowley, Mr. Edwin Clutterbuck, Mr. Frederick Huggins, Mr. Alfred Duckworth Melson, Mr. Alexander Smith, Mr. William Whitworth, and Mr. Robert Jeffery Parr. The agent and treasurer to the trustees is Mr. Robert Neville Holbeche, F.S.I.²

¹ The Editor desires here gratefully to acknowledge his indebtedness to the Rector of Lapworth for frequent help and friendly encouragement in the task of preparing this volume for the press.

² See footnote on p. 231.



Parish Chest
(*temp.* Eliz.) in vestry of Lapworth Church

A LIST OF THE NAMES OF PERSONS AND
FAMILIES WHICH OCCUR IN THE LAPWORTH
PRE-REFORMATION DEEDS (c. 1190-1502)

“ . . . *not in the roll of common men.*”

HENRY IV., Part I

APPENDIX I

A LIST OF THE NAMES OF PERSONS AND FAMILIES WHICH OCCUR IN THE LAPWORTH PRE-REFORMATION DEEDS (c. 1190-1502): ARRANGED IN THE ORDER OF THEIR FIRST APPEARANCE

* * *Names written in the ablative are those of witnesses only.*

MARSHALL.

Radulfus Marescallus	Rich ^d j.
Galfridus Marchal (s. of Rad. M. of Alveston)	Henry iij.
Galfrido Marescallo	”
” le Marechal	Edw. j.
Rob'to le Marchal (de L.)	} 1322-41.
” „ Mareschal	
John le Marchal	} 1343-9.
” „ Mareschall	

PRAT.

Geoffrey (s. of Alexander)	Ric. j.
Robō Prat	”
Henry (s. of Geoffrey)	Hen: iij.
Symone P. de Pacwode	”
Geoffrey P.	1323-49.
William, John, and Thomas (sons of Geoffrey P.) (<i>William living 1398</i>)	} 1349.
John P. of Nuthurst	} 1399.
Alice (his wife)	
Ricō Prat	1387-95.
” ”	1425-55.
Thomas Prat of Nuthurst	1469-80.
” ” of L.	1480.
Laurence P. of L.	”
Catherine P. of Henley (his d.) . .	1495.

DE CHARLECOTE.

Simone de Ch'lecote	Rich ^d j.
Galfrido de Ch'lecote	John.

The family assumed the name of Lucy
in 1204.

HATECRIST.

Ricardo Hatecrist	Ric. j.
„ Hattcrist	John.
Symone Hatecryst	Hen. iij.

PAKEMAN.

William Pakeman	Ric. j.
Walter (his brother)	„
William Pakemon (of L.)	1349.

FEISANT.

Galfrido Feisant	Ric. j.
Johē ffeysaunt de Pacwode	Henry iij.
„ ffeysant	1343.
Johannes ffeysond de Pacwode	1349.

DE LUDDINTON.

John de Luddinton	Ric. j. and John.
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LAPWORTH (of).

N., Rector de L. . . .	Ric. j.
Nich: Parson de L. . . .	John.

PACKWOOD (of).

Walter, Chaplain of Packwood	Ric. j.
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FRANCEIS.

Rogero Franceis	Ric. j.
Anketil ffranceis	John.
Ankertill ffranceis de L. . . .	Henry iij.
Anketillo le franceis	„
Amicia (his mother)	„
Thomas fraunceys	1361.

SOREL.

Lucas Sorel	John.
Henrico Sorel de L. . . .	Henry iij.

LE OISELUR. }
 LE FOULER. }
 FAUKENER. }

Will° le Oiselur John.
 Thom: le fouler Edw. j.
 Robertus dictus ffaukener de Henley ”
 Walter le fouler 1337-49.

There is reason to believe that these were all members of one family.

ORM.

Ricardus filius de Orm John.

SCUT—SCOT.

Willm̄us Scut John.
 Robō Scot 1330-48.
 Marion (his wife) ”
 Thomas Scut 1342-70.
 John ” 1348.
 Richard (s. of Thomas S.) 1361.

SMYTH.

Ricardus filius fabri John.
 Walter faber 1337.
 Thomas le Smyth de Thoneworth
 (*also spelt Smith*) 1341.
 Ricō le Smyth 1343.
 Will° le Smyth de Pacwode 1361-70.
 Agnes (his wife) }
 John, Alice, Johan, and Julia (their } 1370.
 children) }

BAGOT.

Simone Bagot John.
 Luč Bagot ”

LOFRIC.

Willūs, filius de Lofric John.

LA WEICTE.

Radulphus La weicte John and Hen. iij.
 Thomas la Weyte de L. (s. of Thom:
 la W.) Hen. iij.

ARSTEL.

Thomas Arstel . . . Henry iij.

DE SINDBIRI.

Symone de Sindbiri . . . Henry iij.

IN YE LONE.

Thomas in lone . . . Hen. iij.

John in ye lone (*dead in 1337*) . . . 1323-30.

„ atte Lone . . . 1337-44.

Agnes (his wife) . . . „

„ (his widow) . . . 1346.

Robtō in le Lane . . . 1337-43.

Willō in 3e lone . . . }
 „ in the lone . . . } 1337-49.

John in the Lone (capellanus) (*sometimes “Dns Johannes”; in 1350, “quondam capell:”*) . . . 1343-9.

Ricō in the Lone . . . 1347-9.

DE TOPPESFORD.

Robō de Toppesford . . . Hen. iij. or Edw. j.

Rico „ „ . . . }
 Ricardus Topford . . . } 1329-70.
 „ Tapford . . . }

Robō Topforde . . . 1349.

ALOTE.

Thomas Alote . . . Hen. iij.

ATTE WELLE.

Rogero ad Fontem . . . Edw. j.

Will° ad Fontem . . . „

Rogero de Fonte . . . 1322.

Willo de Fonte . . . „

„ atte Welle . . . 1342-9.

Walterus atte Welle (de L.) . . . 1349-61.

Laurencio „ „ . . . 1360-87.

Nicholas atte Wyle . . . 1361.

Will° atte Welle . . . 1387-99.

Thomas atte Wyle (de Toneworth) . . . 1388-93.

John atte Welle (gener: de L.) . . . 1425-62.

STIKEMON.

Johē Stikemon	.	.	.	Edw. j.
William Stikemon	.	.	.	1322.
„ Stekemon	.	.	.	1338-48.

PHELIP.

William Phelip de L.	.	.	.	Edw. j.
Emma (his wife)	.	.	.	„

BONEL.

Alex: Bonel of Nuthurst	.	.	.	Edw. j.
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PECHE.

Will ^o Peche	.	.	.	Edw. j.
Alice (wid: of John le P. de Notehurst)	.	.	.	1329.
Robtō Pech	.	.	.	„
Matilda (d. of Robt. P.)	.	.	.	1346.
Petronilla Pech (<i>alias</i> Teppýng)	.	.	.	1349.
Johē Pech	.	.	.	1387-99.

DE NUTHURST.

Hanric ^o de Notehurst	.	.	.	Edw. j.
Walt ^o „ „	.	.	.	„ ij., iij.
Laurencio de N.	.	.	.	1360.
Johannes, clericus de N.	.	.	.	Edw. j.
Roger, clericus de N.	.	.	.	„

BRAUNDESTON.

Hugo de Braunchestone	.	.	.	} Edw. j.
„ „ Braunstone (miles, et dns de L., <i>died 1299</i>)	.	.	.	
Hugone de Braunchestone	.	.	.	
Hugo de Braundeston (miles, et dns de L., <i>grandson of the first-named</i>)	.	.	.	1361.

TRUSSELL.

Edmund Truscel de Notehurst	.	.	.	Edw. j.
Will ^s Trussell (miles, et dns de Note- hurst)	.	.	.	1349.
Johannes Trussell de N. (nup. de Billysseley, arm:)	.	.	.	1454-80.

FULWODE.

Ricō de ffulwode	.	.	.	Edw. j.
Willō de ffolewode	.	.	.	1320.
Johnē „ „	.	.	.	1362.
„ „ „ (de Toneworthe)	.	.	.	1388.
Johē ffulwode	.	.	.	1435.
Richard ffulwode (de Toneworthe, arm:)	.	.	.	1454-61.

WISTAN—WESTON.

Ricō Wistan de Toneworthe	.	.	.	Edw. j.
Thomas Wýstan	.	.	.	1341.
John de Weston	.	.	.	1343.

HARECOURT.

Willūs de la Harecourt	.	.	.	Edw. j.
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THOURSTAN.

Henric ⁹ Thourstan	.	.	.	Edw. j. & ij.
Thome Thy ⁹ stan	.	.	.	1349.

BROME.¹

Roger de Brome	.	.	.	Edw. j.
Paulinus de B.	.	.	.	1346-50.
John de B.	.	.	.	1361-70.
„ Brome	.	.	.	1388-1408.
Thomas B.	.	.	.	1461-85.
Robert B.	.	.	.	1488.

ALEYN.

Henricus, fil: Alani de L.	.	.	.	Edw. j.
Tho ^s Aleyn	.	.	.	1329.
Ricō A. (clerico)	.	.	.	1329-49.
William A.	.	.	.	1346-60.
Thomas A. (de Bromsgrove)	.	.	.	1362.
Mathýlda (his wife)	.	.	.	„
Alice A. de Notehurst	.	.	.	1398.

¹ Domina Jocosia Brome filia Johanis Brome et Priorissa de Wroxhall, obiit xxi Junii, M^cXXXVIII (*Dugdale*).

ATTE HETHE.

Walter de la Hethe	.	.	.	Edw. j.
„ atte Hethe	.	.	.	1322-9.
Agnes (his wife)	.	.	.	1329.
Geoffrey atte Hethe	.	.	.	} 1322-49.
„ de la Heth	.	.	.	
„ o' th Hethe	.	.	.	
Agnes (his wife)	.	.	.	„
Geoffrey atte H. Jun ^r	.	.	.	1344.
Matilda (his widow)	.	.	.	„
Walter atte Heth	.	.	.	1349-60.
Geoffrey atte H. (s. of Walter)	.	.	.	1388-1433.
Margaret (his wife)	.	.	.	1408.
John atte H. (son of Geoffrey and Margaret)	.	.	.	„

The following occur only in the reign of Edward I. :—

Henry ate Slou de N.
 Yvo Pippert de L.
 Robō Symons de Eseneford in N.
 Ricō Heremus de Linthurst in N.
 Robō „ „ „
 Willūs Bissop de N.
 Th'me Baudrik.
 Hanric le Pottere de N.
 Edwardus, fil: Willⁱ, fil: capell: de N.
 Walter de la Bruēre de L.

COTEREL.

Pernela Coterel of Henley . . . 1319.

DE BERTON—BARTON.

Johē de Berton . . . 1319-49.

WILKYN.

Thebaldus Wilkyn de N. . . 1319-49.

Edith (his wife) . . . „

Robertus Wylkynes . . . 1363.

LEA—LEE.

Johē ate Lea de Thoneworth . . . 1320-46.

BACHE.

Margery ate Bache (d. of Rob^t ate B.
de Thoneworth) . . . 1320.

KOOC—COOKE.

Walt'o le Kooc de L. . . . 1320-41.
Johi^s Coci de Henleye . . . 1330.
Radulphus le Cok de L. . . . 1341.
Amicia (his widow) . . . 1347.
Caleb le Cooke . . . 1343.
Ricō Coccus . . . 1361.
Thoma Koce "

BROCSAWE.

Johē de Brocsawe 1322-30.
Henry Brocschawe 1348.
Margery B. (his d^r) 1349.

COPPE.

John de la Coppe de L. . . . 1323.
Ricō atte C. (s. of William) . . . 1349-61.

PORFREY.

Roger Porfrey of Coventry . . . 1323.
Thomas Purfrey of Munsterton (his
brother) "
Thomas Purfrey 1323-38.

DE BARRE.

Ricardo de barre (Lyndraper) . . . 1329-62.
Johnē Barre 1388-93.
Thomas Barre 1408.

DE NORTON.

Rogero de Norton 1329-56.
John de Nortone 1349.

HARDYNG.

Johē Hardyng^p 1329-64.
Emma (his wife) 1373.
Elena (her d^r) "

LE PERSONES.

Thomas le Persones de L.	. . .	1330-88.
Agnes (his wife)	. . .	1364.
Geoffrey le P. (s. of Agnes)	. . .	"
Richard le P. (s. of Tho ^s)	. . .	1361-70.
Richard Persones	. . .	1390-1408.
Felicia (his wife)	. . .	1395.
William Persones (s. of Rich ^d)	. . .	1395-1455.
Thomas P. (s. of Rich ^d)	. . .	"
John P. (b. of W ^m)	. . .	1425-32.
John P. de L. (s. of W ^m . P. de Tone- worthe)	. . .	1455-73.
Alice (his wife)	. . .	1455.
William P. de Toneworth	. . .	1461.
Elizabeth (his wife)	. . .	"

DENE.

Simon Dene	. . .	1337-48.
Roger D.	. . .	1349.
John D.	. . .	1433.

LE RO.

Alexō le Ro (?)	. . .	1337.
Willūs le Roo	. . .	1359-90.
Thomas le Ro	. . .	1360.
Isabella (wid: of Tho ^s)	. . .	"

BUSSEBI.

Henry Bossebȳ of Coventry	. . .	1338.
Henry de Bussebi	„ . . .	„

OOWENHALE—ULLENHALL.

Robō d Wenhat	. . .	1341.
Robto de Oowenhale	. . .	1362.

CORVESER.

John le Corveser of Henley	. . .	1343.
Agnes (his widow)	. . .	1343-8.
Richard dictus le Corveser de Henley, clericus (s. of John and Agnes)	. . .	1343-63.

ARCHER.

Johnē le Archer (de N.)	.	.	.	1346.
Thomas L'archer	.	.	.	1363.

AUSTYŃ.

Johnē AustyŃ	.	.	.	1349.
Scolastica AusteyŃ	.	.	.	1361.

SHEPEHERD.

Johē le Shepeherd	.	.	.	1360.
Thomas Shepđē	.	.	.	1381-93.
Isabella (his wife)	.	.	.	"
Thoma Shepherd	.	.	.	1431.

ATTE FORD—FORD—VORDE.

Walter atteford of Notehurste	.	.	.	1360.
Theobald „ „	.	.	.	"
Isabella (his wife)	.	.	.	"
Thomas atte forde of L.	.	.	.	1361.
Thomas atte ffoorde	.	.	.	1399-1435.
Ellen at ye vorde (atte fforde: his widow)	.	.	.	1435-54.
William vorde (s. of Ellen at ye vorde and Thomas)	.	.	.	1435.

DE WOTTON.

Ralph de Wotton (parson of Beau-desert)	.	.	.	1361-3.
Thomas de W.	.	.	.	1363.

HUWOTES.

Thomas Huwotes de Kyngeswode	.	.	.	1361.
William, s. of Thomas H. (Yoman)	.	.	.	"
John Huwit	.	.	.	1393.

MARTYŃ.

John MartyŃ	.	.	.	1361-98.
Walter M.	.	.	.	1387-1435.
Richard M.	.	.	.	1425.

AYLESBURY.

Philippo de Aylesbury (<i>s. of Sir Roger de Aylesbury of Edston, and mar. to Alice, d. of Sir Hugh de Brandeston</i>)	1361-70.
John Aylesbury de Etyngdon (<i>great-grandson of Philip</i>)	1455-80.

ATTE GRENE.

Roger atte grene de L.	1361-95.
John atte grene	1408.
Thomas atte grene	”

DE MONTFORT.

Ricardus de Monteforti	1362-70.
Rose Mountfort (D'na de Codbarewe: wid: of Rich ^d)	1399.

The following occur only in the reign of Edward III. :—

Henrico de Lyle	1329.
Thomā Maydemon	”
Willō Warde	”
Sir Walter de Brynkunhul (Chaplain of L.)	1337.
Waltō Only	”
Walt'o Page	1342-9.
John le Harpur	1343.
Walter de Hereford	1343-61.
John fflauvill	1344-9.
Theobald Adith de N.	1346.
John Pymmyger	1348-9.
Adam Bockeleye de Henley	1348.
Geoffrey Bodi	”
Richard Wýbert	”
Weleye Dýggele	”
Henry Weteboo	1348.
Caldwell, Prior of	”
Geoffrey le Wardē	1349.
John le Weyn (<i>or le Sweyn</i>)	”

John Jobus de Henleye	.	.	.	1361-3.
John Jory	.	.	.	1361-74.
William Ine	.	.	.	1361.
Nicholas Dýrvassel	.	.	.	"
Hawýcia de Allesleye	.	.	.	"
John Hemery	.	.	.	"
„ de Hamslape	.	.	.	"
„ Porreys (?)	.	.	.	"
„ de Hasulhoylte	.	.	.	"
Thomas le Carpunter	.	.	.	"
Henry Selle	.	.	.	1362.
John Pyl	.	.	.	"
„ Timmins (?)	.	.	.	"
William de ffoshýde of Henleye	.	.	.	1363.
„ Curchedoune (?)	.	.	.	1364.

BLYTHE.

William Blythe	.	.	.	1381-1425.
Laurence B.	.	.	.	1431-55.
John B.	.	.	.	1432-54.
Thomas Blithe	.	.	.	1462.
William Blythe	.	.	.	1476-88.

LEHULLE—HULLE.

Sýmon de Lehulle	.	.	.	1387.
Sýmon Huff	.	.	.	1393.

SLYE.

John Slye (<i>and</i> Sly)	.	.	.	1388-1425.
Thomas Slye (<i>and</i> Sley)	.	.	.	"
Walter Sly	.	.	.	1393-1408.
Richard Sly (<i>and</i> Shly).	.	.	.	1425-35.
John S. (s. of John)	.	.	.	1425-33.
Nicholas Slye	.	.	.	1432-80.
Thomas S.	.	.	.	1461-88.
John S.	.	.	.	1472-80.
William S. (<i>and</i> Slee)	.	.	.	1473-88.

The next we have is Roger Slye, who died in 1527, and whose will is extant, leaving lands to the parish.

WELBE.

Thomas Welbe 1381.

HYKONES.

William Hykones (Chaplain of L.) . 1393-5.

FFLECCHER.

Thomas ffleccher 1393-1408.

The following occur only in the reign of Henry IV. :—

John of Aston (Chaplain of L.) . 1408.
 Robert Horton (Parson of L.) "
 William Ketel (*and* Kettill, of Snet-
 field) 1408-32.
 John Morton (Tailor) 1408.
 „ Kete "
 William Amyson (of Colleshull) . 1412.
 John Couper (of Packwood) "

ASSHEBY.

Thomas Assheby 1425.
 John A. 1425-62.
 Thomas A. (s. of Rich^d) "
 George A. (s. of Tho^s) 1425-69.
 Richard A. 1430-62.
 William A. 1476-80.

This family appear continuously in the Parish Register from 1560 to 1660.

UNDERWOOD.

Thomas Underwood (Chwdⁿ) . . . 1425.
 Thomas Underwood (Chwdⁿ) . . . } 1473-1500
 Thomas Hundurwood }
 Katherine (his wife) 1488.

The second Thomas and wife bequeathed lands to the parish.

WALTON.

Thomas Walton 1454-88.
 William W. 1502.

SKYNNER.

Symone Skynner . . .	1454-85.
Margaret (his wife) . . .	1473-85.
Richard Skynner (<i>alias</i> Beer of Lyt- ylauen: s. of Symone) . . .	1455-73.
Phillip S. (of Sambourne) . . .	1473-6.
Alice (d. of Rich ^d) . . .	1476.
Johanna S. de Toneworth (d. of Henry S. nuper de Pacwode) . . .	1485.

This family left lands to the parish.

BARNETHURST.

John Barnethurst (parcarius) . . .	1454-88.
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His family continued here till about
end of sixteenth century.

The following are confined to the reign of Henry VI. :—

William Haverell (of Banbury) . . .	1425.
Thomas Spenser . . .	”
Henry Henbrok . . .	1425-35.
Symon Glynn . . .	} 1432.
Margaret (his wife) . . .	
Philip Brokhurst . . .	1433.
Thomas Albryghton . . .	”
” Hynton (of Henley) . . .	1433-54.
William, Chaplain of Nuthurst . . .	1435.
Sir William Catesby (<i>owning land in Nuthurst</i>) . . .	1454.
John Hancokkes . . .	”
William Halle . . .	”
Roger Childe (of Henley) . . .	1455-61.
Robert Clerdon (? E'ndon) . . .	1455.
John Elshawe (of Tanworth) . . .	1461.
Thomas Heywarde . . .	”
John Alcokk' (of Tanworth) . . .	”

The following appear in the reigns of Edward IV. and V. :—

Richard Browne	1462.
William Baker (of Henley)	1472.
„ Bluntt (<i>deceased</i>)	„
Thomas Mason (Master of the Gild of the Holy Trinity of Henley in Arden)	1472.
William Reynold (of Henley)	„
John Deyst (of Henley)	„
Richard Morteboyes (of Pakwode)	„
Sir John Hylle (Rector of L.)	1473-80.
Sir John Cosenar (Chaplain of the Chantry of the B.V.M. of Tanworth)	1473.
Thomas Appulbe	„
Nicholas Stevyns	} 1473-88.
„ Stephens	

The following appear in the reign of Henry VII. :—

BEDULL (*alias* SCLATTER).

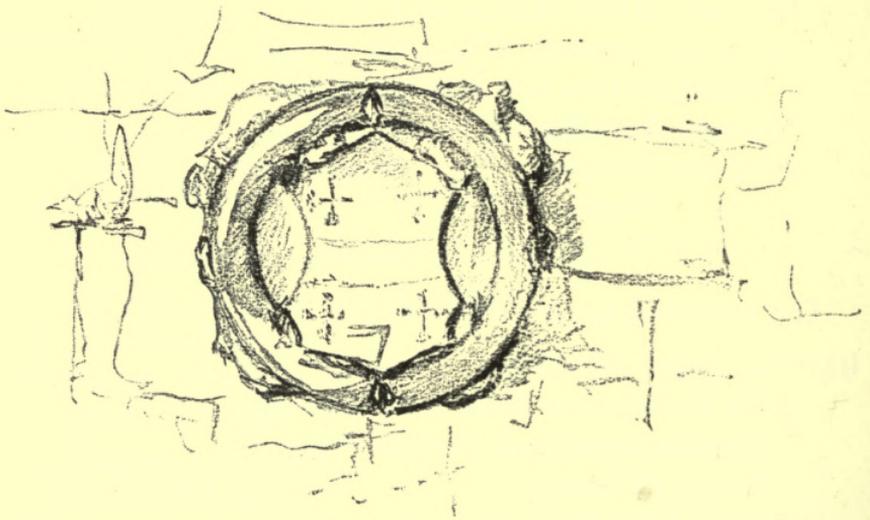
John Bedull, <i>alias</i> Sclatter, de Clyfford Chamberleyn-juxta-Stratford-super- Avon: (Yoman)	1485-8.
Agnes (his wife)	„

LYNCECOMBE.

John Lyncecombe de Lyncecombe	1485.
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ROUNDE.

Richard Rounde de Knolle	1485.
William Rounde de Pakwode	„
John Rowñ de Pakwode	„



Stone built into wall of Lapworth Churchyard
from Humphry Shakespear's cottage at Kingswood

p. 262 (footnote)

**AN INDEX TO THE NAMES CONTAINED WITHIN
THE REGISTERS OF THE PARISH OF LAPWORTH
FOR THREE HUNDRED YEARS: 1561-1860**

“ . . . *what the dickens his name is.*”

MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR

APPENDIX II

AN INDEX TO THE NAMES CONTAINED WITHIN THE REGISTERS OF THE PARISH OF LAPWORTH FOR THREE HUNDRED YEARS: 1561-1860

SHOWING THE SUCCESSIVE DECADES OF EACH CENTURY IN WHICH SUCH NAMES
OCCUR, AND THEREBY INDICATING THE RELATIVE CONTINUANCE OF FAMILIES
IN THE PARISH

[EXAMPLE.—In the first line of this Index it will be understood that the name "Abbern" appears once only during the three hundred years, namely, between 1640 and 1650. The figure "4" does not indicate the year, but the decade. It shows that the name "Abbern" appears in the Parish Registers in "the forties" of the seventeenth century.]

Name.	Sixteenth Century.				Seventeenth Century.						Eighteenth Century.						Nineteenth Century.												
	1561-9	1570-9	1580-9	1590-9	1600-9	1610-9	1620-9	1630-9	1640-9	1650-9	1660-9	1670-9	1680-9	1690-9	1700-9	1710-9	1720-9	1730-9	1740-9	1750-9	1760-9	1770-9	1780-9	1790-9	1800-9	1810-9	1820-9	1830-9	1840-9	1850-60
Abbern	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Abots [Abbots]	5	.	.	.	9	.	0	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Adams	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Addleton	4	.
Af (?)	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Aikobe (?)	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Aisloppe	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Akers	4
Albert	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Alderman	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Aldington	3	.
Aldrige [-dge, -eridge]	1	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Alen [Allen, -yn, -eyn]	5	7	8	.	0	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	4	.	
Alesbury	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Allcock [Alcock]	3	.	.	6	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.
Almanack	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Alsop [Alsb]	6	.	.	.	.	1	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Amphlett	4	.
Ancorn [-corns]	1	.	.	5
Andrews	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.
Anson	0	1	2	3	.
Apletree	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Arch	2	3	4	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Archer	0	.	.	.	.

Name.	Sixteenth Century.			Seventeenth Century.						Eighteenth Century.						Nineteenth Century.														
	1561-9	1570-9	1580-9	1590-9	1600-9	1610-9	1620-9	1630-9	1640-9	1650-9	1660-9	1670-9	1680-9	1690-9	1700-9	1710-9	1720-9	1730-9	1740-9	1750-9	1760-9	1770-9	1780-9	1790-9	1800-9	1810-9	1820-9	1830-9	1840-9	1850-60
Bedle					1																									
Beesley																							8		0	1		3		
Belcher												8																		
Bele								4																						
Bellamy [Belamy, Ballamy, Balamy]															1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		1	2	3	4	5	
Bellers					0																									
Benbrook [-e]																												4	5	
Benford [Bentford]						1	3	5	6	7	8	9	0	1																
Benlow								4																						
Bennett [-nnet, -nmit, -net]									5	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9								
Bennett, <i>alias</i> Houma							3																							
Benson																												4		
Bent	6	7	8	9		1	2																							
Berrie					0	1																								
Bewell																													5	
Bicknil																													5	
Biddle [Biddell]									6				0								7	9				2	3			
Biddolph												9																		
Billings [Billing]																											2	3		
Birch															2															
Bird		7								7			0			4	5		7	8					1					
Bishop																						8			0	2	3	4	5	
Bissel [-il]	6		9								8					4	5									2		5		
Black												9	0	1																
Blacknowle			8																											
Blake								4																						
Blaydon						2																								
Bliss																4														
Blunt														1									9	0	2		4			
Boardsley																						7								
Bolt													0	1																
Bond																					7	8	9	0						
Bonnell																							9	0						
Boobee (?)	6																													
Boon												8																		
Boot [-e]																					7				1					
Borton									5																					
Borston							3																							
Boswell [Bosell]							3	5																					4	
Bosworth [-e]	6	7			0	1				6	7				2															
Bot [-tt]															2	3	4	5	6	7	8								5	
Bowater							2			7																				
Bowdler								3																						
Bowen																											3			
Bower								3																						
Bowler									4																					
Bozzard										6	7	9																		
Bozzard, <i>alias</i> Palmer											7																			
Bradbury [Broadbury, Brawdbury]												9	0	1	2	3						8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	
Bradford																						7	9	0		2	3	4		
Bradley																4										1				

NAMES IN PARISH REGISTERS 1561-1860 291

Name.	Sixteenth Century.				Seventeenth Century.					Eighteenth Century.					Nineteenth Century.																
	1561-9	1570-9	1580-9	1590-9	1600-9	1610-9	1620-9	1630-9	1640-9	1650-9	1660-9	1670-9	1680-9	1690-9	1700-9	1710-9	1720-9	1730-9	1740-9	1750-9	1760-9	1770-9	1780-9	1790-9	1800-9	1810-9	1820-9	1830-9	1840-9	1850-60	
Cauffen [Coffen]	7	8	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cawdry, <i>alias</i> Cooke	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cawrow (?)	
Cenninge, Canning [-e]	6	7	8	9	.	1	3	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	0	1	2	3	5	.	
Cent [Kent]	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cendol [-e, Cendowell]	5	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cerby	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Chace	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Chamberlayne [-lin, -lain, -layn, -laine]	9	.	.	.	.	.	5	6	.	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	
Chambers	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	0	1	2	4	.	.	.	
Chandler	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Chatterley	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Chedle	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cheedon [-en]	3	.	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cheshire [Cheshire]	4	6	8	.	.	.	.	0	2	3	4	.	.	.	
Childe [-s]	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	2	3	.	.	
Chin [-nn]	0	1	2	3	.	
Clark [-e, -erke, -erk]	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	.	.	
Clare	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Clarkson [Clarson, -s]	3	5	.	.	.	.	.	1	3	4	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Claydon	
Clayton	3	.	.	.	
Cleaver	
Clews	
Cloves	1	3	5	.	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cogger	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Coke	4	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cokeley	2	.	.	
Cole	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
College [-edge]	2	.	.	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Collicutt	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Collett	
Colleycutt	9	0	.	.	.	.	.
Collins	4	.	.	.	8	9	.	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cooles [Coles]	.	7	8	.	.	.	2	3	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cooper	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	5	.	.	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	
Colmore	5	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cooke [Cooke, Cooks]	.	8	.	.	.	0	.	.	.	.	7	9	.	1	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cooke, <i>alias</i> Cawdry	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Commander	9	.	1	2	3	4	5	
Comby	9	.	0	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Congrave	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Connell	5	
Constable	2	3	.	.	
Copage	5	
Cope	8	.	.	.	.	.	.
Copperthwaite	0	.	.	.	.
Corbet [-tt]	2	.	.	.	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Corte [Court, -te]	3	4	5	7	8	9	.	1	2	3	4	6	7	9	.	.	.	1	2	.	.	.		
Cotterell [-ttrell]	.	.	.	9	.	1	3	4	5	6	.	9	.	0	1	2	3	4	6	7	8	.	.	.	0	1	2	3	4	5	
Cox [Coxe, Coxek]	.	6	7	8	9	.	1	2	5	5	6	7	8	9	.	.	.	0	1	2	3	4	5
Cowper	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Craddock [Cradock]	2	3	4	5

NAMES IN PARISH REGISTERS 1561-1860 293

Name.	Sixteenth Century.				Seventeenth Century.						Eighteenth Century.						Nineteenth Century.														
	1561-9	1570-9	1580-9	1590-9	1600-9	1610-9	1620-9	1630-9	1640-9	1650-9	1660-9	1670-9	1680-9	1690-9	1700-9	1710-9	1720-9	1730-9	1740-9	1750-9	1760-9	1770-9	1780-9	1790-9	1800-9	1810-9	1820-9	1830-9	1840-9	1850-60	
Dugard		
Dugglass [Douglas]	0	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5		
Dukes	0	1	2	.	4	
Dunckley	.	.	8	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Durham	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Durie	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Dutton	1	.	3		
Dye [Die]	2	3	4	5	.	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Eades	4	.	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Eaton	3	.		
Eborall [Ebrall]	.	.	8	9	1	2	3	4	5	
Eden [Edden]	0	4	5	
Edgecox	2	3	4	5	
Edgeoak	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Edges	2	.	.		
Edkins [-ens]	3	.	5	6	7	8	9	.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	.	.	.	0	.	.	4	.		
Edwards	6	7	9	.	.	0	1	2	.	4	5	
Egelston	1	.	.		
Ell	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ellie [Elly]	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ellin [-en, -ens]	1	.	3		
Elkin	5		
Elliott	5		
Ellies	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Elms	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ems [Emms, -es]	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	0	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Ethrington	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Evans	7	8	9	.	.	.	.	.	.
Evatts	.	.	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Eves	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
ffarr [ffares]	.	.	8	9	0	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Farre [Farr]	1	.	.		
Fafefold	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Falks [Faux, Fawkes]	2	3	4	5	.	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Fantom [Fantham]	0	1	2	3	5
Fardon	4	5	
ffearshon (?)	.	.	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
ffearfoxe [fferfox]	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
fehelle (?)	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Fenton	9	.	.		
ffetherston [Fetherstone]	6	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	0	.	3	4
fewster	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
field	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Field	7	.	.	.	0	.	2	3	.	.	.	.	8	.	.	0	1	2	.	4		
Filipes	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Findall	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Findon	4	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
fyndon	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Fish	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
fisher [-y]	.	.	7	8	0	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Fisher [Fishere]	5	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.		
Fitter	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

Name.	Sixteenth Century.				Seventeenth Century.							Eighteenth Century.						Nineteenth Century.												
	1561-9	1570-9	1580-9	1590-9	1600-9	1610-9	1620-9	1630-9	1640-9	1650-9	1660-9	1670-9	1680-9	1690-9	1700-9	1710-9	1720-9	1730-9	1740-9	1750-9	1760-9	1770-9	1780-9	1790-9	1800-9	1810-9	1820-9	1830-9	1840-9	1850-60
Greenway																														
Griffin													9	1									8 9					3 4		
Griffiths																						7 8								
Grimshawe	6 7 8 9				0																									
Grinnell [Grinnol]																														
Grooby																														
Grynd [-ind]																														
Gryssold [Grysolde, Grisell, Grissold (-e), Grisewold, Griswold, Grysholde, Grishold, Grizold, Greswold]	6 7 . 9				0 1 2 3 4 5 . 7 . .																							2 . . .		
Guest																														4 .
Gurley																													2 . . .	
Hackett													9																	
Hackstall													9																	
Hackster																														
Hadleton [-ddleton]																														3 . .
Hadley [-le]														0																
Haird																														
Hales [Hale]																														
Hall [-e]														0	2 3															
Hamilton, <i>alias</i> Freeman																														3 . .
Hammond																														3 4 5
Hancox [-cks]																														2 3 4 .
Hands [-es].																														2 . 4 5
Hanker																														1 2 . .
Hanson																														0 2 . 4 5
Harbin																														
Harborn [-e]																														
Harbut																														
Harcourt																														
Harcool (?)																														
Harden	6 . . .																													
Harding [-e]														0																
Hardman																														
Hardwick																														4 . .
Hares																														
Hargrave																														
Harper																														
Harris														0 1 2 3 4																0 2 3 4 5
Harrison																														
Hart [-e]	6 . . .																													
Harwood																														
Haselor [Haslor].																														
Haskins																														
Haslocke																														
Hassall																														
Hastings																														
Hathorne																														
Hatton																														
Hawkes																														
Hawkins																														

Name.	Sixteenth Century.			Seventeenth Century.						Eighteenth Century.						Nineteenth Century.													
	1561-9	1570-9	1580-9	1590-9	1600-9	1610-9	1620-9	1630-9	1640-9	1650-9	1660-9	1670-9	1680-9	1690-9	1700-9	1710-9	1720-9	1730-9	1740-9	1750-9	1760-9	1770-9	1780-9	1790-9	1800-9	1810-9	1820-9	1830-9	1840-9	1850-60
Hawkwood																				5									
Hawthorne														0															
Haycock [-acock, -aikok, -aiecock]									5 6											7 8 9				0					
Hayles [Hailes]																				6									
Haytor									5																				
Hayward				9																									
Hays [Hayes]																	3				7					1			5
Heartley																									0 1				
Heath																				5 6			9		0		3 4 5		
Heath, <i>alias</i> Swanne				8 9																									
Heaynes [Heynes, Haynes, Haines]	6		9															4				8 9				3 4 5			
Hemming [-e, -min, etc.]	6								5			9						4 5 6 7 8											
Henley										6																			
Herbert																											2	4	
Hercules [Arculus, Arkellus]																										0 1 2	4 5		
Heritage [-etage]																							9		0	2 3			
Herrison									5																				
Hextal [-ll]												9		0															
Heyward [Hayward]										4		9		0 1															
Heywood [-e] Haywood [-e]				7	0																6 7								
Hicken [-in]																										0 1 2 3	5		
Hickeson									6																				
Hickman												9																	
Hicks																									0				
Higgeson									6																				
Higgins [-ens, -gens]		7 8 9									9			2						6		9			1	3			
Hikkense								4																					
Hildick																											2 3	5	
Hill [-e]					0 1				6 7 8 9				0													0 1 2 3 4 5			
Hinckley															1														
Hinkes															1														
Hiorns																	4												
Hobby [-ie]									6 7	9																			
Hobday										7																0	2 3		
Hobley																													
Hodges				9							8 9			0 1 2													2 3 4 5		
Hodgetts																				6							3 4 5		
Hodgkins				9				3																			3	5	
Holden																					6 7								
Holding																													
Holiocke [Holyoak, etc. Twelve spellings]				8			2 3	5 6 7 8 9					0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9												0 1	3			
Hollands																													5
Holly																											2		
Holt				9																									
Holtam								3																					
Hood																													
Hopkins [-e]																													
Hopkins, <i>alias</i> Pyp		7							4 5 6 7 8					0 1 2 3 4 5							7	9						4	
Horley																											2 3		

Name.	Sixteenth Century.				Seventeenth Century.					Eighteenth Century.					Nineteenth Century.															
	1561-9	1570-9	1580-9	1590-9	1600-9	1610-9	1620-9	1630-9	1640-9	1650-9	1660-9	1670-9	1680-9	1690-9	1700-9	1710-9	1720-9	1730-9	1740-9	1750-9	1760-9	1770-9	1780-9	1790-9	1800-9	1810-9	1820-9	1830-9	1840-9	1850-60
Lucett [-e]	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Lucie	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Luckman [Luk-, Louk-]	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	0	1	.	3	.	.
Maget [-tt, Madget, -tt]	6	7	.	9	0	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Maids [-des]	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	5	6	.	8	9	.	.	1	2	3	.	
Mallery	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Malthus [Mathus]	5	6	7	8	9	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mander [Maunder, etc.]	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	8	9	0	1	2	.	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	.	4	5
Manker
Manninge	.	.	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mantell	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Manton [Maunton]	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	7	8	.	0	1	2	.	4	5
Manuel	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Maris	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Marre [Marr]	.	.	.	9	.	1	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Marriott	2	.	4	.
Marshall	5
Marston	3	4	.
Martin [-e]	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5
Mascoll	.	.	.	9	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mason [Mayson]	6	7	.	9	.	1	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Masters	8	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mathers	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mathews [Matthews]	2	3	4	5	6	.	.	9	.	0	1	2	3	.	5
Maudly
May
Maydew [-ad-, -aid-]	9	0	.	2	3	4	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mayo	.	.	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Meads [-des]	0	.	.	.	.	4
Mecock	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Meek	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Merrell [-ill]	3	.	.	6	7	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Merrick [Merik]	5	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Meryell [Meriall]	7	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Meynard [-ay-, -ai-, Meyner, Maynar]	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	.	9	.	1	.	.	.	.
Milborn [-ourn, -ourne]	0	1	2	.	4	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Miles [Milse]	3	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mildmay	5
Miller [-ar]	0	.	.	3	4	.	6	.	8	9	.	.	1	2	3	4	
Millard	5	6	7	8	.	0	.	.	.	.	.
Millington	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mills	9	.	0	1	2	.	.	5	.	.	.	.	0	1	.	.	.	.
Milord	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Milward	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Milton [Mylton]	.	.	7	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Minors [-or, -ers].	6	.	8	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mirriett	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Mitton (?)	.	.	.	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Moore [Moor]	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	9	.	.	.	.	3	.	5	
Morell [-rrel, -rrell, -rril]	5	6	.	8	9	0	.	.	3	.	.	.	.	8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Morgan	9	.	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Morlie	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

Name.	Sixteenth Century.				Seventeenth Century.				Eighteenth Century.				Nineteenth Century.																			
	1561-9	1570-9	1580-9	1590-9	1600-9	1610-9	1620-9	1630-9	1640-9	1650-9	1660-9	1670-9	1680-9	1690-9	1700-9	1710-9	1720-9	1730-9	1740-9	1750-9	1760-9	1770-9	1780-9	1790-9	1800-9	1810-9	1820-9	1830-9	1840-9	1850-60		
Morris [Morrice, Maurice, etc.]									6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5											2		4	5
Morse							3						0	1	2	3	4	5											1	2	3	4
Mortiboyes [-teboys, etc.]			9		0				5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4				
Morton										6																						
Moseley																																
Mountford [-fort, Monfort, etc.]	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	5	6		8	9																			
Mugg															2	3																
Mulless [-iss]																										0	1					
Mumford																																
Murfiye								4																								
Nash [-e]											7													9	0			3	4			
Nason															2						6		8		9			1	2			
Neal [-e]																								9	0			3	5			
Needle																												4	5			
Neville																												4	5			
Newbold			7																									5				
Newcomb													0																			
Newey																							8									
Newitt																																
Nicholls																												2	3			
Nickes [Nix]																										0						
Normicott																												3	4			
North (?)			8																													
Norton									6					1																		
Offender								4																								
Oldnall							2																									
Oliver																																
Olney			9																	5				9	0			3				
Onley								3																								
Orton																																
Osborn [-e] (?)			7				1								1													1	2			
Overs																																
Overton											8		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8							2				
Owen							2	4																								
Pace																																
Pachet [Patchet, Paget]									5																			2				
Page																																
Paiton [Payton, Peyton]									4			8	9	0	1						5				9	0			2			
Palmer [Palmar]							1	2	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5					8	9	0			2	3	
Palmer, <i>alias</i> Welche			7	8	9																											
Panaken (?)																										0						
Panckes																										0						
Papster			7																													
Pardo [-oe, -y]																																
Parke [-s]			6																													
Parker							1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			2							6						1		
Parkhouse																																
Parmon											7																					
Parsonage											8																					

Name.	Sixteenth Century.				Seventeenth Century.					Eighteenth Century.					Nineteenth Century.																
	1561-9	1570-9	1580-9	1590-9	1600-9	1610-9	1620-9	1630-9	1640-9	1650-9	1660-9	1670-9	1680-9	1690-9	1700-9	1710-9	1720-9	1730-9	1740-9	1750-9	1760-9	1770-9	1780-9	1790-9	1800-9	1810-9	1820-9	1830-9	1840-9	1850-60	
Sealy [Seely]	3	4	.	
Searle	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Seedaway	1	.	.	.	.
Sergeant [-jeant, Sar- jant, etc.]	7	8	9	.	.	0	1	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sermon	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Shakespeare [Shak- spere, Saxpor, etc. Ten spellings]	6	.	.	9	.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	.
Shatwell [Satwell]	5	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sharpe	3	.	.	
Shaw [-e]	6	7	.	9	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	.	.	.	2	3	.	5	.
Sheale	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Shelton	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Shepherd	2	3	.	
Shervington [Shirvinton]	2	3	4	5
Sherwin	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sheward	
Short [-e]	6	7	8	.	.	1	.	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Shoteswell [-ates-, etc. Seven spellings]	6	.	8	9	.	1	2	3	.	.	6	7	8	.	0	1	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Silk	2	.	4	.	.	
Simmons [-onds, -ymonds, Simanse]	.	.	.	9	.	.	.	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	3	4	5	7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Skeldon	1	.	.	.	.
Slye [Slie, Sley, Sly]	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	5	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Smalwood	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Smethyes	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Smyth [-e, Smith]	6	.	8	9	.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	
Snape	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Sneadwell [Sned-]	0	1	2	3	4	.	
Sneth	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Soden	
Soley	7	9	.	.	.	2	3	.	5	
Sorrel	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Spenser [-cer]	6	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Spire [Spiers]	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Spooner	1	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Spragg	0	1	.	.	.	5	
Spry	3	.	.	
Standley [Stanley]	2	.	.	5	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	
Staples	8	9	.	0	1	2	3	4	.	
Starram [Starham]	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Steedman	3	.	.	
Stevens [Stephens, Steavens]	2	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	
Steward	4	.	
Stokes [Stoaks]	4	5	6	.	9	
Stone	9	.	.	1	
Storer	6	
Stow	8	2	3	4	.	6	
Stratford	2	
Stubbs	6	
Sugar [Suker]	2	

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Name.	Sixteenth Century.			Seventeenth Century.						Eighteenth Century.						Nineteenth Century.																	
	1561-9	1570-9	1580-9	1590-9	1600-9	1610-9	1620-9	1630-9	1640-9	1650-9	1660-9	1670-9	1680-9	1690-9	1700-9	1710-9	1720-9	1730-9	1740-9	1750-9	1760-9	1770-9	1780-9	1790-9	1800-9	1810-9	1820-9	1830-9	1840-9	1850-60			
Vincent															1																		
Viners [Vinas]																										1	2		4	5			
Wadley																																	
Wagstaff [-e]	6																3	5								1							
Waham																										1							
Waite					1					6																							
Waitman [Weight-, Wight-]												8	9	0	1	2																	
Wakefield																										1	2	3	4	5			
Wakeley								4																		1							
Walden																																	
Walford												7																			5		
Walker	6	7																															
Walker, <i>alias</i> Wyan [or Wian]	6	7																															
Walle							3																										
Wallerie [Woollerie]	7				1																												
Wallington [Walin-]						2				6				0												1							
Walton	6	8	9			2	3	4		6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7					1		3					
Ward [-e]		7	8	9		1	2	3		5	6	7	8		0	1	2	3	4							0	1	2	3	4	5		
Wardell [-le]																											0	1	2	3	4	5	
Waringe [-einge, -eine, -ing, -in, -en, etc.]	6						3	5	6	8				0	1	2	3		5	6	7						2						
Warmington [Wor-]																																9	
Warner																																7	
Warrick						1																											
Waters [Warters].																											0	2	3		5		
Watton							3	4				8	9	0	1	2	3		5	7													
Watts		7																														3	
Watson [-tson]																											0	1	2	3		5	
Way																											0	1					
Wayle [-æle, -eale, -eal], Whale, Wele, Weall	6	7	8			1		3			6	7																				7	
Waynman	6																																
Wealde								4																									
Weaver																																	6
Webster							2																										7
Wedgburie								4																									8
Wedge [Wedger].					0																												
Weekes [Wekes, Wikes, Wykes, Wicks].								3	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3																
Welch [-e]		7	8																														5
Welche, <i>alias</i> Palmer						1																											
Welchman										6		9		0	1	2	3																
Wells												9															9	0	1		3	4	
Wendicke					0	1																											
West [-e]		7	8	9	0	1		3		5																							2
Westell								3																									
Westrapp [-rope].								3																									
Wetege										6																							
Whaley																																	1
Wharr																																	7

A SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY
OF THE LAPWORTH CHARITY

*"Whose tenours and particular effects
You have, enscheduled briefly, in your hands."*

HENRY V.

APPENDIX III

A SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE LAPWORTH CHARITY, EXTRACTED FROM THE TRUSTEES' VALUATION AND SURVEY BOOK OF 1814 (FROM SURVEY MADE IN 1811 BY EBENEZER ROBINS)

MILLBOURNE FARM.

Nos.	Names of Pieces.	Quantities.		
		a.	r.	p.
1.	Homestead	0	2	33
1a.	Fordrove	0	0	21
2.	Greensward or Barn Close	4	0	13
3.	Grass Pit Close	2	3	10
4.	Church Close	3	1	3
5.	Millbourne Hill (arable)	4	0	10
6.	Millbourne Hill (meadow)	2	0	16
7.	Millbourne or Little Meadow	1	1	14
8.	Two Acres or Piddock Close	2	2	21
9.	Yard or Barn Close	4	0	19
10.	Three Cornered Close	0	3	37
11.	Navigation Close	3	3	3
12.	Turnpike Close	3	3	19
Total		33	3	19

WARWICK ROAD.

12a.	New house occupied by a person of poverty	0	0	3
13.	House and garden	0	0	21
14.	House and garden }	0	0	27
15.	House and garden }	0	0	27
16.	House and garden }	0	1	20
17.	House and garden }	0	1	20
18.	House and garden }	0	1	20

WARWICK ROAD.

19.	Homestead	0	2	2
20.	Home Close	1	3	27
21.	Green Close	2	1	32
22.	High Park	1	2	22

IN TAPSTER LANE.

23.	Little Church Close	0	3	12
24.	Big Church Close	1	2	34
Total		9	0	9

VILLAGE AND TAPSTER LANE.

Nos.	Names of Pieces.	Quantities.		
		a.	r.	p.
24a.	House and Garden . . .	0	1	1
25.	First Close . . .	1	0	11
26.	Second Close . . .	0	3	21
27.	Third Close . . .	0	2	38
Total		2	3	31

NEAR PACKWOOD.

28.	First Close . . .	1	0	12
29.	Second Close . . .	3	2	11
30.	Third Close . . .	3	0	30
31.	Fourth Close . . .	2	3	12
Total		10	2	25

EDITOR'S NOTE.—Since this schedule was drawn up in 1814, this land (numbered 28, 29, 30, and 31 on map) has been exchanged for allotment ground on the Warwick Road, near the Pound, lettered X on map.

WARWICK ROAD.

32.	{ House and garden	. . .	0	2	5
	{ House and garden				
	{ House and garden				
	{ House and garden				
	{ House and garden				

WARWICK ROAD AND COP GREEN.

33.	Garden . . .	0	0	19
34.	Town Close . . .	2	3	12
34a.	Kendalls Close . . .	4	0	3
Total		6	3	34

EDITOR'S NOTE.—The land numbered 34a on map, together with No. 41, has been exchanged for the strip (surrounding No. 50) lettered W on map.

KINGSWOOD BROOK.

35.	House and garden	. . .	0	1	39
35a.	House and garden				
35b.	House and garden				
36.	Meadow . . .	1	0	31	
36a.	Waste . . .	0	0	30	
Total		1	1	21	

EDITOR'S NOTE.—The land numbered 35b on map, together with No. 37, has been exchanged for the Rowington Allotment, lettered V on map.

37.	Allotment . . .	0	2	10
38.	Allotment . . .	1	1	36
Total		2	0	6

EDITOR'S NOTE.—The land numbered 37 on map, together with 35b, has been exchanged for the Rowington Allotment, lettered V on map.

The land numbered 38 on map, was sold to the Birmingham and Oxford Junction Railway Company.

LAPWORTH STREET.

39.	First Close . . .	2	0	21
40.	Second Close . . .	5	0	23
Total		7	1	4

SCHEDULE OF THE CHARITY LANDS 311

COP GREEN.

Nos.	Names of Pieces.	Quantities.			
		a.	r.	p.	
41.	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="font-size: 3em; margin-right: 5px;">{</div> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">House and garden</div> </div> <div style="font-size: 3em; margin-right: 5px;">}</div> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">House and garden</div> <div style="font-size: 3em; margin-right: 5px;">}</div> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">House and garden</div> <div style="font-size: 3em; margin-right: 5px;">}</div> <div style="margin-right: 5px;">House and garden</div>
		0	2	27	
		<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>27</u>	

EDITOR'S NOTE.—This land, numbered 41 on map, together with No. 34α, has been exchanged for the strip (surrounding No. 50) lettered W on map.

TAPSTER LANE.

42.	Big Town Field	.	.	3	3	27
43.	Little Town Field	.	.	2	2	20
	Total			<u>6</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>

HOLE HOUSE LANE.

44.	Homestall	.	.	0	1	17
45.	Little Close	.	.	1	1	16
46.	Little Hill	.	.	0	1	31
47.	Over Close	.	.	3	0	3
48.	Garden Close	.	.	2	2	21
49.	Brook Meadow	.	.	1	3	22
	Total			<u>9</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>30</u>

OPPOSITE WHEAT SHEAF.

50.	Big Hullies	.	.	9	3	2
				<u>9</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>

LAPWORTH HILL.

51.	Homestall	.	.	0	1	31
52.	House Close	.	.	2	0	26
53.	Little Close or Little Meadow	.	.	1	2	29
54.	Great Close or Middle Field	.	.	3	0	9
	Total			<u>7</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>15</u>

NUTHURST.

55.	Four Lane End Close	.	.	4	1	34
56.	Big Leesons	.	.	8	3	32
57.	Little Leesons	.	.	4	0	37
58.	Forden Hill	.	.	9	3	15
59.	Forden Meadow	.	.	4	2	29
	Total			<u>32</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>27</u>

LONDON ROAD.

60.	Buildings, garden, etc.	.	.	0	1	5
61.	Meadow and orchard	.	.	4	2	33
62.	Old House Close	.	.	4	0	29
63.	Brick-kiln Close	.	.	3	1	28
64.	Gorstey Close	.	.	5	1	31
65.	Little Cold Ridding	.	.	3	3	28
66.	Big Cold Ridding	.	.	8	1	11
	Total			<u>30</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>5</u>

NEAR BEAR HOUSE.

Nos.	Names of Pieces.	Quantities.		
		a.	r.	p.
67.	Piece	2	1	36
68.	Piece	2	3	31
Total		5	1	27

CLAY FIELDS.

69.	Selions of Meadow in Clay Croft	0	1	11
70.	„ Meadow „	0	3	28
71.	„ Meadow „	0	1	17
72.	„ Meadow „	0	1	19
73.	Pasture „	0	2	35
74.	Pasture „	1	1	39
75.	Pasture „	0	1	34
76.	Pasture „	0	1	34
Total		5	0	17

EDITOR'S NOTE.—See plan opposite, and references to this land on pp. 65-6.

MILLBOURNE FARM.

(STRATFORD CANAL COMPANY AND STRATFORD AND HENLEY COAL COMPANY.)

77.	Canal, etc., through Fordrove and Barn Close	0	3	15
78.	Do., Turnpike Close	0	2	15
79.	Do., Navigation Close	0	3	30
Total		2	1	20
80.	Canal, etc., through Navigation Close	0	0	26

EDITOR'S NOTE.—These are lands which are part of the bed of the canal or form towing-path banks, in respect of which the Great Western Railway Co. (for the Stratford Canal Company) pay an annual rent.

EDITOR'S NOTE.—This is land forming a canal branch (for wharf) in respect of which Mr. John Dowdeswell pays an annual rent.

EDITOR'S NOTE.—Apart from the *exchanges* of land noted in the above schedule, the following have been *added* to the property of the Charity since this table was prepared in 1814:—

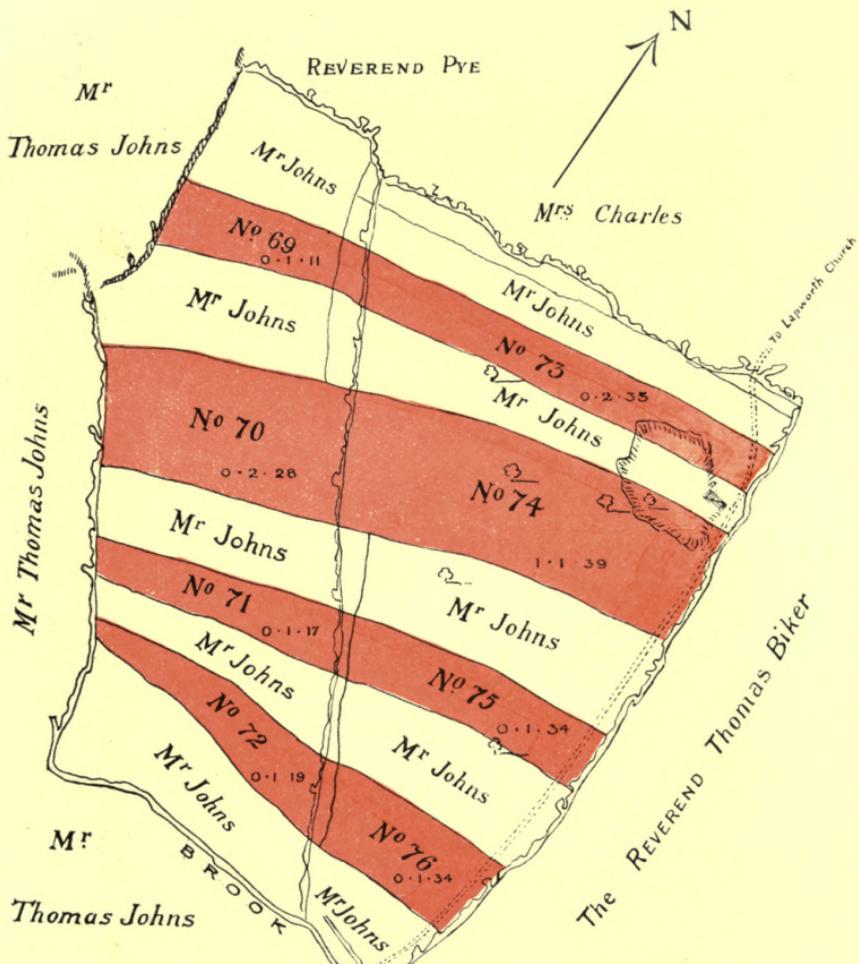
The allotment adjoining the Recreation Ground at Harboro' Banks, made over to the Charity under the Harboro' Banks Enclosure Award, marked **Y** on map.

The land adjoining the Pound Cottages on the Warwick Road, purchased in 1857, marked **Z** on map.

These additions, as well as all lands received *in exchange*, will be found noted upon the large scale map, in pocket at end of volume.

The Trustees of the Lapworth Charities also own a House and Buildings at Banbury, yielding an annual rent of £35.

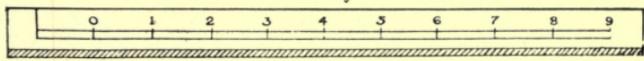
They further administer the interest on £300 received for the land at Kingswood taken by the Oxford and Birmingham Junction Railway Company, and the interest on £20 received in redemption of "Nuthurst" and "Thorneall's" Doles.



TOTAL OF CHARITY LAND
 $5 \cdot 0 \cdot 17$

Valuation 50/- Per Acre
 $\pounds 12 \cdot 15 \cdot 3$

Scale of Chains



PLAN OF LAND OF LAPWORTH CHARITY, CALLED "CLEYCROFTE"
 (OR "CLAY FIELDS")

SHEWING ANCIENT DIVISION INTO "SELIONS" [FROM SURVEY MADE IN 1814]
 (The strips coloured red were bequeathed to the parish by deed bearing date 1479)

100

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PARISH
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